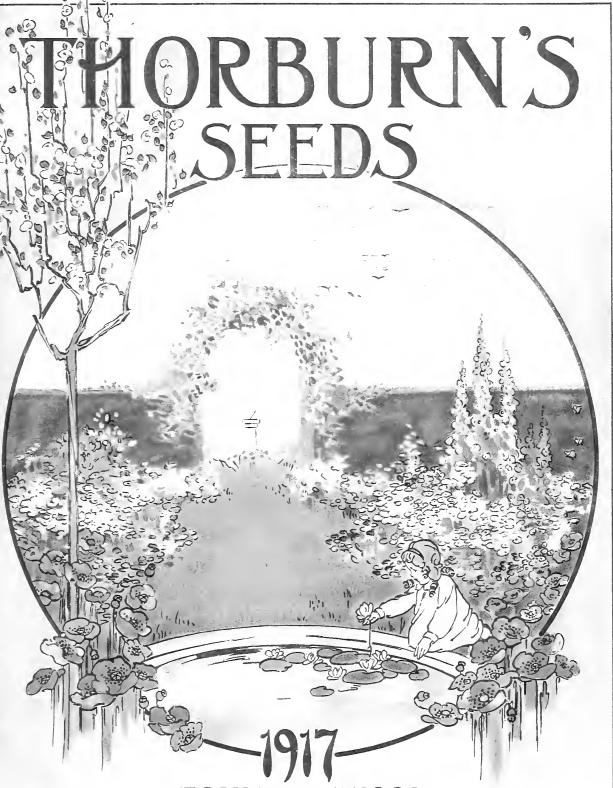
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FOUNDED IN 1802

J. M. THORBURN & CO.

53 BARCLAY STREET THROUGH TO 54 PARK PLACE

NEW YORK CITY

The Improvement of Land



HE proper preparation of land so as to insure maximum crops is a weighty problem with most farmers and gardeners, if we can judge from the number of requests that come in daily for information on this subject.

To prepare old worn-out soils that have been allowed to get into a hard, poor, weedy condition, for a Vegetable Garden, it is necessary to get the soil mellow, well enriched with decayed vegetable matter and well-rotted barnyard manure, and clear of weeds.

The ground should be plowed as early in spring as it can be worked, putting in about one ton of burnt lime to the acre. Harrow and pulverize, giving the soil a thorough working to get it as fine as possible. Sow 1½ bushels Canadian field peas and 3 bushels oats to the acre. Late in June or early in July this crop should be plowed under, applying thirty or forty loads of coarse, well-rotted barnyard manure, well worked in, and sow 2 bushels of buckwheat and rye and 20 lbs. crimson clover to the acre, or 2½ bushels cowpeas to the acre. If buckwheat, rye and clover are used, let the buckwheat die down when frost comes and plow all under early next spring—if cowpeas are sown, turn them under in September and apply a ton of unleached hardwood ashes to the acre and sow 2 bushels rye to the acre, and in spring apply another thirty or forty loads of well-rotted barnyard manure plowing under as soon as dry enough.

In place of the June or July sowing of cereals mentioned above, the oats and peas may be followed with white beans, planted in hills, cultivated both ways and hoed. In September sow rye among the beans and in spring plow all under; another half ton of lime can be used to advantage, and the cultivating and hoeing will clean out the weeds and give a cleaner garden. This soil, if thoroughly plowed and harrowed, should be mellow and rich enough to grow any kind of vegetables,

Another plan would be to plow the ground as deeply as possible in fall. Harrow and pulverize, to make it friable and easy to work. Apply as a top dressing 50 bushels air-slaked lime and sow to rye, 2 bushels to the acre. Apply thirty or forty loads of coarse barnyard manure early in spring, and plow all under about the middle of June, then sow cowpeas, 2½ bushels to the acre, and harrow or cultivate them in. About the end of September turn the cowpeas under, applying one ton of unleached hardwood ashes and again sow to rye. Next spring apply forty loads of well-rotted barnyard manure and plow all under as soon as dry enough.

In order to renovate ground used as a Vegetable Garden that has been run down, as soon as frost comes the ground should be plowed, applying a liberal quantity of sheep manure, working it well in, then sow winter rye, 2 bushels to the acre. In early spring this should be plowed well under, applying our Complete Manure at the rate of 1200 to 1500 lbs. per acrethis will give a good foundation for the new garden.

J. M. THORBURN & CO.

IN presenting this our 116th successive annual Catalogue, we have to thank our innumerable customers and friends for their patronage in the past, which we trust will continue in the future to our mutual advantage.

Our Seeds hold the record for being always Reliable. Over a century in business means something—and it does much to emphasize the reliability of our goods. The Thorburn experience—the Thorburn knowledge of what's what in seeds—the Thorburn reputation for fair dealing—these are your safeguards in buying.

Our catalogue has always received a considerable amount of study. The cultural directions and descriptions therein are concise and to the point. You can make up your order from its pages with entire confidence in the exceptional quality of the products we are offering.

We would suggest that your order be made up as soon after the receipt of this catalogue as possible. It will help us to ship promptly, and it will help you by giving you your goods just when you want them. Placing orders late sometimes makes delays unavoidable.

The difficulties and delays in obtaining supplies from our European Growers, as well as the shortage of many crops, both abroad and in our own country, make it more important than ever that orders should be placed as early as possible this year. We have the facilities for handling a vast amount of business, and your orders will receive the most prompt attention regardless of when they come.

Owing to the conditions at present prevailing in Europe, some kinds of seeds may be late in reaching us this season. It also sometimes happens that certain articles are not ready when the bulk of the goods ordered is shipped. In such cases, rather than hold back the whole order, we send what is ready and keep a memorandum of what is to follow when available. Customers would, therefore, in such cases, do well to await our advice or invoices before writing in regard to items not sent them.

If there is any information you want that is not given in this catalogue, write us about it. We will give all inquiries our careful attention.

May we have the pleasure of filling your order?

WE ASK THAT YOU READ THE NEXT PAGE BEFORE SENDING IN YOUR ORDER

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ORDERS

Orders should be written on our order sheet or on a blank sheet separate from letter, preferably in ink, and, to receive prompt attention, should be directed to the firm and not to individuals. Orders from new customers should be accompanied by a remittance in the form of a Post-Office or Express Money Order, Bank Check or Bank Bills.

PRICES

The prices quoted are net, and do NOT include free transit, EXCEPT FOR SEEDS IN PACKETS, OUNCES or QUARTER-POUNDS, on which WE pay postage or expressage anywhere in the U. S.

SEEDS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS

If wanted by mail in the United States, add postage according to zone rate, as per table at foot; except for seeds ordered by the packet, ounce or quarter pound, which we mail free. By special arrangement with the express companies, we can ship seeds and bulbs at a reduction of about 25 per cent from the regular rates. In view of the greater safety, it will be found best to send parcels of 15 lbs. or over by express, as packages are apt to get crushed in the mail. Unless otherwise instructed, we send orders from persons unknown to us C.O.D.

PARCEL-POST ZONE RATES

Within the United States

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	r fraction	fraction
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2d50 to 150 miles of N. Y. City	5c.	IC.
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Maximum weight, 50 lbs. to 1st and 2d zones, and 20 lbs. from the 3d zone upward.

Postage to Canada 12 cents per pound, or fraction thereof, maximum weight 4 lbs. 6 oz.

NAME, ADDRESS, ETC.

We beg our correspondents to give us on each order the correct name and address; also to indicate very precisely the means of carriage which they prefer—mail, express or freight, and the office or railroad station which best serves their locality. In case these directions are not followed out, or if they are not sufficient, we ourselves shall of course choose the most advantageous and convenient means.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

These apply to the climate of New York and vicinity. For more nothern and southern localities the necessary changes in time of sowing, etc., will readily suggest themselves to gardeners.

WARRANTIES

Seeds of best quality will sometimes fail through improper treatment. Thus, a small seed may be sown so deeply that the young plant cannot reach the surface. More failures result from disregard of the conditions necessary to germination than from inferiority of the seeds used.

These conditions are: A proper temperature, sufficient moisture and free access of air. Besides these, the soil must be in proper condition and present no physical obstacle to the growth of the young plant. If heavy rains have compacted the surface of the soil, and the sun has baked it to a hard crust, it will be impossible, even if all other conditions are favorable, for the seedling plants to force their way through it, and many perish from this cause alone.

Seeds differ greatly as to the temperature required for germination. Beets, Cress, Peas, etc., germinate rapidly at a temperature of 45 deg.; but if Melons and other seeds of that family, Bush or Pole Beans, and other plants of sub-tropical origin are sown under the same conditions, they will be apt to decay, as for their prompt germination they require a heat of at least 60 deg. For this reason many seeds fail yearly from too early sowing.

The second condition, proper moisture, is likely to be violated by an excess rather than by too small a portion. The proper amount is that which a welldrained soil will naturally hold.

Free access of air is all-important, and this is interfered with by an excess of water in the soil.

In germination, complex chemical changes take place in the seeds, in which the air performs an important part. A portion of the seed is consumed, carbonic acid gas being given off in changing the starch and other constituents of the seed into nutriment to forward the growth of the germ or embryo plant, which depends upon the contents of the seed until it forms roots below ground and leaves above, and is able to sustain itself.

Besides these conditions affecting the germination of the seed, the young plants, after they have made their way to the surface, are liable to various accidents; a sudden current of very cold air, or a continuous drying wind may check their growth or destroy them altogether.

In addition, there are numerous insects, both below and above ground, that may attack the plants, some of them being so small that they often destroy

a crop before they are discovered.

We may also mention the well-known tendency of many vegetables to revert to their original types, notwithstanding the care of the seed-grower; the Yellow-Podded Wax Beans becoming green, the Yellow and White Celery becoming more or less green, dwarf Peas becoming running sorts, etc.

J. M. Thorburn & Co. give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

F. W. BRUGGERHOF President

J. M. THORBURN & CO.

53 Barclay Street, through to 54 Park Place, New York

ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE COMPANY Telephone Nos. 6445 and 6446 Barclay. Private Exchange connecting all departments

Directions for the Cultivation of Vegetables

O SECURE a good crop of vegetables, three things are necessary, viz., a suitable soil, pure seed and clean culture. The exposure for a vegetable-garden should be scuth or southeast, or nearly so. The soil should be naturally rich and friable, a sandy loam being about the best. If the soil be stiff, it should be gradually mellowed by the free use of barnyard manure, or, if convenient, by the addition of sand. If wet, or inclined to hold an excess of moisture, it should be underdrained, preferably by tile, but if possible, a location should be selected naturally dry and free from surface water.

A dark-colored soil, or one supplied with a goodly portion of decayed vegetable matter, will produce the earliest crops. If the soil be shallow, it should be deepened gradually by plowing or spading an inch or two deeper each year, and not all at once by trenching or subsoiling, unless manure and money both be abundant. A sandy soil may be greatly improved by adding vegetable mold from the woods. To produce the best results, the vegetable garden should have at lease one foot of good, rich soil. The roots of large trees should not be allowed to encroach on any part of the garden, though large trees, sufficiently far off, afford a valuable protection on the north and west.

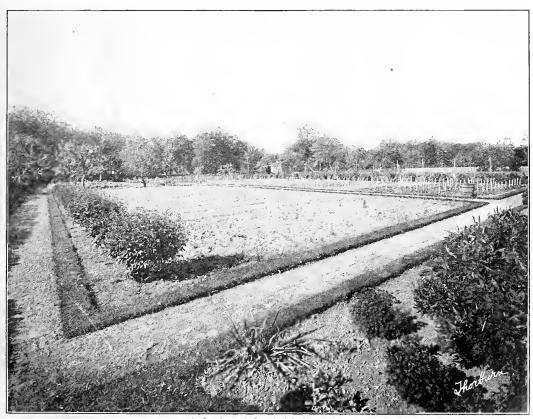
Mark the garden off into squares or beds of convenient size, to facilitate the practice of a rotation of crops, which is an important matter. As a rule, never let the same crop or kind of vegetable occupy the same bed or spot two years in succession.

Potatoes, Onions and a few other things may form exceptions to this rule. Every year the beds must be warmed up by a liberal coat of manure, which should be thoroughly mixed with the soil. From seeds sown in drills, larger crops from a given surface are grown, and cultivation is simple and comparatively easy. The space between the drills, and other special information, is given in the body of this catalogue; the least distance is named, in order to economize space; it might be increased in some cases to advantage. The ground should be frequently hoed, to kill the weeds and to keep the soil mellow; and the proper time to hoe is just when the weeds appear above the ground.

Much time may be gained by starting certain kinds of plants in a hotbed, or even in a coldframe, the latter being a convenient thing, even on a small place. The hotbed is chiefly intended for raising early Tomatoes, Eggplants, Peppers, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, etc., but as all these plants can now be bought cheaply of this company at the proper time, the expense and labor of a hotbed may be dispensed with, especially on small places.

be dispensed with, especially on small places.

To Prepare a Coldframe.—The coldframe is simply a frame set on the ground, no bottom heat being applied. It is banked up on the outside during the Winter with salt hay, straw or coarse litter. The soil is prepared by forking in and thoroughly mixing to the depth of 10 to 12 inches a liberal quantity of old, well-rotted manure. The manure of an old hotbed is good for the purpose. The frame is prepared in the Fall, and young Cabbage, Cauli-



A Section of Our Trial Grounds

flower and Lettuce plants are set out in it in time to get well established before very cold weather. Cauliflower and Cabbage should be set down to the first leaf, and the soil made firm around the plants. The seed is usually sown, in the vicinity of New York, from the 15th to the 20th of September, but the very early kinds some 8 to 10 days later. The young plants will be ready to transplant in about 25 to 30 days. During the cold nights and stormy days, the beds should be closely covered with the sashes, and these further protected by straw mats or shutters. Cauliflower needs more

and closer protection than Cabbage, as it is rather more tender. During mild days admit air freely, the object being to keep the plants in a dormant state, without actual freezing, so that when Spring comes they are in a forward state for setting out early crops. Seeds of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce and Radish may be sown in a coldframe in the Spring from the last week in February to the first week in March. The frame should stand in a warm and sheltered spot, and be kept from freezing by mats or a thick covering of straw during cold nights.

Directions for Making a Hotbed

N the vicinity of New York, from the first to the latter part of March is quite early enough to make The time must vary according to the a hotbed. latitude. Use fresh horse manure, and add to this, intrude. Use fresh norse manure, and add to this, if possible, one-third to one-half of its bulk of leaves. Mix them thoroughly, tramping down the mass in successive layers, and form into a large pile, so that fermentation will proceed.

In two or three days fermentation will be apparent

by the escape of steam from the heap. Now turn again, and allow the heap to remain until the second fermentation commences. Make a pit 2½ feet deep, and of a size suited to the number of plants required. The pit will be better if built up of brick. It should be located in a dry, sheltered spot, facing the south or east, if possible. Hotbed sashes are usually 3x6 feet, and one or two sashes will give early plants enough for a small family The frame of the bed should be 18 inches high at the back and 12 inches in front, which will give the proper slope to catch the sunlight. Crosspieces should be placed for the sashes to slide on, to facilitate opening and shutting the frames.

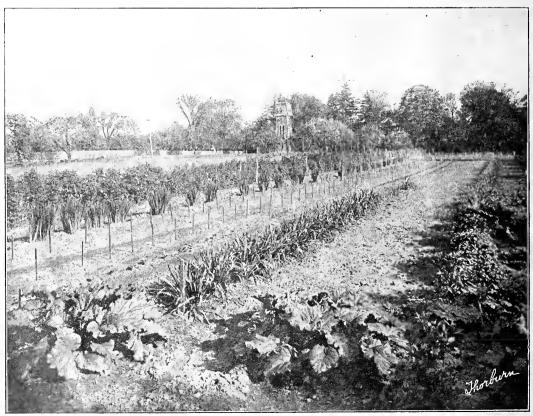
When everything is ready, the manure is placed in

the pit and trodden down firmly in layers to the required depth, 2 to 2½ feet. Then put on the sashes and keep the pit closed until the heat arises. At first it will probably be 100 deg. or more, which is too hot to sow the seed in; but in two or three days it will subside to go deg. or a little less, when the soil may be put on to the depth of 6 to 8 inches. Try the heat by plunging a thermometer into the manure.

The soil should be of well-rotted sod (or common

garden soil will do), mixed with about a third of fine old manure; and in this the seeds may be sown thinly in drills 2 to 3 inches apart, and afterward (as soon as out of the seed-leaf) either thinned out or else transplanted to another frame. Air must be given every mild day by raising the sashes at the back.

Water with tepid water whenever necessary, and during cold nights and snow storms keep covered with mats or board shutters. Tomatoes, Peppers and Egg-plants should be sown in a separate frame from Cab-bage, Cauliflower and Lettuce, as they require more heat. Hotbeds may be made on the surface of the ground, if the manure extends a foot wider on all sides than the frame.



Another Section of Our Trial Grounds

Novelties and Specialties in Vegetable Seeds

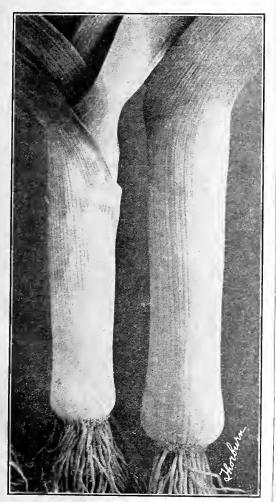
New Dwarf Green-Podded Snap Bean

Thorburn's Earliest of All, Long, Round Green Pod, Stringless. Very early, prolific and of finest quality, also a good forcer. Our trials show this to be the earliest of all, as the name we have given it indicates. ½ pt. pkt. 25 cts. No less quantity sold.

New Green-Podded Beans

Pale Dun, or Cream Color. A fine, stringless variety. ½ pt. pkt. 25c.

Dark Dun. Liver color and stringless. Pkt. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 25 cts.



Thorburn's Model Leek

Dwarf Green-Podded Bean

Masterpiece (Sutton's). The plant is a robust grower, very prolific, the pods are straight, handsome, very tender, and stringless. Early and well adapted for forcing, an exceptionally fine green, round podded variety. Pt. 50 cts., qt. 85 cts.

Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Cauliflower

Best and surest of all. Produces large, heavy, solid, white heads of finest quality. Undoubtedly the best variety. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$2.50, ½ lb. \$9.00.

Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

Thorburn's Selected_Stock

Undoubtedly the finest strain of this most popular, well-known early Cabbage in cultivation. The heads are extremely solid, pyramidal in shape, with very little outside foliage. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.00.

Extra-Early Nordheim Sweet Corn

The earliest Sweet Corn in cultivation. Produces stalks from 6 to 7 feet high, each bearing three or four nearly perfect ears of finest quality. On style of Minnesota, but far exceeding that variety in the deliciousness of its flavor, as well as in earliness and productiveness. Pt. 20 cts., qt. 30 cts., ½ pk. 85 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Golden Evergreen Sweet Corn

Late; very sweet, round grains. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$1.65.

Cucumber, Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine

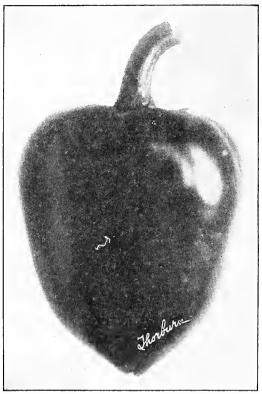
A selection of the Improved White Spine, but earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific. The best slicing variety we have seen, being solid in flesh, fine-grained, tender and of delicious flavor. Vigorous, healthy grower. A splendid sort for the home garden, and absolutely without an equal for market. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Celery, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Golden Self-Blanching

Golden Self-blanching is the variety of Celery par excellence, and we can recommend our strain with every confidence. The chief characteristics of this sort are its self-blanching qualities and the beautiful waxy yellow appearance of the stalks. It is of compact, heavy growth and produces stalks that are brittle and crisp in the extreme, and hearts that are large and solid. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. \$1.00, ½ lb. \$3.50, lb. \$12.00.

Thorburn's Model Leek

Grand exhibition variety of mild, agreeable flavor. The long, thick, pure white stems of immense size are a great improvement on other varieties. Pkt. 15 cts.



Pimiento Pepper

Thorburn's Big Boston Lettuce, Improved

Our strain of this well-known and most popular sort is without doubt the finest in existence. It is too well known to require any lengthy description. It is sufficient to say that it is equally valuable for growing in greenhouses for Winter use, in frames for Spring, or for sowing the seed in the open ground for use in Summer and Fall. It is unequaled by any other variety for crispness and tenderness; produces large, solid heads with few outside leaves, and stands long before running to seed. See illustration of a head of Big Boston Lettuce, Improved, on page 31. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Egyptian Deity Muskmelon

A new Melon of Casaba type, from South Africa, said to be very fine quality $20~{\rm cts.}$ per oz. (See page 33.)

Pea, Quite Content

A giant-podded, second early Pea, the pods mostly grow in pairs and are quite distinct from all other Peas. The pods are well filled with large, round peas of excellent flavor, very prolific, a stout, robust grower, height about 5 feet. It has been pronounced by experts to be the finest largest, second early Pea. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 50 cts.

Pepper Pimiento, dulce

The mildest of all Peppers. This new sweet Pepper has a flavor unknown to Peppers, absolutely free of the pungent flavor that so many consider undesirable. It has a thick, firm flesh which permits its being scalded and peeled; when fully ripe, the fruits are brilliant scarlet. Should be in every family garden. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Tomato "Noroton Forcing"

This new variety will be found to be valuable for the market gardener, as well as for private gardens. Color bright crimson, of uniform size, averaging about six to a pound. Solid, very prolific and of perfect form. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts., ½ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.00.

Tomato—Thorburn's Improved Early Cluster

A valuable new variety, color bright scarlet, grows in bunches like grapes, each plant producing 100 to 150 Tomatoes of excellent quality. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts., ½ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.00.

Turnip

Prince Engalitscheff

New early, scarlet, striped, yellow, flat. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., lb. \$1.25.



Thorburn's Improved Early Cluster Tomato

Flower Seed Novelties and Specialties of Merit

Aster, Hercules White

A new type of great merit. In form it is similar to the well known "Ostrich Plume," but of dwarfer habit, it is a strong grower and produces very large flowers of a refined shape, pure glistening white. Per pkt. 25 cts.

Asters, Hercules Lilac

An artistic flower of a beautiful rosy lilac shade, a decided acquisition to any garden. pkt. 25 cts.

Aster, Single Japanese (hA)

This Aster is of a branching habit, which is greatly in its favor as a cut flower, it having a fine, long stem. The central disc of the flower is encircled by a wreath of long, quilled ray petals either white or delicate rose.

White, pkt. 20 cts. Delicate Rose, pkt. 20 cts.

Alyssum Benthamii compacta lutescens

Dwarf, compact, upright growth, with yellowish flowers; useful for carpet-bedding or ribboning.

Antirrhinum nanum grandiflorum, "Mauve Beauty"

A unique color in Antirrhinums and quite a new break. The color is a lovely shade of pale clear mauve; the flowers are large and the habit of the plant all that can be desired. A welcome addition to the Nanum type. Pkt. 20 cts.

Antirrhinum, Silver Pink

New, silvery pink, splendid variety for green-house culture; semi-dwarf. Pkt. 25 cts.

Aquilegia, Veitch's Long-Spurred

A magnificent strain of many years selection, truly beautiful; mixture of Columbines, long stemmed and beautiful colors. Pkt. 40 cts.

Bellis Perennis fl. albo Giantflowered Daisy

Monstrosa alba-White flowers, 2½ to 3 inches diameter. Pkt. 25 cts.

Monstrosa rosea—Rose flowers, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches diameter. Pkt. 25 cts.

Centaurea Cyanus, Double Blue

A double flowered form of the popular old fashioned blue cornflower or bachelor's button, which it eclipses in every way, producing its large, fine double flowers on long, strong stems. Per pkt.

Centaurea moschata rosea (hA)

This new, beautiful annual Sweet Sultan is 21/2 to 3 feet high, with flowers of a very delicate rosy white, and light pink stamens and style; the flowers are about the same size as the white and purple varieties, and will make fine flowers for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

Calceolaria, Veitchii White

"A white Calceolaria for the conservatory." In many respects, this Calceolaria, is remarkable, and an extraordinary departure from the conventional color of greenhouse Calceolarias, being milk white in color. It is a true perennial, has a strong habit of growth, with healthy, strong, lance-shaped, shining, serrated foliage. It bears an abundance of bloom on first season plants, which grow to a height of about 3 feet, and are quite bushy. It is of great value for decorative work. Pkt. 50 cts.

Calceolaria, Bronze Age

This is another remarkable hybrid and differs from all others in being of deep red mahoganybronze shades, some light, others dark, ranging between crimson and bronze, softened to a warm murillo tint, while the apex or lid of the pouch in some instances is a deep yellow, free bloomer and robust constitution. Pkt. 40 cts.

New Cardinal Climber (hA)

(Ipomœa Quamoclit Hybrida)

This beautiful annual is the result of a cross between *Ipomæa coccinea* and the Cypress Vine (*Ipomæa Quamoclit*). It is one of the best introductions as regards an annual climber for many years. It is a strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of from 20 to 30 feet, and is of a branching habit. It flowers perpetually from July until frost, the foliage is deeply laciniated, and the flowers are borne in clusters of five to seven, and are of a fiery cardinal-red. It is well worth trying. Pkt. 25 cts.

Celosia Pompon

(Chinese Woolflower)

Do You Need a Gardener? At all times we have on our books the names of capable men in search of employment on private estates, farms and the like, and all persons in search are cordially invited to call upon us at any time for such men. Gardeners and Superintendents desiring positions are requested to call here, or drop us a line for application blanks.

Chrysanthemum Maximum laciniatum

White Comet Marguerite

Of remarkable beauty, quite different from all other varieties, the petals of this novelty come in light, tufty waves, partly covering the yellow center of the flower, creating a graceful, charming effect. About 40 inches high, with long, strong stems; flowers abundantly in July and August. Pkt. 50 cts.

New Cosmos

Thorburn's Extra Early Flowering Cosmos. Rose pink and shell pink, the foliage of this variety is not dense, and shows all the long, graceful stems tossing their airy, fairy blossoms in the air, making a most beautiful sight; in our trial grounds the past season this variety was in flower from June 15th until frost. Pkt. 25 cts.

Cosmos, White Lady Lenox

An exact counterpart in every particular, except as to color, of the favorite Pink Lady Lenox Cosmos. Well worth a trial by all lovers of these splendid annuals. Pkt. 25 cts.

Cosmos, Crimson Ray

The flowers while equally as large in diameter, show a new departure in form, number and shape of the petals, the petals greatly increased in number, are narrow and fluted, separated in star-like form, and of the most brilliant crimson. Pkt. 15 cts.

Crested Cosmos

Cyclamen Persicum Giganteum Marginatum "Victoria"

Of strong, vigorous growth, these Cyclamen give an abundance of flowers of most beautiful colors in great variety of shades; the quaintly formed flowers standing well above the prettily marked foliage. Pkt. 50 cts.

Dimorphotheca aurantiaca hybrida fl. pl. (hA)

Double-Flowering African Daisy, Pkt. 25 cts.

This is the double and semi-double form of the African Golden Daisy hybrids which we offered last season.

Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca Hybrida, Purplishred. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca Hybrida, Lilac, Bluish Tint. Pkt. 25 cts.

Those rare and quite new colorings are very pleasing, ranging from purplish red to purplish rose, mostly with large white center, also to orange red with claret red tips or edges, while in the bluish tints there will be found lilac selves or purplish lilac varieties tinged white or white and yellow centered. Very attractive when in full bloom.

Delphinium Pauli

A new perennial hardy Larkspur from East Africa. The plants form loosely branched bushes, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet in height, with wire-like, stiff stems and branches bearing pure white flowers, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter, with spurs of equal length; the stamens are dark violet-brown. A feature of this new Delphinium is the intense, sweet. eucharis-like scent of the flowers. Pkt. 20 cts.

Erigeron Multiradiatus Roseus

A new variety of these handsome perennials; producing on graceful, long stalks an abundance of beautiful blooms measuring about 2½ inches across; innumerable rosy-colored petals surround the golden yellow disc, giving the appearance of a small, rose-blooming Marguerite; excellent for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

Gazania Longiscapa

A magnificent annual from South Africa. Forms round bushes about 8 inches in height, with dark green foliage, and covered with large, long-stemmed flowers of a lovely golden_yellow with unique brown markings. Blooms continuously all through the season; of the easiest culture; succeeds best in a sunny location. Pkt. 25 cts.

Giant Pink Moonflower

The Giant Pink Moonflower produces a luxuriant vine. It grows very fast and dense, with thorns all over stems. The blooms are about the size of a Brazilian Morning Glory. Pkt. 10 cts.

Gloxinia Hybrida

Crassifolia Crispa "Waterloo" Black-purple

Delicate white margin, giant flowers with seven lobes. Very valuable for florists. Pkt. 50 cts.

Crassifolia Crispa "Meteor"

Undoubtedly the most beautiful of all the Crassifolia Gloxinias, deep pure white throat, tinted bluish towards the petals, which are of a bright scarlet red with white underneath. Pkt. 50 cts.

Crassifolia "Scarlet Queen"

This hybrid is of vigorous growth, with wonderful big wave-shaped flowers of true scarlet. Pkt. 50 cts.

Leucanthemum secundum giganteum

Giant Shasta Daisy (hP)

This strain has flowers which measure 4 to 5 inches across, borne on strong stems, 2 to 3 feet high; the discs of this beautiful Daisy are very small, of a deep golden yellow, surrounded with extremely long florets of snow white. Pkt. 25 cts.

Lupinus polyphyllus Moerheimii

A perennial plant that everyone should have.

This new Perennial Lupine is of rather dwarf habit, with beautiful rose-and-white flowers, and blooms continuously during the Summer. 69230. Pkt. 25 cts.

New Hybrid Lupine All are hardy herbaceous perennials.	
Lupinus Polyphyllus	
Blue Cloud. Long spikes of soft lavender blue, upper petals shaded rose\$0	Pkt. 25
Lupinus Polyphyllus Eastern Queen. Flowers blush, shaded sky blue, upper petals yellow, shot rose, very beautiful	25
Lupinus Polyphyllus	
Ophir. F'owers soft blue, with rose lilac, upper petals changing to a purple-red	25
Lupinus Polyphyllus	
Rosy Gem. Soft rose, passing to a deeper shade	25
Lupinus Polyphyllus	
The Bride. Soft primrose, shaded delicate rosy peach, pretty	25
New Early Blooming Hardy Pans This new type of pansy is valuable on accountits hardiness and earliness. If given slight rection they will be found perfectly hardy in the latitude and even further north, beginning bloom about the end of March. Flowers are valuage and have a sweet perfume. Celestial Queen. Beautiful light blue with yellow eye. Solice King. Silvery white with dark blue blotches. March Beauty. Fine dark velvety blue with yellow eye. Winter Sun. Rich golden yellow with maroon blotches.	t of pro- this to ery
Rehmannia angulata	
Pink Perfection. Splendid, half hardy, herbaceous perennial for pot culture, or outdoors in sheltered situation. When massed	

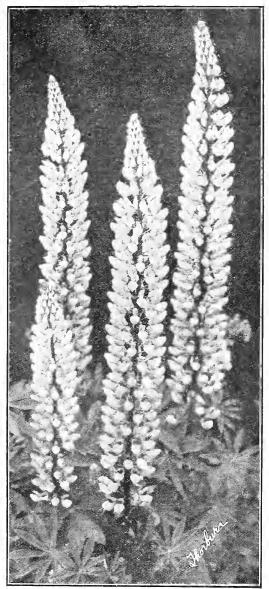
Nasturtium Lobbianum, Ivy-Leaved, "Emma Alida"

they are very beautiful. Clean, bright pink, with markings on the throat, continuous

Dark, Ivy-leaf-shaped foliage, with golden yellow and orange to deep scarlet, laciniated flowers; very lively colors. Pkt. 15 cts.

Petunia Hybrida Grandiflora Superbissima "Nana" Selected Mixture

Dwarf Petunia with a high percentage of compact large flowers; colors from dark to light and finely veined in all shades. Pkt. 50 cts.



Lupinus Polyphyllus

Polygonum Orientale

(Persicaria) (Lady's Thumb)

This old-fashioned hardy annual is suitable for backgrounds; pink or greenish purple flowers on short spikes. I to 2 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.

Primula Japonica

(The Hardy Japanese Primrose) (Veitch's)

In mixed colors. Primula japonica has, for a generation, been a favorite of those who love the miscellaneous flower border. This mixture comprises every shade of color in primulas. Pkt. 30 cts.

Virginia Poppy (hA)

Papaver Somniferum

This new, large-flowering, single Poppy produces beautiful, large, white flowers with fringed, soft pink edges. They are especially recommended for cutflowers, for they last long in vases, especially when cut in the morning before they are full blown. Pkt. 15 cts., 2 pkts. 25 cts.

Ricinus Laciniatus

Distinct new variety of Castor-Oil Bean of medium height, with light green, deeply-cut foliage, the elegantly narrow lobes being divided nearly to the stalk. The appearance of the whole plant is very graceful. Pkt. 25 cts.



Ricinus Laciniatus

Salvia Patens

(Veitch's Special Strain)

This particular strain is exceptionally hardy, and has been saved from long established hardy plants. Pkt. 30 cts.

Salvia Splendens, Ostrich-Plume

The most attractive Salvia recently introduced, of Salvia splendens type; the bush is well covered with beautiful plume, each plume being a bouquet in itself; color brightest scarlet. Pkt. 25 cts.

Stocks

Dresden Perpetual or Branching

"Princess Alice," white, profuse and perpetualblooming; double white flowers, excellent for cutting. Our strain of this is very fine. See page 123. Pkt. 25 cts.

Yarrawa Sweet Pea

This is a splendid early-flowering Spencer variety, especially valuable for Winter flowering as well as the open ground. The color is rose on first opening, changing as the flower develops to a charming combination of light pink standard and blush wings; of vigorous habit; the flowers are produced on long stiff stems. 54590. Pkt. 25 cts.

Thermopsis Caroliniana

(St. Peter's Staff)

Pretty yellow, Pea-shaped flowers, adapting itself to almost any situation, but succeeding best in a light, rich soil. They are deep rooted plants and endure drought very well. Pkt. 15 cts.

Vinca Delicata

This is the handsomest of all Vincas. Soft, delicate shade of pink in color, very desirable for rockery and shrubbery borders. The plants are quite hardy. Pkt. 15 cts.

Verbena grandiflora, "Helen Willmott"

A very pretty, bright salmon-rose, with white eye. The seed produces plants with flowers, many of which are of the true "Helen Willmott" color, with a percentage of varied shades, which are also very fine both in color and size. Pkt. 25 cts.

New Double semi-dwarf Wallflower

The plants grow 18 inches high, colors ranging from golden yellow to brown and purple. Seed saved from extra selected plants. Pkt. 25 cts.

Zinnia, Double Mammoth-Flowering (hA)

A new and distinct class of this ever-popular flower, producing large, very double blooms, from 4½ to 6 inches in diameter. We offer five distinct colors, viz.: Crimson, Flesh-color, Sulphur-Yellow, Violet and White. Each color and mixed, pkt. 15 cts. Collection of five varieties, one pkt. of each color, 60 cts.

Extract from one of the numerous unsolicited testimonials we receive:

Miller, South Dakota.

"The seeds you sent us last Spring were simply perfect, and I trust these now ordered will be as good—they could not be better.

Eighty years ago. Elizabeth Dickinson began planting Thorburn seeds. When she passed away, her daughter, Mary Bube, used Thorburn seeds, and now her daughter Levantia Bard (my wife) will have no other seeds, and our daughter Bess, is a staunch advocate of Thorburn Seeds. Four generations sticking to one brand of flower and vegetable seed is speaking pretty well for their excellence, and rather unusual I think.

[AMES E. BARD."

Collections of Vegetable Seeds

Only the choicest sorts are put into these assortments, and they are picked out so as to give a continuous supply of vegetables from your garden all season.

The amount charged for these collections is considerably less than you would pay for the individual seeds, on account of the fact that we are able to put them up during the slack Winter months.

Owing to this, we cannot permit any alterations in the varieties, and the reduced price will not be allowed unless the collection is taken in full and without change.

COLLECTION NO. A, \$1 (Including free)

This collection was gotten up primarily for rather small gardens, such as back-yard gardens and the like.

```
I pa. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod.
I "Beans, Golden Wax.
I "Beet, Egyptian.
I "Cabbage, Early Wakefield.
I "Carrot, Half-Long.
I pt. Corn, Early Bantam.
I pa. Cucumber, Imp.White Spine.
Leek, Best Flag.
I "Lettuce, Big Boston.
I "Dnion, White Globe.
I "Spinach, Viroflay.
I "Spinach, Viroflay.
I "Turnip, Snowball.
```

COLLECTION NO. 1, \$2.50 (Including free delivery)

```
Gotten up for a family of two or three persons. It is a rather complete list of varieties.
                                                                1 pt. Corn, Cory.
I pa. "Stowell's Evergreen.
I "Cucumber, Imp. White Spine.
I "Eggplant, Imp. N. Y. Purple.
I "Kohlrabi, Early White Vienna
I "Leek, Best Flag.
"Letting Pic Poetor
  pt. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod. Golden Wax.
                                                                                                                                          I pa. Onion, White Globe.
Large Red Globe.
                                                                                                                                         Large Red Globe.

" Parsley, Extra Curled.

I pt. Peas, Thor. Ex-E'y Market.
" Wrinkled, Our Select'n.

I oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip.

Scinach Viroflav.
i pa. Beet, Egyptian.
Globe.
         Cabbage, Early Wakefield.

"Red, for pickling.
1
         Carrot, Half-Long.
Cauliflower, Thor. Gilt-Edge.
Celery, White Plume.
                                                                                                                                         I pa. Spinach, Viroflay. I "Tomato, Stone.
                                                                            Lettuce, Big Boston.
                                                                       44
                                                                                              Cos or Romaine.
                                                                             Melon, Long Island Beauty.
"Water, Black Spanish.
                                                                                                                                         I oz. Turnip, Snowball.
         Corn, Early Bantam.
```

COLLECTION NO. 2, \$5 (Including free delivery)

This assortment is suitable for a family of approximately five persons.

```
I pt. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod.
I "Early Valentine.
Stringless Green-Pod.
                                                            \frac{1}{2} pt. Corn, Country Gentleman. \frac{1}{2} " Metropolitan. Stowell's Evergreen.
                                                                                                                         I oz. Parsnip, Hollow Crown.
I pt. Peas, Thor. Ex.-Er'ly Market.
I "each Peas, Two Best Wrinkled
Our Selection.
                                                            1 in Metropontan.
2 in Stowell's Evergreen.
1 oz. Cucumber, Imp.White Spine.
1 pa. Eggplant, New York Purple.
1 in Kohlrabi, Early White Vienna
   44
                     Challenger Lima.
                                                                                                                         r pa. Pepper, Chinese Giant.
co. Radish, White-tipped.
co. Scarlet Turnip.
co. Scarlet Globe.
I oz. Beet, Eclipse.
T
                 Egyptian.
Globe.
           44
   44
                                                                     Leek, Best Flag.
                                                                    Lettuce, Big Boston.

May King.
ı pa. Cabbage, Early Wakefield.
                                                            T
                                                                                                                         Salsify, Mam. Sa'wich Isl'nd 2 oz. Spinach, Viroflay.
                         Ballhead.
1
                                                                    "Cos or Romaine.
"Giant Crystal Head.

Melon, Netted Gem.
                                                               44
                          Thorburn
                                          Private
1
                            Stock Flat Dutch.
                                                                                                                         I pa. Squash, Early Bush Crook-
oz. Carrot, Half-Long.
                                                                                                                                                    neck.
St. Valery.

I pa. Cauliflower, Thor. Gilt-Edge.
                                                                                  Long Island Beauty.
                                                                                                                                                 Hubbard.
                                                                                                                         1
                                                            Long Island beauty.

"Water, Black Spanish.

I oz. Okra, Perkins' Improved.

I pa. Onion, White Globe.

Large Red Globe.
                                                                                                                            " Tomato, Early June Pink.
                                                                                                                         ī "
        Celery, Giant Pascal.
                                                                                                                                                  Stone.
  44
                      White Plume.
                                                                                                                         I oz. Turnip, Snowball
                     Fin de Siecle.
                                                                                                                                                 Golden Ball.
½ pt. Corn, Early Bantam.
                                                            I pa. Parsley, Extra Curled.
                                                                                                                                                 Thorburn Rutabaga.
```

COLLECTION NO. 3, \$10 (Including free delivery by express)

Will make an excellent garden for a farm or country estate desiring to put about one acre under cultivation for vegetables.

```
ı pt. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod.
                 Early Valentine.
ī "
           44
                 Golden Wax.
I "
           44
                 Stringless Green-Pod.
  4.4
          66
                 Challenger Lima.
2 oz. Beet, Egyptian.
I "Globe.
         " Half-Long.
  "
  pa. Brussels Sprouts, Dalkeith.
oz. Cabbage, Early Wakefield.
Thorburn Private
                       Stock Flat Dutch.
I " Carrot, Early French Forcing.
I pa. Cauliflower, Thor. Gilt-Edge.
I " Thor. Snowball.
  oz. Celery, Fin de Siecle
White Plume.
                  Golden Self-blanching
i pa.
i pt. Corn, Early Bantam.
               Cory.
               Country Gentleman.
```

```
I qt. Corn, Stowell's Evergreen.
I oz. Corn Salad, Large-seeded.
2 "Cress or Pepper Grass.
I "Cucumber, Imp. White Spine.
I pa. Eggplant, Imp. N. Y. Purple.
2 oz. Endive, Green-Curled
"Broad-leaved.
2 "Kohlrabi, Early White Vienna
I pa. Leek, Best Flag.
2 oz. Lettuce, Big Boston.
3 "May King.
Cos or Romaine.
Giant Crystal Head.
I pa. Melon, Long Island Beauty.
"Netted Gem.
"Water, Black Spanish.
Okra, Perkins' Improved.
I "Union, Yellow Danvers.
I "Large Red Globe.
I "Parsley, Extra Curled.
```

```
    2 0z. Parsnip, Hollow Crown.
    I qt. Peas, Thor. Ex.-Early Market.
    I each Peas, Three Best Wrinkled, Our Selection.

I pa. Pepper, Chinese Giant.
I oz. Radish, White-tipped.
I " " Scarlet Turnip.
I " " Scarlet Globe.
ı "
                        Chinese Winter.
2 ozs. Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich
Island.
½ lb. Spinach, Viroflay.
I oz. Squash, E'y Bush Cr'kneck.
I pa. "Hubbard.
             44
                        Boston Marrow.
T 02.
ı pa. Tomato, Early June Pink.
                         Stone.
Т
I oz. Turnip, Thorburn Rutabaga.
                       Snowball.
            64
                        Golden Ball
I pa. each Herbs, Five Varieties.
```

COLLECTION OF VEGETABLE SEEDS-Continued

COLLECTION NO. 4, \$19 (Including free delivery by express)

If your needs require quite a quantity of fresh vegetables, and you have around three acres that you wish made into a garden, you could not do better than to buy this collection. There are quite a number of private estates and farms that are now doing away with the trouble of going through lengthy lists of vegetables suitable to their needs, and are leaving the matter to our judgment. This collection represents our recommendation as to just what should be used, with the exact quantities for planting approximately three acres, and getting the most out of the land.

1	at.	Beans, Refugee Green-Pod.
I		" Early Valentine.
I	pt.	" Stringless Green-Pod.
Ι		Challenger Lima.
4	oz.	Beet, Eclipse.
4	**	" Egyptian.
i	"	" Globe.
7	4.6	" Half-Long.
ĭ	4.6	
$\frac{7}{1}$		Brussels Sprouts, Dalkeith.
$\frac{1}{2}$		Cabbage, Early Wakefield.
$\frac{1}{2}$	"	" Savoy, Early.
4 4 4 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	4.4	" Thorburn Private
-		Stock Flat Dutch.
1	"	Carrot, Early French Forcing.
4	44	
4	4.4	" Half-Long.
4		Long Orange.
+	44	Cauliflower, Thorburn Gilt-
		Edge.
Ι	pa.	" Thor. Snowball.
	-	
I	oz.	Celery, Fin de Siecle.
1		" White Plume.
$\frac{1}{2}$	"	" Golden Self-blanching.
ī	at.	Corn, Early Bantam.
ī	1,,	" Cory.
-		cory.

2 qts. Corn, Country Gentleman.
2 " Metropolitan.
2 " Stowell's Evergreen.
I oz. Cucumber, Imp. Long Green
2 " Imp. White Spine $\frac{1}{2}$ " Eggplant, Imp. N. Y. Purple. I " Endive. Green Curled.
i " Endive, Green Curled.
I " Broad-leaved.
I " Kohlrabi, EarlyWhite Vienna
I " Leek, Best Flag.
I " Lettuce, Big Boston.
I " Cos or Romaine.
I " E'y Curled Simpson.
I " Giant Crystal Head.
2 ozs. Melon, Netted Gem.
2 " Water, Black Spanish
" Olana Dadding! I
4 " Okra, Perkins' Improved.
2 " Onion, Yellow Danvers.
2 " White Globe.
2 " Long Island Beauty. 2 " Water, Black Spanish 4 " Okra, Perkins' Improved. 2 " Onion, Yellow Danvers. 2 " White Globe. 2 " Large Red Globe.
2 " Parsley, Extra Curled.
4 " Parsnip, Hollow Crown.
I qt. Peas, Thor. ExE'y Market.

	6 qts. Peas , Three Best Wrinkled. Our Selection.
	½ oz. Pepper , Chinese Giant.
	1/4 lb. Pumpkin , White Cushaw, or Jonathan.
	4 ozs. Radish, White-tipped.
	4 " " Scarlet Turnip.
	4 " " Scarlet Globe.
	4 " Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island.
	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. Spinach , New Zeal. Summer. Viroflay.
	ı oz. Squash, E'y Bush Crookneck. Hubbard.
	i " Boston Marrow.
	1/2 " Tomato, Early June Pink. 1/2 " Stone.
	i pa. " Beauty.
	2 ozs. Turnip, Snowball.
ı	2 " Golden Ball.
	2 " " Thorburn Rutabaga

I pa. each Herbs, Five varieties.

CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS (FREE BY MAIL)					
Collection of 12 varieties of Dwa	rf Annuals, 1 packet each, as follow	s93000 50 cts.			
Asters, Mixed Candytuft, Mixed Convolvulus, Dwarf, Mixed Eschscholtzia, Mixed	Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket, Mixed Marigold, Dwarf French, Mixed Mignonette Naturtium, Dwarf, Mixed	Phlox Drummondii, Mixed Portulaca, Single, Mixed Sweet Alyssum Zinnia, Dwarf, Mixed			
Collection of 12 varieties of Tall	Annuals, 1 packet each, as follows.	93020 50 cts.			
Centaurea cyanus, Mixed Clarkia, Mixed Collinsia, Mixed Cosmos, Mixed	Larkspur, Tall Rocket, Mixed Lupinus, Mixed Marigold, African, Mixed Malope, Mixed	Poppy, Mixed Scabiosa, Tall, Mixed Sunflower Zinnia, Tall, Mixed			
Collection of 24 varieties of Ann	uals, 1 packet each, all carefully sele	ected in pictorial pkts93050 \$1			
Collection of 12 varieties of Dwa	rf Perennials, 1 packet each, as follo	ows 93080 \$1			
Alsine pinifolia Alyssum saxatile compactum Arabis alpina Campanula grand. Mariesii	Candytuft gibraltarica Daisy, Double, Mixed Gypsophila Leontopodium (Edelweiss)	Lychnis Haageana Hybrids Pinks, Mixed Primrose, Yellow Snapdragon, Dwarf, Mixed			
Collection of 12 varieties of Tall	Perennials, 1 packet each, as follow	s93120 85 cts.			
Aquilegia, Mixed Centaurea candidissima Coreopsis	Foxglove Gaillardia Galega	Phlox decussata Poppy, orientale Scabiosa caucasica			

Aquiegia, Mixed
Centaurea candidissima
Coreopsis
Delphinium, Mixed

Gaillardia Galega Lupinus polyphyllus

Poppy, orientale Scabiosa caucasica Sweet William

Collection of 12 varieties of Greenhouse Seeds, 1 packet each, as follows..................93180 \$2

Asparagus plumosus nanus Begonias, Single, Tuberous-rooted Cineraria hybrida, Mixed Calceolaria hybrida, Large-flowered, Self-colored Coleus, Fine Hybrids Cyclamen giganteum, Mixed Heliotrope Primula obconica grandiflora hybrida, Mixed Musk Plant Primula chinensis fimbriata, Extrafine Mixed Smilax Stevia serrata

Collection of 12 varieties of Annuals for Bees, 1 packet each.........................93200 50 cts.

Vegetable Seeds

Please notice that we pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds ordered by the packet, ounce and quarter-pound. If larger quantities are ordered to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates.

See pages 11 and 12 of this Catalogue for COMPLETE COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS of approved and choice sorts for from \$1 to \$19, and page 12 for CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

ARTICHOKE

ARTICHAUT

Colossal Asparagus

Alcachofa

Artischocke

Sow seeds in April or May, CULTURE.—Deep, rich, sandy loam with plenty of well-rotted manure. and when plants are large enough, transplant into rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the rows. They reach When cold weather sets in, bank the earth to the top, first cutting off and tying maturity the second year. up the leaves so that they will occupy less space, and in the spring fork in a dressing of manure. Artichoke may also be treated as an annual by sowing the seed in hotbeds during February and transplanting in May. The heads should be cut off and used as they get ready. If left to ripen on the plant, they will exhaust it, and no more will be produced that season. Heads are unfit for culinary purposes after the flowers expand.

FRENCH GLOBE ARTICHOKE ROOTS. (Ready in April.) Extra large, strong roots, from selected plants,—not seedling plants, which rarely come true. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ASPARAGUS

Asperges

Esparrago

Spargel

CULTURE.—Sow the seed thinly in rows 1 foot apart in April or May (4 or 5 lbs. to the acre), and keep down all weeds. To secure strong, healthy plants, thin the seedlings to 3 or 4 inches in the rows, saving only the strongest. The one-year-old plants should be set out in spring in rich, sandy loam, dug 18 inches deep, into which has been worked plenty of well-rotted manure. If a stiff clay soil is all that can be had, add plenty of sand and sifted coal-ashes to loosen it up, and also see that it is well underdrained. In planting for private use, set out in beds 5 feet wide, three rows in a bed, the outer being each 1 foot from the edge, and allow 18 inches between the rows; set the plants from 4 to 6 inches below the surface. If set out in autumn, top-dress with 6 inches of manure. For market, on a large scale, set out 4 by $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Every fall apply a good dressing of coarse manure, after the tops have been cut, and in spring fork in. Never cut too closely. The roots need the benefit of some foliage during the year, else they will weaken and die. Slugs are easily destroyed by applying air-slaked lime or paris green. Asparagus from seed does not always come true to name.

Colossal. The approved standard sort. The famous ossal. The approved standard sort. The famous Oz. 11 lb. Lb. Argenteuil of the French is identical with it...170 \$0 10 \$0 15 \$0 40 Palmetto. Of southern origin; a very desirable, bright green Asparagus 18 Bonvalette's Giant. An improved Palmetto, said 40 10 Columbian Mammoth. Very large shoots.....200 25 10 75 Giant Argenteuil. Popular variety in France, similar to Colossal, but larger stalks 210 10 25 75

All 5 cts. per packet.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Plant either in spring or fall	50	100	1000
Colossal. 2-year-old roots	\$0 60	\$1 00	\$8 00
" 3-year-old roots	1 00	1 50	
4-year-old roots. For forcing	1 25	2 00	
Columbian Mammoth. 2-year-old roots	60	1 00	8 00
Barr's Mammoth. 2-year-old roots	60	1 00	8 00
Giant Argenteuil. 2-year-old roots	60	1 00	8 00
Palmetto. 2-year-old roots	60	1 00	8 00

In France a business is now made of growing small, green, delicate shoots of Asparagus during the winter. Strong roots may be forced in hotbeds out-of-doors. They should be packed closely into the frames, and by making a new bed every five or six weeks these tiny shoots may be had all winter and are valuable served with omelets, green peas, etc.

BEANS

As a farinaceous food for man, the Bean is considered far superior to any other legume, and next in importance to wheat. The modern varieties leave little to be desired; the great care given to their improvement

has resulted in superior sorts, greatly extending the season of use, as well as varying the flavor.

CULTURE.—About the first of May, if the ground is perfectly warm, select a warm, dry, sheltered spot, dig and manure slightly; make drills 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; drop the Beans 3 inches apart in the drills, and cover not more than 2 inches deep. Hoe well in dry weather to keep down the weeds. Sow every two weeks for a succession. One quart to 100 feet of drill; one bushel to the acre, in drills.

DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP BEANS

We supply packets of all Green-podded Snap Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid, except where quoted otherwise; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rate 1 lb. per pint, 2 lbs. per quart

Thorburn's Earliest of All. New stringless, (See Novelties). ½ Pint pkt. 25 cts. Bountiful. Extra early, very prolific and long-bearing; flat, green pods, tender

China. White, pink eye; early and bears long, flat pods......**314** 35 60 2 00 Dark Dun. Liver color; stringless. (See also Novelties)..........316 50 Dwarf Horticultural. Late and productive; broad, flat, stringless pods....320 35 60 2 00 Full Measure. Large, round pods, firm, tender, sweet and entirely stringless. Fine shipper and keeper340 35 60 2 00 Goddard, Improved (Boston Favorite). Long, flat pods; stringless; very prolific; late. Can also be used as a shell 35 60 2 00 Bean..... Green-seeded Flageolet. Used as a shell Bean when green for many exquisite French dishes, also good as a string Beans tender Bean. and of fine flavor.....370 1 50 Longfellow. Long, straight, round, solid, green pods; very early.....390 35 2.00Low's Champion. Large, flat pods, stringless; fine flavor; early.....400 35 60 2 00 Marvel of Paris. Long slender flat pods, early, very productive.....410 40 75 2 50 Mohawk. Long, flat, straight pods; early, very productive......420 Refugee Late, or 1,000-to-30 50 1 75 1. Medium to late, productive and tender; 50 1 75 round pods.... 440 30 Refugee, Thorburn Extra-Early. Has all the superior qualities of the famous Refugee, and is fully two weeks earlier in podding. Beans extra fine 50 1 75 Thorburn's Extra Early Refugee Beans and borne profusely450 30

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound

DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP BEANS-Continued

	Pt.	Qt.	12 pk.
Refugee, Stringless. Stringless at all stages of development	\$ 0 35	\$0~60	\$2 00
Six-Weeks, Long Yellow. Early; full, flat pods	35	60	$2\ 00$
Six-Weeks, Round Yellow. Full, green, roundish pods; early and productive;			
fine flavor	35	60	2 00
Stringless Green-Pod. Extra early; stringless; prolific; round pods490	35	60	$2\ 25$
Stringless Green-Pod Giant. Improved long-podded strain of above500	35	60	2 25
Masterpiece (Suttons) a superior green round-podded variety, very prolific, long,			
straight, stringless pods; very early, fine forcer. (See also Novelties)510	50	85	$3\ 25$
Valentine, Extra-Early. Round, thick, solid pods; tender; fine flavor520	30	50	1 75
Valentine, Black. Resembles the Valentine, but with black seed; long, round,			
solid pods; very tender and of good flavor; very early	30	50	1 75

ENGLISH DWARF BEANS

FEVE DE MARIAS

Große Bohnen

Culture.—Sow in drills 2 feet apart, as early in the spring as the ground can be worked (these are as hardy as peas), in order to get them into pod before the heat of summer. When in pod, break off the top of the plant to check the growth. Plant and hoe the same as for Dwarf Beans. A strong soil suits them

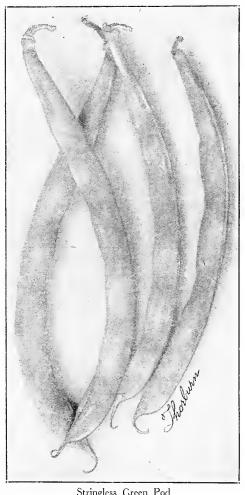
Properly cooked, these Beans form one of the most delicious vegetables. To each half gallon of water allow one heaped tablespoonful of salt. The Beans should be young and freshly gathered. After shelling, put them into boiling water, salted as above. Boil rapidly for fifteen or twenty minutes, then serve with a sauce of parsley and butter. Boiled bacon is often served with the Beans.

Broad Windsor. Largest and	Pt.	Qt.	½ pk
best of the class650	\$0 25	\$0 40	\$1 50
Mazagan. Earliest of the class 660	25	35	1 50
Sword Long Pod. A size			
smaller than Windsor 670	25	40	1.50

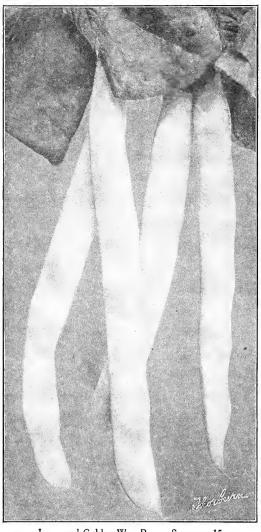
DWARF WAX BEANS

We supply packets of all Dwarf Wax Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rate 1 lb. per pint, 2 lbs. per quart

Black Wax, Improved Prolific. Very early and prolific. The pods are	Pt.	Qt.	⅓ pk.
round, full, stringless and of fine quality750	\$0. 35	\$ 0.60	82.00
Black Wax, Currie's Rust-	φU 33	ΦΟ ΟΟ	⊕2 00
proof. Flat pods; early;			
productive	35	60	2 00
Black Wax, Pencil-Pod.		00	~ 00
Slender, long, round pods. 780	35	60	2 00
Davis Kidney Wax. Long,		00	2 00
handsome, waxy white,			
flat pods790	40	70	2 25
Detroit Wax. Very much		• • •	
like Golden Wax; flat			
pods	35	69	2 00
Golden Wax, Improved.	00	00	2 00
Very early; flat pods;			
stringless; prolific800	35	60	2 00
Golden-eyed Wax. Hardy	00	00	2 00
and prolific; flat, yellow			
pods; early and free			
from rust820	30	50	1 75
Hodson Wax. Very large,	30	50	1 10
brittle and tender wax			
pods; enormously pro-			
ductive: late	30	50	1.75



Stringless Green Pod



Improved Golden Wax Bean—See page 15

DWARF WAX BEANS—Continued					
Horticultural Dwarf Wax.	Pt.	Qt.	1/2	Pk.	
On same style as the		,			
green podded varieties of the same name but					
with wax pods834	Crop f	aile	d		
Kidney Wax. (Burpee.) On	Crop .	anc	ū		
the style of Wardwell's					
Kidney Wax, but with					
longer pods, a more					
handsome appearance and stringless840 \$0	40 80	70	20	25	
Refugee Wax, Thorburn's	40 QU	10	ΨΔ	20	
Stringless. A perfect					
Refugee, with brittle,					
wax pods; for early or					
late sowing; immense	10	70	2	05	
yielder; late850	40	70	2	25	
Round Pod Kidney Wax. (Brittle Wax) similar to					
Wardwell's Kidney, but					
with round pods860	35	60	2	00	
Sure-Crop Stringless Wax.					
Stringless, long, flat	0.0		_		
pods; abundant cropper870	35	60	2	00	
Valentine Wax, Thor-					
burn's. Round pod; prolific880	35	60	2	ሰበ	
Wardwell's Kidney Wax.	00	00	-	00	
Early; long, flat, purely					
wax pods; stringless890	35	60	2	00	

DWARF LIMA AND DWARF WHITE BEANS

CULTURE.—Plant as soon as warm weather has fairly set in; soil should be light and rich; drills 2 feet apart; covering about 2 inches.

We supply packets of these Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities, NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rate 1 lb. per pint, 2 lbs. per quart

Thorburn's Dwarf Lima. (The True Kumerle

Pt.

Qt. ½ pk.

Strain.) The dwarf form				
Improved Golden Wax Bean—See page 15 of our famous Challenger Lima—the finest				
sesses the flavor of the genuine Challenger Lima. The Beans are extra large, and are a pure creamy white, very tender. They cook very mealy and form an excellent dish	\$ 0 30	\$ 0 50	\$1	7 5
Burpee's Bush Lima. A bush form of the large, flat Pole Lima, growing only 18 to 20 inches high. The Beans are borne very profusely	30	50	1	75
Burpee's Improved Bush Lima. An improved strain of Burpee's Bush Lima, having much larger pods and Beans	30	50	1	7 5
Fordhook Bush Lima. Immense pods and Beans; a strong grower and very prolific	30	50	1	75
Henderson Bush Lima, or Dwarf Sieva. Productive; Beans somewhat smaller than the others but of fine quality1040	25	45	1	50
Jackson Wonder, or Calico. Speckled	25	45	1	50
New Wonder Bush Lima. Early and productive; similar to Burpee's Bush Lima	30	50	1	7 5
Wood's Prolific Bush Lima. The Early Sieva, or Butter Bean of the South. Very productive	25	45	1	50
White Kidney. Excellent either green or ripe, as a shell Bean. 1070 "Marrow. Good either as a string or shell Bean. 1080	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	45 45		50 50



Carpinteria Pole Lima Beans

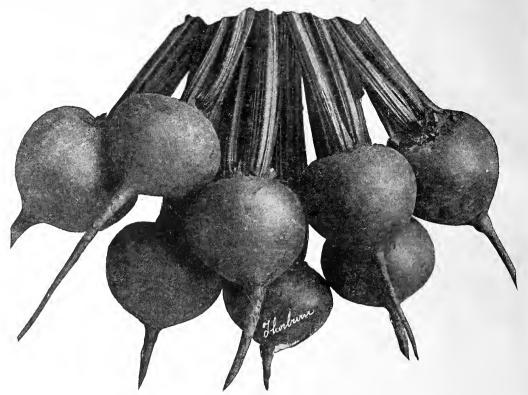
POLE, or RUNNING BEANS

HARICOTS A RAMES Frijoles de Bejuco Stangen=Bohnen

We supply packets of Pole Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rate 1 lb. per pint, 2 lbs. per quart.

Culture.—Sow as the soil becomes warm and dry, from the first part of May (for all except Limas) to the latter part of May, in hills 4 feet apart each way. Limas should not be planted until warm weather has fairly set in. One quart of Limas will plant about 100 hills, allowing four or five Beans to a hill and of the smaller sorts, about 200 hills. Poles 8 to 10 feet long should be firmly set in the hills before planting seed. in the hills before planting seed.

		Pt.	Qt.	½ pk.
	LIMA THORBURN'S CHALLENGER. Thick and productive; best of all1200	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$1 50
	Carpinteria Pole. Large; thicker than ordinary Pole Limas; vigorous grower. Very large flat beans1204	25	45	1 50
	Giant Podded. Very large Pods, immense yielder, very large Beans of fine flavor 1206	25		1 50
	Ideal Pole. Large, tender and of fine flavor; productive; like Large White Lima1210	25	45	1 50
	Early Jersey. Very early; Beans large and tender and average three to a pod	25	45	1 50
	King of the Garden. Large in pod and Bean, late1230 Leviathan. Early, very	25	45	1 50
J. Red W.	prolific and of excel- lent quality1235 Siebert's Early. Very	25	45	1 50
	early; immense yield- er; large-sized Beans, finest quality 1240	25	45	1 50
Carpinteria Pole Lima Beans	Small Sieva or Carolina. Early1250	25	45	1 50
Black German Wax. Yellow pods	<u> </u>	30	50	1 75
Dutch Case-Knife. Pods long, green and flat; can		25	45	1 50
Golden Cluster Improved Wax. Long, golden ye		30	50	1 75
Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead). Pods gre		•	00	1 10
ceedingly prolific		30	50	1 75
•		30	50	1 75
	1320	30	50	1 75
Lazy Wife Pole. Long green pods of good quality		30	50	1 75
Scarlet Runner. The popular English Pole Bean	, good for string Beans and			
ornamental		30	50	
Southern Creaseback. Long, round, stringless por flavor		25	45	1 50



Crimson Globe Beet

BEET

BETTERAVE Remolacha Salatrübe

Culture.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked (one ounce to 50 feet of drill, five or six pounds to the acre), and every two weeks after for a succession up to the first week of July. For general crop, sow about the middle of May. The soil should be light, sandy loam, well enriched with stable manure and plowed and harrowed until very fine. Sow in drills 1 foot to 15 inches apart, and when well up, thin to from 4 to 6 inches. The young Beets with their tops, pulled out of the row, are excellent used as a spinach. For this purpose, sow frequently and use when of the size of a hickory nut.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
Bassano. Early; light color; good sort	\$0 10	\$0 30 \$	§1 00
Crimson Globe. Globular shape; flesh rich, deep crimson; tender and sweet1520	15	40	1 25
Detroit Dark Red Turnip. Round; skin dark blood-red; flesh bright red1540	15	40	1 25
Dewing Early. Of fine form and flavor; good for market	10	30	1 00
Early Blood Turnip. Dark red; fine flavor; good for winter	10	30	1 00
Eclipse. Early; round; bright red	10	30	1 00
Edmand Blood Turnip. A market-gardeners' strain; regular in shape and of			
best quality	10	30	1 00
Egyptian. Extra early; flat	10	30	1 00
Egyptian, Crosby's. Extra early; round; dark blood-color	15	40	1 25
Half-Long Blood. Fine dark strain for winter	10	30	1 00
Long Smooth Blood. (Out of ground.) A good late variety for winter1620	10	30	1 00
Model Red Globe. Early and smooth; very dark red; splendid sort1635	15	40	1 25
Trevise (Columbia). Red; early; flat; tender. Fine sort for table1644	15	40	1 25
Witham Fireball. Brilliant red flesh, solid, sweet and crisp; fine quality; globe-			
shaped; very early	15	40	1 25
Swiss Chard, or Silver Beet. To be used same as spinach (see page 44)1690	15	40	1 25
Swiss Chard, or Silver Beet, Lucullus. Large leaves; tender and of fine flavor,			
dark green; pure white ribs (see page 44)	15	50	1 50
All 5 cents per packet.			

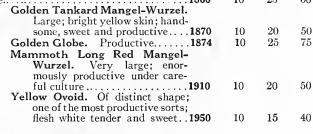
Rosenkohl

MANGEL-WURZEL AND SUGAR BEET Muntelvillen

CULTURE.—As all Mangels require a deep soil in order to grow well, plow and subsoil at least 1 foot to 18 inches and apply plenty of rich stable or Thorburn's Complete Manure. Sow in May or June, in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart, and thin to 8 inches in the rows. Young plants may be transplanted to fill up vacancies. Sow in addition, when the plants are 3 to 4 inches high, at the rate of 200 pounds of Complete Manure, 200 pounds of bone meal and 400 pounds of salt to the acre. As soon as frost occurs, dig the crop. In order to be well preserved for gradual consumption during the winter, the Roots should be heaped to a height of perhaps 6 feet, on a dry, sloping situation; cover at first with a piece of canvas, and as the cold increases, this should be replaced by about 6 inches of either salt hay, straw, seaweed or cornas talks, with a light layer of earth on top. 'As soon as this surface soil becomes frozen, about 6 to 8 inches more of earth should be placed over it. By following up this gradual process of covering, all danger of heating will be obviated, and the roots will keep in perfect order. Sow from five to eight pounds to the acre.

MANGEL-WURZEL

Giant Half-Sugar Red-skinned. Longish ovoid red skin; white flesh; crisp	Oz.	1/4 lb. Lb.
and fine	\$0 10	\$ 0 2 5 \$ 0 6 0
Giant Yellow Intermediate. Very large	10	
Golden Tankard Mangel-Wurzel.		



SUGAR BEET

	We recommend five to ten pounds to	the	ac	re.			
	·	Oz	z.	1/4	lb.		Lb.
White, Rose-Top		\$0	10	\$0	15	\$0	40

White, Green-Top......2030 10 15 40 40 10 15

BORAGE BOURRACHE Borraja Borretsch

The young leaves of this annual, which smell somewhat like a cucumber, are used as a salad, or boiled like spinach. Should be sown at intervals, as the leaves are palatable only when young. Sow in the spring, in light soil; transplant in shallow drills, a foot apart, when of six weeks growth. 240. Pkt. 5c., oz. 15c., 1/4 lb. 40c., lb. \$1.50.

BROCCOLI Broccoli Spargelfohl Broculi

CULTURE—Sow early sorts as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in shallow drills, drawn 3 or 4 inches apart. Plant out 2 feet apart each way when the plants are about 4 inches high. Cultivate the same as cabbage, in rich soil, and use the same remedies for insect attacks. The following are sorts best adapted to this climate; they are excellent and deserve much wider culture than is usual in this country.

	Uz.	7410.	LD.
Early White	\$0 30	\$0 85	\$3 00
Mammoth White	30	85	3 00
Purple Cape Early		85	3 00
Veitch's Self Protecting	30	85	3 00

10 cents per packet

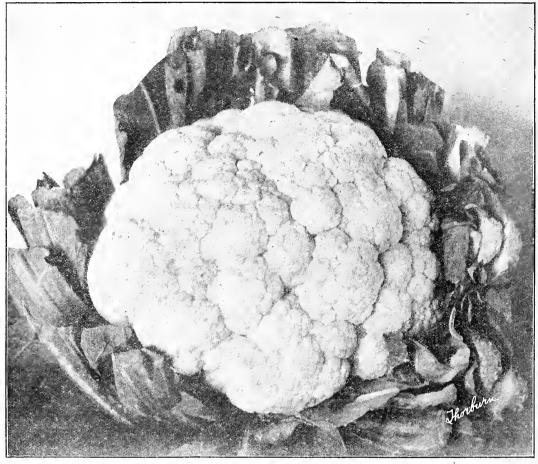
BRUSSELS SPROUTS CHOU DE BRUXELLES Berza de Brusels

CULTURE.—Sow in May, in the same manner as cauliflower, and transplant in July 1 foot apart in the rows which should be 1½ feet apart. The Brussels Sprout is, without exception, the very best winter vegetable that can be grown. Not the least valuable point connected with it is that it is as hardy as the common, curled greens. The real Sprout is not much larger than a marble, and as firm and hard almost as the stalk itself. Strip off the outer covering, cook them whole, and serve them in that fashion. When cooked through and no more, such Sprouts melt in the mouth like the tenderest cauliflower, and are equally good.

1/4 lb. Lb. Of dwarf growth, producing large, solid

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound

Brussels Sprouts



Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Cauliflower

CAULIFLOWER

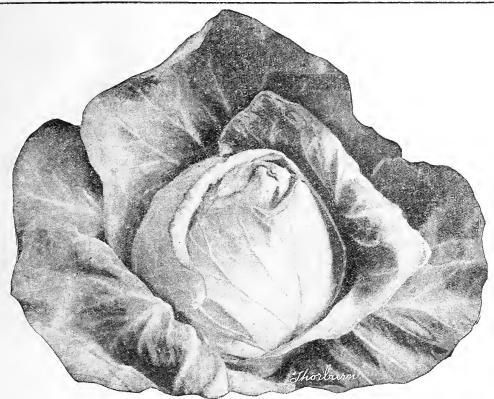
Coliflor

Blumenkohl

CHOU-FLEUR

Culture.—The same as for cabbage except that extra manure and plenty of water will pay upon Cauliflower. If the soil be dry, water frequently, and, if the plants have a heavy mulch of hay or straw, it will keep the soil moist, and they will not suffer from drought. The early kinds should be strong enough to plant out not later than the middle of April; the late kinds may be planted out the same time as cabbage.

out not later than the middle of riprin, the later kinds may be planted out the same time	ao cao.		
Thorburn's Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt. The best and earliest for forcing;	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb.
very dwarf and compact, with short stem and small leaves. The curd is			
very tender and exceedingly fine-flavored. Should not be confounded with			
entirely different sorts advertisedpkt. 50c. 2250	\$6 00		
Large Early Erfurt. (Thorburn Selection.) Justly popular with market-gar-			
deners for late croppkt. 25c 2260	2 25	\$8 00	\$30 00
THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE. Large, heavy sort, maturing immediately after			
our Large Snowball. Best of all. See Noveltiespkt. 25c 2270	2 50	9 00	34 00
Thorburn's Extra-Early Snowball. Our strain of this popular variety is un-			
equaled. It is one of the best for forcing under glass or for open ground			
pkt. 25c 2280	2 25	8 00	30 00
Thorburn's Large Early Snowball. A large strain of the abovepkt. 25c 2290		8 00	
Danish Giant, or Dry Weather. Later than Early Erfurt, pure white and of	2 20	0 00	00 00
	1 50		
fine quality said to be less affected by drought than any other variety pkt. 25c 2295	1 50	= =0	00 00
Denmark. On the style of Large Erfurt; very finepkt. 25c 2300	2 00		28 00
Lenormand Short-Stem. Has very large heads; white and firmpkt. 10c 2320	7 5	2 25	
Large Algiers. Market-gardeners popular late sort for the Southpkt. 10c 2330	75	$^{2} 25$	8 00
Thorburn's Nonpareil. A first-class standard sortpkt. 10c 2340	60	2 00	7 00
Early London. Large and hardypkt. 10c 2350	45	1 35	4 50
Autumn Giant. Vigorous in growth; very large; latepkt. 10c 2360	45		
rigorous in growth, very large, latepkt. roc about	10	_ 00	_ 00



Thorburn's Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

CABBAGE Berza de repollo

Rahl

L/ Ib

CULTURE.—Soil for Cabbage should be rich and heavy loam, with good drainage. On such a soil, with an abundance of stable or Thorburn's Complete Manure, excellent crops are sure to be grown. For early spring, sow in fall not too early, for the plants are liable to bolt in the spring, instead of heading. In a month the plants will be fit to transplant to coldframes, where they are wintered, taking care in planting to set the young plants down to the first leaves. Transplant in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, setting the plants 2 feet apart one way and from 12 to 18 inches the other, according to the variety. If it is desirable to economize space, lettuce, or radish may be sown between the rows, as they will be out of the

Снои

setting the plants 2 feet apart one way and from 12 to 18 inches the other, according to the variety. If it is desirable to economize space, lettuce, or radish may be sown between the rows, as they will be out of the way before the Cabbage needs the room. For late or winter crop, the seed is sown in May, and the plants set out in July. In this case, they are set in rows 2 by 3 feet, so as to work them with a horse and cultivator. To destroy the green worm, an experienced grower says: "Take one ounce of saltpeter and dissolve it in twelve quarts of water; then take a short-handled whisk-broom dip it in the solution and sprinkle the plants well. One application is sufficient unless the stuff is washed off by heavy rains. The liquid being perfectly clear, never colors the cauliflower or Cabbage heads." To prevent the turnip flea attacking the young plants, sift fine air-slaked lime or tobacco dust over them as soon as they appear above ground

	Uz.	74 ID	. LD.
Autumn King. Large flat heads, fine quality and good keeper for winter 2380	\$0 30	\$0 85	\$3 00
Early Etampes. A fine, extra early, small, French sort with pointed heads 2405	20	60	$^{2} 00$
Early Spring. Flat, extra-early; medium size	20		2 00
Early York. The standard English sort. Splendidpkt. 5c 2420	15		1 25
Large Early York. Larger than the above. Splendidpkt. 5c 2430	15	35	1 25
EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, THORBURN'S. The most popular early			
variety; heads very solid, pyramidal shape. See Novelties	30		$3\ 00$
Charleston Wakefield. Large strain of the above	25		$2\ 50$
Enkhuizen Glory. Large, early, white, solid, ball-shaped heads	25		$2\ 50$
Early Flat Dutch. For forcing or for general crop	25	75	$2\ 50$
Early Winnigstadt. A standard second-early variety; very hard heads. A			
valuable market Cabbagepkt. 10c 2484	25	75	2 50
Early Summer. Second-early; produces large, solid heads of finest quality and			
of fine flavor	20	60	2 00
All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			

CABBAGE—Continued

Fottler's Brunswick. Of dwarf, compact growth; hard and solid heads. Good for both intermediate and winter use	Oz. \$0 25	14 lb. \$0 75	Lb. \$2 50
popular second crop	30	85	3 00
Large Late Flat Dutch. A valuable sort for market. One of the best-known			
winter Cabbages	20	60	2 00
Thorburn Market-Gardener's Private Stock Flat Dutch. Fine strain of the			
immense winter Cabbage grown on Long Island for market. Of the finest			
quality and flavor	30	85	$3\ 00$
Danish Ballhead Winter, Short Stem. Very round, solid winter sort,			
largely grown in Denmark for the London market. A fine shipper	25	65	2 25
Red Dutch. Popular pickling variety; large heads of finest quality	25	75	2 50
Red Zenith. Very fine, dark red, solid head, medium early, finest of all 2620	30	85	3 00
Savoy, Early Ulm. Medium size, round, deep green head; very early2640	30	85	3 00
" Late Drumhead. Large, late, finely curled	20	60	2 00
Chinese (Pe-Tsai) Expected	30	85	3 00

All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

CARDOON

CARDOON

Cardo

Carbon

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, in rows where the plants are to stand, and thin them to 2 feet apart. When full size, bind them together with bast or raffia, and earth up like celery to blanch. The stems of the leaves are used for salads, soups and stews. The stems should be wintered in a cellar away from frost.

Large Solid. Smooth; grows about 4 feet high; leaves nearly free from spines Oz. 14 lb. Lb. pkt. 10c 2770 \$0 25 \$0 60 \$2 00



Chantenay Carrot

CARROT

CAROTTE

Zanahoria

Möhren

Culture.—Sow No. 2890 as early as the ground can be worked; or, for late crop, until the latter part of July, or early in August for a winter crop. This is the finest and most tender for table use. For main crop sow other sorts from middle of May to the first of July. Thin out early crop to 5 inches in the row, main crop, 6 to 7 inches, the rows 10 inches apart for early crop, 14 for main crop. Hoe often and deeply between the rows. Soil should be light and loamy, richly manured and deeply dug. Sow at the rate of two to three pounds to the acre; one ounce to 100 feet to drill. Carrot-tops cut from fairly young plants may be used for pretty indoor greenery. Put one cutting into each thumb-pot, or three or four into a larger pot around the sides. Fairly good and sandy soil should be used, syringing frequently until growth is well forward. About 1 inch of Carrot should be left to put in soil, but this should be surrounded with soil or moss to hide it. When fully grown it is very pretty, the long fronds hanging over gracefully.

Parisian Forcing, Farly Tardor and sweet fine for early and late crops and

rarisian Forcing, Early. Tender and sweet; fine for early and late crops and	Oz.	⅓ lb	Lb.	
for framespkt. 10c. 2890	\$0 25	\$0.75	\$2 50)
Oxheart Half-Short (Guerande). Very thick and short	15	50	1 50)
Scarlet Horn, Early. Very thick roots; fine for frames	15	50	1 50)
Half-Long, Stump-rooted, Nantes Strain. One of the most popular sorts. 2970	20	50	1 75	,
Chantenay, Half-Long, Stump-rooted. Style of Nantes, broader shoulder2990	15	50	1 50)
Danvers Half-Long. Large; of good quality; productive	15	50	1 50	
St. Valery. A thick, intermediate long red	15	50	1 50	1
Long Orange. Best for stock-feeding. 3040	15	50	1 50	
Long White Belgian. Very large; one of the best varieties for stock3070	10	25	75	

All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

CELERY

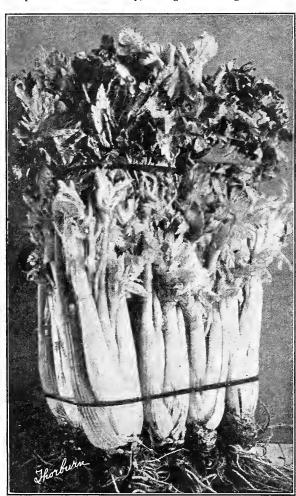
CELERI

A pios

Sellerie

CULTURE.—Sow the seed in a light, rich, dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart, and cover the seeds about a quarter of an inch deep, rolling or treading them in if the ground be dry. When fairly out of the

seed-leaf, they may be transplanted to another bed, or they may be thinned out to 6 or 8 inches apart, and let grow until wanted to plant out in beds or trenches. The beds should be kept well weeded, and an occasional soaking with water in dry weather will do the plants good. Early in July in the North, a month or six weeks later in the southern states is the proper time to set the plants out in beds or trenches. Press the soil firmly against the roots. In the garden the better way is to set the plants in shallow trenches. We say shallow for it is obviously a bad plan to remove all the good soil (as must be done in a deep trench) and put the plants in that which is poor. The plants must be set in a single row in a narrow trench; or the trench may be made into a bed wide enough to hold two, three or four rows, 1 foot apart, and the plants about 8 inches apart in the rows, and in this case the plants are in a compact form to be covered for the winter where they grow. This will save much labor where there is no root-cellar for storage, as often happens to be the case. The bed should be made very rich with thoroughly decomposed manure. The plants will need to be earthed up two or three times, and, in doing this, care should be taken not to let the earth get into the heart of the plant. In field culture, the plants are set on the surface in rows 4 feet apart when the Celery is to be earthed up in the field for early use, and 2 feet apart when the plants are to be taken up and blanched in the cellar for winter use. The plants are set 6 inches apart in rows. If not grown in beds, the best way to store is to dig trenches in a well-drained spot in the open ground, 1 foot wide, and at a depth of a few inches less than the height of the Celery. The plants are then lifted and set close together. When severe cold weather comes on, cover gradually with leaves, hay or straw, and place boards on top. The turnip-rooted Celery (Celeriac) needs no earthing up, and may be planted in rows 1 foot apart. Early spraying with bordeaux mixture is extremely efficacious in case of Celery blight or rust

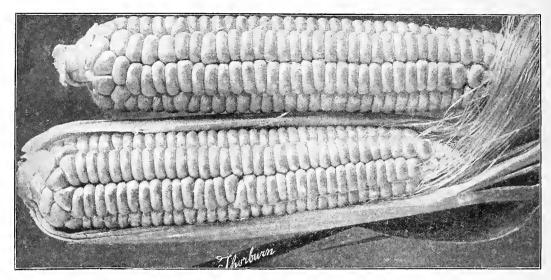


Golden Self-Blanching Celery, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge

in case of Celety Diight of Tust.			
Thorburn's Fin de Siecle. We consider this the largest, hardest, solidest, crispest	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
best-keeping and best shipping winter Celery we know of	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 50
Improved White Plume. Naturally white or light foliage; requires but little bank-			
ing up to blanch; very early and extensively grown for market3210	25	60	$^{2} 00$
GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING, THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE. Our finest strain.			
pkt. 20c. 3230	1 00	3 50	12 00
Perfection Heartwell. One of the finest and largest of winter varieties, either for			
family or market-garden. The heart is golden yellow3260	25	60	2 00
Thorburn's Schumacher. Solid and crisp; firm, golden yellow heart3270	25	60	$^{2} 00$
Giant Pascal. An easily blanched and fine-keeping, large, late sort3300	25	50	1 75
Dwarf Golden Heart. Large, solid, crisp and tender, blanching white, hardy 3305	25	60	2 00
New Rose. Fine flavor; handsome variety	25	60	$^{2} 00$
Winter Queen. Very large, solid, green, winter sort; blanches well3384	25	60	$^{2} 00$
Celeriac, Giant Prague. Very large roots, for soups and stews; when cooked and			
sliced makes fine winter salad	40	1 25	4 00
Celeriac, Erfurt. For soups and stews	40	1 25	4 00
Celeriac may be stored like beets, and will keep all winter			

All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

CORN, SWEET or SUGAR

CULTURE.—Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, and five or six kernels in a hill. Hoe often and draw soil up to the stem; break off side-shoots. Make the ground rich with well-rotted manure. If sown thinly in drills, a greater yield from a given surface will be obtained.

We supply packets of Corn at 10cts. each, postpaid; for other quantities, NOT PREPAID, add postage at the zone rate of 1 lb. per pint and 2 lbs. per quart.

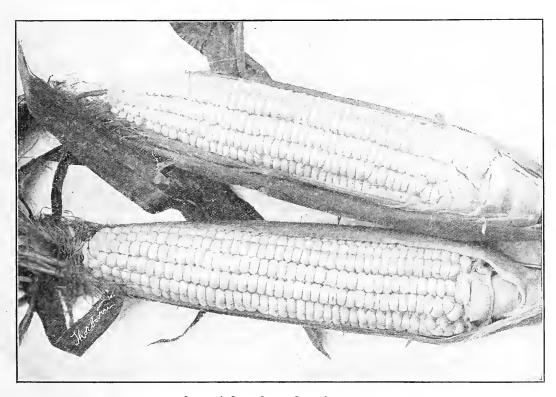
Most varieties can be furnished on ears at 5cts. each, transportation extra

EXTRA EARLY

THORBURN'S NORDHEIM EXTRA-EARLY. Earliest and finest of all. The stalks grow 6 to 7 feet high, each bearing three or four nearly perfect ears of excellent quality. The grains are large, white	Pt.	Qt.	½ pk. \$0.85	Pk.	Bus.
and very sweet	20	φυ ου 35			6 00
Early Red-Cob Cory. A very early variety with good-sized ears. Very sweet, tender and of fine flavor	20	30	85	1 50	
White Cory. Resembles the ordinary Cory, but with white cob3720	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Mammoth White Cory. Ears double the size of the old Cory, and better in flavor	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Metropolitan. Large, handsome ears of fine quality; very early. A splendid market variety	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Golden Bantam. Extra early; yellow; very sweet and tender3760	25	40	1 25	2 25	8 00
Seymour's Sweet Orange. A vigorous grower, attaining a height of 6 to 7 feet, and producing generally two good-sized ears to a stalk. It matures about a week later than Golden Bantam and is fully equal to it in the deliciousness of its flavor	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Peep-o'-Day. Very early, sweet and of delicate flavor3780	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Minnesota. Nearly as early as Cory, but with larger ears3790	15	25	75	1 30	4 50
Perry Hybrid. Early and large; valuable for market3800	15	25	7 5	1 30	4 50
Kendel's Giant. Very early for so large-eared a variety; sweet and tender	20	30	85	1 50	5 00
Extra-Early Adams. Not a Sugar Corn but grown for early use. Tender and sweet; fine for the table	15	25	75	1 25	4 00
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the pac	ket, out	nce or g	luarter-	pound	

SECOND-EARLY, or INTERMEDIATE

OLCOND LANGE, OF INTERMED	mir				
Thorburn's Early White Perfection. A valuable second-early sort, producing good-sized ears. The cob is small and the grain is almost					
white. It is a heavy yielder, very sweet and an almost perfect type	Pt.	Qt.	½ pk.	Pk.	Bus.
without flint or glaze	\$0 20 \$	50 30	\$0 85	\$1 50	\$5 00
Early Champion. Very large ears, considering its earliness3910	15	25	$\frac{75}{2}$	1 30	4 50
Early Mammoth. Large ears; fine quality; not very late3930	15	25	75	1 30	4 50
Crosby. Matures after Minnesota; fair sized ears of good quality .3940	15	25	75	1 30	4 50
Howling Mob. An early corn of large size, white and sweet3944	20	35	1 00	1 75	6 50
Long Island Beauty. Very early; large size; valuable market sort.	15	25	75	1 30	4 50
Potter Excelsior. Good-sized ears of fine quality	15 15	$\frac{25}{25}$	75	$\frac{1}{1}\frac{30}{30}$	$\frac{4}{4} \frac{50}{50}$
Moore Concord. Of strong growth; ears large and well filled3960	15	$\frac{25}{25}$	75	1 30	$\frac{4}{4} \frac{50}{50}$
Early Evergreen. A week earlier than Stowell Evergreen390	$\frac{10}{20}$	35	1 00	1 75	6 50
Early Adams. Grown extensively for market	$\frac{20}{20}$	30	85	1 50	5 00
Zaniy induition of one excellencity for indirect	20	00	00	1 00	0 00
GENERAL CROP					
Hickox Improved. Handsome ears; very white and of rich flavor.					
4020	15	25	75	1 30	$4 \ 50$
Stowell Evergreen. One of the most popular varieties4040	25	45	1 50	$2\ 50$	9 00
Golden Evergreen. Late; very sweet, round grains	30	50	$1^{\circ}65$	300	
White Evergreen. Strain of Evergreen with pure white grains4060	25	40	1 25	$2\ 00$	7 00
LATE SWEET CORN					
Black Mexican. Very sweet, of superior flavor; grains black4100	20	35	1 00	1.75	6 00
Late Mammoth. Rank in growth; large ears, rich and sweet4120	20	35	1 00	1 75	6 00
Country Gentleman. A large selection of the Ne Plus Ultra, intro-					
duced by us in 1888	30	50	175	3 00	
Ne Plus Ultra. Small, but one of the sweetest sorts4150	25	4 0	1 25	$2\ 00$	7 00
SWEET FODDER CORN4180			75	$1 \ 25$	$4\ 00$
FOR FIELD CORN AND POP CORN. SEE.	PAGE	63			



Seymour's Sweet Orange Corn—See page 24



Witloof Chicory

CHERVIL

CERFEUIL Perifollo Benfenlauch

CULTURE.—Cultivate and use the curled variety of chervil like parsley. Sow at any time in the spring in shallow drills, 1 foot apart, in well-prepared ground.

Curled. Leaves used 1/4 lb. Lb. for flavoring soups and stews and for garnish-

ing...pkt. 5c. **4240** \$0 15 \$0 40 \$1 25 **Plain.** Like above,

but' not curled. Pkt. 5c. 4250 40 1 25

CHICORY

Witloof. Known Pkt. 1/4 lb. Lb. in restaurants as French Endive. Sown in May and June in drills. Transplant or thin to 6 ins.; treat as endive, except that in late summer fall it should

be gradually banked up like celery. The stalks when blanched, make a delicious salad. It is also used by the French as a boiled vegetable . 4310 Witloof Striped. Leaves large and fleshy, striped red, rose and yellow . 4315 WITLOOF ROOTS. For forcing and blanching. Largely used for salad, and also as a cooked vegetable. The roots may be forced in a dark dry cellar on a mild hotbed made with fresh horse-manure; when this becomes hot cover with a layer of rich light soil to a doubth of one feet. As soon as the 15 50 1 25 4 00

hot cover with a layer of rich, light soil to a depth of one foot. As soon as the soil becomes warm plant the roots close together in rows, all crowns at same level, each row 6 inches apart. Cover with 8 inches of very light soil. There are also systems of hot water pipes used in place of manure for forcing this vegetable. Per 100 \$3.50, per 50 \$2.00, per 20 \$1.00.

SEE ALSO, ENDIVE, THE CHICORY OF THE FRENCH, PAGE 28

COLLARDS

CORN SALAD, or FETTICUS

Macha o Valerianilla Stechfalat

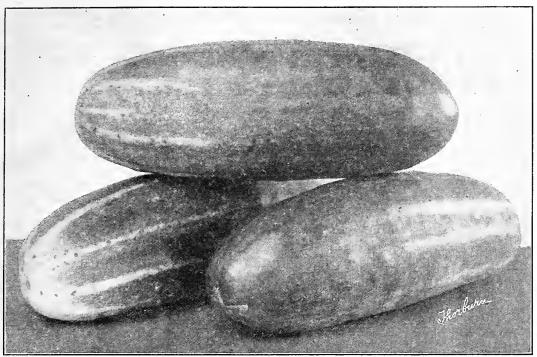
CULTURE.—Sow during August or early in September, in drills one-fourth of an inch deep and 6 inches apart. If the weather is dry when the seed is sown, tread it lightly to insure germination. Keep weeds

CRESS

Bara o Mastuerzo

CULTURE.—Sow No. 4520 thickly in shallow drills, every two or three weeks. It should be cut often and it will continue to grow. It is useful not only for salad, but for the breakfast table and for garnishing. Nos. 4550 and 4570 should be sown in damp soil; or, if a stream of water can be utilized, they will be much finer. They will also thrive well in damp hotbeds. Rightly managed, their culture is very profitable. To obtain early salad, it is a good plan to sow with Water Cress seed a strip 4 inches wide on the outer margin of a hotbed, inside the frame, where it is always cool.

All on this page 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise



Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine Cucumber

CUCUMBER

CONCOMBRE

Pepino

Gurfe

Culture.—For very early, sow in hotbeds upon pieces of sod, or in small pots. They can be readily transplanted with a gain of about six weeks over those sown in the open ground. Plant out in rich soil when danger of frost is over, or protect by hand-glasses, or by paper held down at the corners with a handful of earth. For general crop, sow in the open ground as soon as the weather is settled and warm, and every two weeks for a succession. For pickles, sow from middle of June to first week in July. Sod land, turned over in fall, is the best for them. Plant in hills 4 feet apart, putting a shovelful of well-rotted manure in each hill.

each niii.			
Davis Perfect. Fine for forcing or for outdoors. The fruit is long and straight, and	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
being a comparatively shy seeder, is very valuable for slicing	\$0 10	\$ 0 20	\$0 75
Early Green Cluster. Fruit small and in clusters; very prolific	10	25	75
Early Russian. Very early, short; fine for pickles	10	$\overline{25}$	75
Giant Pera. Very long; one of the best for table use	15	35	1 25
Fordhook Pickling. Very prolific; medium size; fine pickling strain	10	30	$\bar{1} = 00$
Thorburn Everbearing. Small-sized; very early and enormously productive;			
valuable as a green pickler	10	30	1 00
Cool and Crisp. Extra early and very prolific; long, straight, slender and very			
dark green; good either for pickling or slicing	10	25	85
Fordhook Famous. Long, straight and well formed; vigorous grower, very pro-			
ductive; does not turn yellow	10	30	1 00
New Orleans Market. For forcing or open ground; very productive4860	10	25	85
White Spine Extra-Early. An extra-early strain of the popular White Spine4864	10	30	1 00
" Improved. A very handsome and uniform early variety4870	10	30	1 00
" Arlington. Fine either for forcing or for outdoors	10	30	1 00
" Klondyke. A desirable early dark green variety; very prolific4885	10	30	1 00
" " Hills Forcing	15	35	$1 \ 25$
" "THORBURN'S NOROTON SELECTED. A selection of Improved			
White Spine. Earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific;			
best slicing variety; splendid either for home garden or market.			
pkt. 10c. 4890	15	35	$1 \ 25$
" Extra-Long, Perfected. A beautiful, large and well-shaped Cu-			
cumber	10	30	1 00
" " Evergreen. Very Early; prolific	15	35	$1 \ 25$
All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise			

CUCUMBER—Continued

	Oz.	1/4 lb. Lb	١.
Long Green, Improved. Long and Crisp; a popular variety for pickles 4920	\$0 15	\$0 30 \$1 (00
" Turkey. Fruit very long and slimpkt. 5c.4930			
Green Prolific Pickling. One of the best for pickling; dark green4940	15	30 1 (00
Tailby Hybrid. Very long, and superior for table use	15	30 1 (00
Japan Climbing. Good for frames or open ground	15	30 1 (00
Small Cherkin. Very small bur; used for pickles pkt. 10c. 4980	20	40 1	50
Lemon Cucumber, or Garden Lemon. Almost round, yellow and green mark-			
ings; tender and of sweet flavor. Like a lemon in appearancepkt. 10c.4990	20	40 1	50
433			

All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

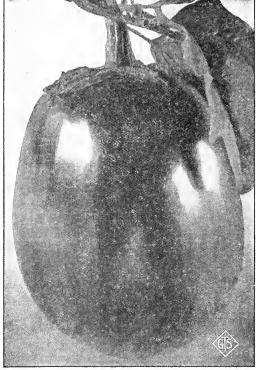
ENGLISH CUCUMBER FOR FRAMES (Concombre especes Anglaises pour couches)
CULTURE.—Sow seeds in October, November or December, according to the time they are wanted, in small pots, in fibrous loam, lightened and enriched with old manure; give plenty of air and water. Plunge the pots in a frame near the glass, where there is a little bottom heat, and keep them covered with brown paper until the seeds germinate. Afterward uncover and ventilate to insure sturdiness of habit. Only strong plants should be employed. It is necessary to fertilize the pistulate flowers with the staminate to render the vines productive as, owing to the absence of flies or bees, they will not produce a crop under glass

as in open ground. Pkt. Hurst's Monarch. Splendid sort.....5096 \$0 25 Rochford's Market. Fine variety... 5120 \$0 25 Telegraph. Free-bearing: handsome. 5130 25 Lockie's Perfection. Fine Color.....5100 Telegraph. Free-bearing; handsome. 5130 25 Veitch's Sensation. Fine dark variety 5160 25 Marvel. (Hurst's.) Heavy cropper....5110

> ENDIVE, or CHICORY CHICOREE Escarola o Endivia Endivie

CULTURE.—Sow in June, July and August; cover lightly; when up, thin out to 8 inches apart and water well, if dry. When the leaves are 6 to 8 inches long, blanch by tying together near the top with yarn or raffia. (They must be quite dry, or they will rot.) At the approach of winter, take up carefully, with a ball of earth to each plant, and place close together in frame or cellar. They must be kept dry and have plenty of air.

Green Curled Winter. Standard sort for fall and winter crop.....pkt. 5c....5210 \$0 10 \$0 35 \$1 25 Large Green Curled (de Ruffec). Broad ribs; fine for fall and winterpkt. 5c....5220 10 35 1 25 Large Green Curled (de Ruffec). Broad ribs; fine for fall and winterpkt. 5c....5220 "Curled (Pancalier). Fine, very large.....pkt. 5c...5225
Giant Fringed or Oyster. New, has a large white heart....pkt. 5c...5225 10 3510 35 1 25 35



Improved New York Spineless Eggplant

EGGPLANT

AUBERGINE Berengena Gierpflanze

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbeds very early in spring and transplant when 2 inches high into a second bed or into small pots. If this is not done, thin to 4 inches apart. Do not plant out until weather is perfectly settled and warm. Cool nights or wet weather will check them. Keep some back in frames for a second planting, in case of weather changing unexpectedly. Set out plants 3 feet by 2.

Improved New York Spine-1/4 lb. less. The standard; largest and best; oval; deep purple; early and productive. 5310 \$0 50 \$1 50

BLACK BEAUTY. As large as the NewYork Improved but about ten days earlier; very rich purplish black...5320 50 1 50

Early Dwarf Purple. very early; small, ovoid 30 85 3 00

Florida High Bush. Purple, though not so deep as the New York Spineless, which it resembles in shape. Productive, vigorous and can stand more cold than that

Long Purple. Of distinct shape and fine quality5350 351 00 3 50

35

1 00

3 50

All 10 cts. per packet

FENNEL, FLORENCE or NAPLES

FENOUIL DE FLORENCE

Finocchio di Napoli

CULTURE.—Sow in spring, in rows 16 to 20 inches apart. Thin out so as to have the seedlings 5 or 6 inches apart and water as plentifully as possible. The plant is usually eaten boiled. In flavor it resembles celery, but has a sweet taste and a more delicate odor Pkt 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. \$1.00.

SEE ALSO HERBS

KALE or BORECOLE

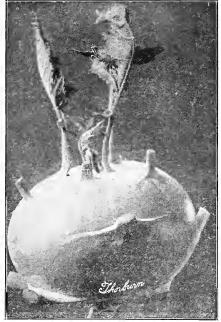
CHOU VERT FRISE

CULTURE.—Nos. 5600 and 5610 are cultivated and grown exactly like cabbage. Sow No. 5600 in August and September for early greens. Sow 5700 early in the spring in hotbed and when 1 or 2 inches high transplant into a bed or border that has been highly manured and deeply dug.

Curled Dwarf Green Scotch. spreading; best strain; largely Very dwarf Oz 1/4 lb. grown in the South, being sown in August and **5600** \$0 10 \$0 30 \$1 00

5610 10 30 1 00 Curled Siberian Thorburn Improved. Green, 5630 10 20 65

curled; hardy Emerald Isle. Very fine.... 5635 15 50 1 50 Thousand-headed. Forcattle 5640 10 20 65 Jersey Winter Kale, or Cow Cabbage. For feeding cattle; very hardy......5650 \$0 10 \$0 20 \$0 65



Early White Vienna Kohlrabi

KOHLRABI CHOU-RAVE

Colinabo

CULTURE.—Sow in spring, in rows 18 inches apart, afterward thinning the plants to 8 to 10 inches. If the weather is suitable the thinnings may be planted, but it is considered difficult to transplant. Keep the weeds down, and when the thickened stems above ground are 2 or 3 inches through they are fit to eat, and should be used at once, being tough when old. Cook same as turnips.

Early White. Handsome; very delicate in flavor, whiteball Early White Vienna. Fine

5800 \$0 25 \$0 **7**5 \$2 50 every way. For frames...pkt. 10c..

5810

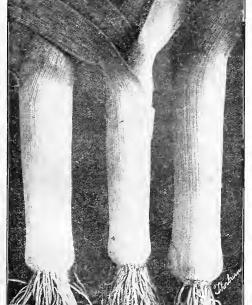
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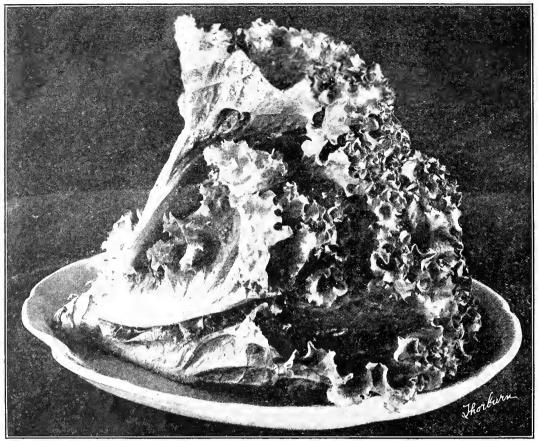
Poireau Puerro Porre, oder Lauch CULTURE.—Sow very early in spring in drills 6 inches apart and 1 inch deep. One ounce to 100 feet of drill. Thin out to 1 inch. When about 7 inches high, transplant in rows 12 inches apart, as deep as possible, but do not cover the young center leaves. Water thoroughly if dry when planted out. Draw earth up to them as they grow; rich soil is required. Take up and store in earth in a cool cellar before winter weather. The seeds may also be sown in September, and the young plants transplanted in spring to

where they are to remain.
THORBURN'S BEST LARGE FLAG. Hardy and productive. **5910** \$0 15 \$0 50 \$1 50 Large Carentan. Distinct and dark-colored leaves; stout in habit and hardy 5940 15 1 50 Musselburgh. Similar to above..... Prizetaker. Very large.. 5950 5960 20 All 5 cents per packet except where quoted

otherwise



Thorburn's Best Large Flag Leek



Grand Rapids Forcing Lettuce

LETTUCE LAITUE

E Lechuga

Salat

Culture.—Sow 6030, 6120, 6230, 6340 and 6350 in hotbeds in March, and these as well as all the other varieties, in the open ground as soon as it can be worked, and transplant to rows 8 inches apart. Sow in two weeks' time again for a succession; also Cos sorts. Latter part of August, sow any of the varieties. In October some of these may be planted in frames, to head in winter and early spring. Always sow thinly and thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. The last spring sowing had better be grown where sown, being thinned out to 6 to 8 inches apart. Cos Lettuce may be sown in a hotbed early in the year, and transplanted to a coldframe, so as to have good plants to set out at the opening of the ground. Lettuce requires good ground, enriched with thoroughly rotted manure, and well pulverized. The after culture should be close and careful, to secure the best results. Lettuce seldom, if ever, heads well in hot weather.

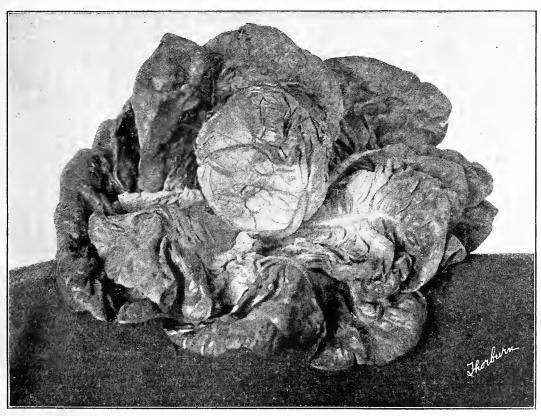
20. 21. Stands for white-seeded by a stands for black-seeded.

Oz. 24 lb. Lb.

w. s. stands for white-seeded b. s. stands for black-seeded	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb.
American Gathering. Twisted and curled leaves, fine early or late. w. s6020	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0.80
THORBURN'S BIG BOSTON IMPROVED. Fine for forcing in coldframes or			
for open ground. See Novelties w. s	15	35	$1 \ 25$
Buttercup. Yellow, solid, small heads; for forcing or outdoors. w. s	15	35	$1 \ 25$
California Cream Butter. Very large, solid heads inside very white. b. s 6050	15	30	1 00
Crisp as Ice. Very large and solid, dark red Lettuce, crisp and tender; resists			
heat well	15	35	1 25
Deacon. Large solid Summer Cabbage variety	15	35	$1 \ 25$
Denver Market. Very curly heads; good for forcing or outdoors. w. s6080	15	30	1 00
Giant Crystal Head. A splendid cabbage Lettuce; large, solid; outside leaves			
bright green, inside crystal-white; yellow heart; crisp, tender. w. s	15	30	1 00
Giant Glacier. Immense heads of finest quality crisp and tender6115	15	35	$1 \ 25$
Grand Rapids Forcing. Large, tender; one of the best for forcing, b. s6120	15	30	1 00
Hanson Improved. Very large and solid; tender and of fine quality; withstands			
the hot sun well. w . s	15	30	1 00
Hubbard Market. A large cabbage variety, with crisp, tender leaves; for forcing			
or open ground. w. s	15	35	1 25
Iceberg. Large, solid, curled heads; yellow heart, crisp and tender	15	35	1 25
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			

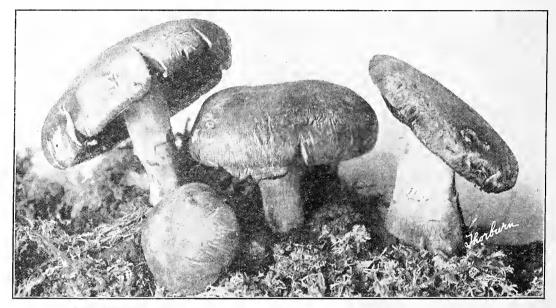
LETTUCE—Continued

Mammoth Black-seeded Butter, Thorburn. A selected strain; large, solid, yellow heads. Favorite variety of New York market-gardeners6200		⅓ 1b. \$0 35	
Market-Gardener's Private Stock, Thorburn. A selected strain; solid, large heads, resisting the sun for a long time before shooting. b. s	15	35	1 25
Maximum, Thorburn. The largest and best; solid; crisp; leaves tender and particularly fine in flavor. b. s	15	40	1 50
May King. Large, round, solid heads. w. s	15	35	1 25
Mignonette. Distinct russet colored; very solid and compact. b. s6240	15	35	1 25
The Morse. A large non-heading variety, leaves crisp and of fine flavor 6245	15	35	1 25
New York Cabbage. Large, solid heads; inside very white. w. s	15	35	1 25
New Orchid. The famous Orchid Salad, used in many of the highest-class restaurants; should be cut as the orchid center develops; that is, when the plants have	15	25	1 25
attained about one-quarter of their full growth. w. s			
Oak Leaf. A curled-leaf variety of bright green color. w. s	15	35	1 25
Passion. A medium-sized cabbage variety, with tender, crisp and fine-flavored leaves popular in the South. b. s	15	35	1 25
Philadelphia Dutch Speckled Butter. Small, compact heads good for frames or open ground	15	35	1 25
Salamander Improved. Fine, compact heads; tender; quality of the best; resists summer heat. b. s	15	35	1 25
Shotwell Brownhead. Large, handsome, tender heads, crisp, and of fine flavor; very hardy. b. s	15	40	1 50
Simpson Early Curled. A leading early sort; very tender. w. s6320	15	35	1 25
Simpson Black Seed. A superior variety; large, and of light color, tender and crisp. b. s	15	35	1 25
Tennisball White Seed. (Boston Market). A well-known forcer; larger heads; crisp and tender. w. s	15	35	1 25
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			



Thorburn's Big Boston Improved Lettuce

LETTUCE—Continued			
Tennisball Black Seed. Forms close, hard heads, leaves very crisp and tender; for	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
forcing. b. s	\$0 15	\$0 35	\$1 25
Trocadero. Hardy; for spring or summer; green, tinged russet; very tender, crisp and fine-flavored. w. s	15	40	1 50
Wayahead. Handsome large heads of finest quality. Fine for all seasons frames or	10	40	1 30
open	15	40	1 50
White Summer Cabbage. Close heads of good size; fine for summer. w.s 6390	15	35	1 25
Yellow Seeded Butter. Large heads of fine quality, crisp, tender leaves 6410	15	35	1 25
ROMAINE, or COS LETTUCE			
Bath Cos., Black-seeded. Pale green leaves, slightly tinged with brown. Early			
and productive and of fine flavor. $b.s.$	15	40	1 50
White Paris Cos. Of upright growth; fine. w. s	15	40	1 50
	10	10	
Giant White Cos	15	40	1 50
Trianon Cos. Resists heat well. w. s. 6460	15 15	40 40	1 50
Giant White Cos. 6455 Trianon Cos. Resists heat well. w. s. 6460 Balloon Cos. Fine sort. b. s. 6480	15 15 15	40 40 40	1 50 1 50
Trianon Cos. Resists heat well. w. s. 6460	15 15 15	40 40	1 50



MUSHROOM SPAWN BLANC DE CHAMPIGNON Seta Champignonbrut

Culture.—Mushrooms may be grown in cellars, under benches of greenhouses, or in sheds, wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. The beds should be made from November to February, according to the time the Mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh horse manure, free from straw and litter, and mix an equal bulk of loam from an old pasture with it. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day to prevent heating, until the pile is large enough to make a bed the required size. Three to 4 feet wide, 8 inches deep and any length desired are the proper porportions for a bed, but these may be varied. Prepare the mixture of loam and manure, making the bed in layers, and pounding down each with the back of the spade. Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 90 degrees, make holes in the bed about a foot apart each way, and about one inch deep, into which put pieces of the spawn 2 or 3 inches in diameter; fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of 2 inches and cover with 3 or 4 inches of hay, straw or litter. Examine the bed often to see that it does not get dry. Take special care, however, when water is given, that it be at a temperature of about 100 degrees.

From our experience with English, French and American Spawn, we find there is an important dif-

from our experience with English, French and American Spawn, we find there is an important difference between them. If the manure in the bed is in proper condition, the French Spawn will take hold and grow fully as well as the other two; but, if the bed is not in the right state, it will often rot. The American and English Spawns, on the contrary, after starting a little, will remain in a comparatively dormant state for a long time without losing their vitality. It is well to keep these points in mind in ordering Spawn.

 American Pure Culture Spawn.
 Direct bricks; latest strain.
 6630
 Per Brick 10 Bricks 100 Bri

If by mail, add postage; bricks weigh about 1 lb. each
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound

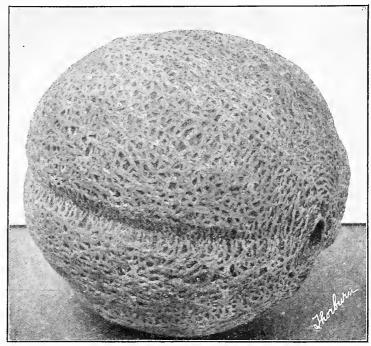
MUSKMELON

(Cantaloup)

MELON MUSCADE

Melon Muscatel Cantaloup

CULTURE.—Select a light, rich, sandy soil, and, after all danger of frosts is over and the ground has become warm and dry, plant in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, six to twelve seeds to a hill. When up and all danger of insects has passed, pull out all but three plants. Cultivate until the vines cover the ground, and pinch the ends of the growing shoots to induce early fruiting. Ashes, lime, or even dry roaddust, are excellent to sift over young plants when the dew is on, to prevent the attacks of insects. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing in hotbeds, on pieces of sod or in pots. The seed may also be started out-of-doors under hand-frames or glasses. It is quite important that proper soil be selected for growing Muskmelons.



Eden Gem Muskmelon

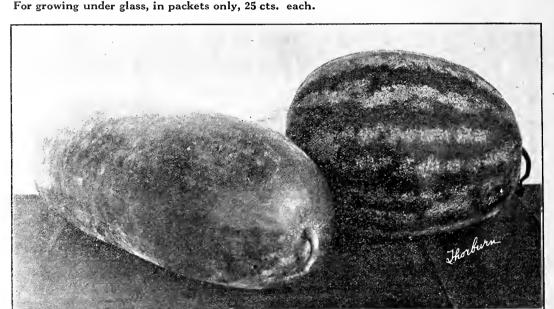
Banquet. Beautifully netted, medium size; rich salmon flesh; fine quality. 6790 Brockway's Sport. Slightly oblong, averaging 6 inches in diameter; flesh light red; very sweet; lightly ribbed and netted. 7115 Burrell's Gem. Reddish orange flesh; fine-grained and spicy. 6800 Defender. One of the very best yellow-fleshed sorts; medium size, oval in shape; flesh very firm and rich. Very vigorous and productive. 6804 Emerald Gem. Small; extra early; dark green skin, orange flesh; very sweet. 6810 Long Yellow Cantaloup. Yellow flesh; late. 6812 Osage. Cocoanut-shaped; yellow flesh; light green, netted skin. 6814 Paul Rose. Handsome oval variety; rich orange flesh; very sweet. 6820 Shumway Giant. Round; light green; flesh deep salmon; very late. 6824 Surprise. Oblong; rich orange flesh of fine quality; early. 6830 Nutmeg Tip-Top. An improved strain; very sweet; *salmon flesh. 6840 Thorburn's Orange Christiana. Fine orange sort. Round, very sweet and very early. 6850 Yellow-meated Japan. Fine. 6860		-	\$1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
GREEN-FLESHED MUSKMELONS				
	0-			
Baltimore Market. Oblong; green flesh of fine quality; intermediate	10 15		7	'5 '5 00
Hybrid Casaba. A vigorous grower and an enormous yielder; produces melons of large size and of unsurpassed flavor; skin is green until the fruits begin to ripen, when it turns to a light yellow; white flesh, rich and luscious and from 2 to 3 inches thick. Splendid for warm climates	\$0 10 10 15 15	\$0 25 25 30	\$0 7 1 0	'5 '5 00
Hybrid Casaba. A vigorous grower and an enormous yielder; produces melons of large size and of unsurpassed flavor; skin is green until the fruits begin to ripen, when it turns to a light yellow; white flesh, rich and luscious and from 2 to 3 inches thick. Splendid for warm climates	\$0 10 10 15 15	\$0 25 25 30	\$0 7 1 0 1 0	75 75 90 90

SALMON AND YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES

All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound

MUSKMELON—Continued	Oz.	1/4 lb.	I	Ĺb.
Hackensack. Large, round and of good quality; a popular variety; early6920	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0	75
Hackensack Extra-Early. Ripens ten days earlier than the Hackensack6930	15	30	1	00
Honey Dew. New large, round, light-colored Melon, delicious, rich, green flesh				
pkt. 15c6935	40			
Jenny Lind. Old favorite. Small; green-fleshed; very early; good quality6940	15	30	1	00
Long Island Beauty. On style of Hackensack. The earliest and finest in quality,				
and the most beautiful of all Muskmelons6950	15	30	1	00
Montreal Green. Large, round, netted; flesh thick and light green; late 6970	10	25		75
Netted Gem, Round. Very early; small and of fine flavor; green flesh6980	15	30		00
Netted Gem, Oblong. Same as above, save in shape	15	30	1	00
Nutmeg. Sweet, green flesh; very early; named from its shape7000	10	25		75
Rocky Ford. Improved Netted Gem; very sweet and fine-flavored; oblong7010	15	30		00
Skillman's Netted Gem. Oval-shape; early; sweet and highly perfumed7030	15	30	1	00
Winter Pineapple. An extraordinary melon; can be kept in splendid condition				
for months after being pulled. For the South only	20	50	1	50
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise				
MISCELLANEOUS MUSKMELONS				
Banana Citron. Cucumber-shaped; highly perfumed; latepkt. 5c. 7110	15	35	1	25
Mango Melon, Vine Orange. Size, shape and color of an orange; fine for preserving				
or for picklingpkt. 5c7120	15	35	1	25
Pomegranite. Ornamental for perfume; latepkt. 5c7130	15	35	1	25
Vine Peach. Color of a peach, fine for preserving or for pickling	15	50		50
IMPORTED FRAME SORTS				
For growing under class in modests only 25 sts. each				



Tom Watson and Cuban Queen Watermelons

WATERMELON MELON D'EAU Zandia Baffermelone

CULTURE.—Treat the same as Muskmelons, except that they should be planted	8 to 10	feet a	part,
according to variety. Light soil is best.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Alabama Sweet. Dark green; tender red flesh; long. Fine shipper7410	\$0 10 \$	30 25 S	\$0 70
Black Diamond. Dark green, tough skin; large size. Round7430	10	25	70
Black Spanish. Roundish; nearly black; dark red flesh; early7440	10	25	70
Boss. Oblong; dark green; flesh deep scarlet; rind thin, intermediate7450	10	25	70
Blue Gem, or Iceberg. Bright red flesh; very sweet; fine shipper. Oval7460	10	25	70
Bradford. Long and of dark color, red flesh, sweet and tender	10	25	70
Cole's Early. Medium size; red flesh; green skin. Oval	10	25	70
Cuban Queen. Solid and heavy; skin marked regularly; excellent, early. Oval.			
7500	10	25	70
Dixie. Excellent quality; very large and solid; red flesh; intermediate. Long7510	10	25	70
Early Fordhook. Extra early; good size; green skin; red flesh. Oval7530	10	25	70
Florida Favorite. A superior strain; oblong; red flesh; intermediate7540	10	25	70
A 11 7			

All 5 cents per packet
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound

WATERMELON-Continued

Halbert Honey. Dark, glossy green skin; flesh crimson, luscious and sweet. Strong vigorous grower and free fruiter. Long. Fine for northern states	\$0 15		
Hungarian Honey. A very early sort; fine for northern latitudes; perfectly round		0.5	0.0
brilliant red flesh		25	80
Ice Cream, White Seed (Peerless). Very early; red flesh. Oval7570	15	25	80
Icing, Dark. Solid; dark green skin; red flesh of superior quality; white seed	;	0.5	70
early; nearly round		25	70
Icing, Light. Round; pink flesh of fine quality		25	70
Jordan Gray Monarch. Largest grown; crimson flesh; late. Long7600		25	70
Jumbo. Deep red flesh of excellent flavor. Very large, almost globular in shape	10	0.5	70
striped light and dark green	i 10	25	70
Kleckley Sweets. Exceedingly sweet and fine-flavored; dark green skin; thin		Ó۳	75
rind; flesh scarlet, solid, and firm. Long	10	25	75
Kolb Gem. Large; good shipper; bright red flesh; intermediate. Oval7620		25	70
Mammoth Ironclad. Long; very large; late; red flesh; good shipper763		25	70
McIver's Sugar. Oblong, handsome and very sweet		25	70
Mountain Sweet. Red flesh; late dark green; long, tapers to stem end765		25	70
Pride of Georgia. Round; large; crisp; bright red flesh; intermediate7670		25	70
Rattlesnake. Southern. Oblong; dark and striped; bright red flesh; late768		25	70
Seminole. Very large; quality first-rate; red flesh; intermediate. Oblong7690		25	70
Sugar Stick. Light green; oblong; luscious rich red flesh. Strong grower7700		25	70
Tom Watson. Produces melons 16 to 22 inches long and 8 to 10 inches in diameter			
The dark green rind is thin but tough; stands shipping well. The flesh is deep		0.5	70
red, crisp and melting and of finest flavor. Long	10	25	70
Citron, Green Seed. Used for preserves	$\frac{10}{10}$	20	65
Citron, Red Seed. Round and handsome; for preserving	10	20	65
All 5 cents per packet			

MUSTARD

	MOUTARDE	Mostaza	9(m		
		spring in shallow drills,	and press the ear	th well	down	. For
fall salad, sow in So	eptember, or in frames	or boxes during winter.		Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Black. These seed	ds form the mustard of	commerce		\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 25
Chinese Broad Le	eaved. Leaves of agree	able flavor when cooked li	ike spinach7803	05	10	25
Elephant's Ear.	Immense, light green le	eaves		05	10	25
Fordhook Fancy.	Very ornamental; pla	ants of vigorous growth; I	eaves dark green,			
		table, cook like spinach		05	15	30
Giant Southern (Curled. Very large lea	ves		05	15	30
Ostrich-Plume.	Leaves curled and frille	ed like an ostrich-plume		05	10	25
White London.	Leaves used for salads	while young; grows very r	apidly 7825	05	15	30

NASTURTIUM Maraneula

Nasturtium

CAPUCINE

CULTURE.—Sow as soon as all danger of frost is past, in drills about an inch deep.		
require fences or poles on which to climb. The seeds are used in flavoring pickles, or as a subs		
	Oz. ¼ lb.	Lb.
Tall Crimson	15 \$0 25 \$0	75
Tall Yellow		

 Tall Crimson
 7900 %0 15 %0 25 %0 75

 Tall Yellow
 7910 15 25 75

 Tall Mixed
 7920 10 20 60

 Dwarf Mixed
 7930 15 30 1 00

All 5 cents per packet

OKRA, or GUMBO

GOMBAUD Quimbombo Safran

CULTURE.—Sow late in the spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 3 feet apart, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to from 9 to 12 inches. They should be well manured. They may also be raised in pots or a hotbed, and transplanted. For keeping, they should be picked while small and tender.

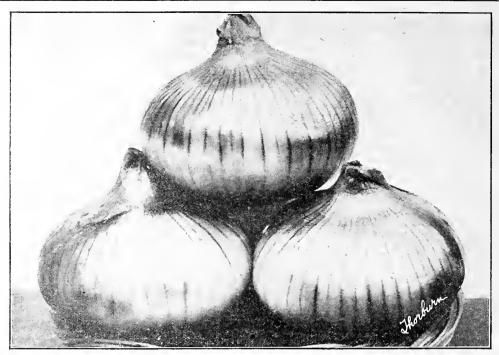
Pkt. Oz. 1 lb. Lb.

Long Green.	Tall; very productive; moderately long green pods8020	\$ 0 05	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 50
White Velvet.	Tender, long, white pods; smooth and velvety in appearance.	05	10	20	50

	8030	05	10	20	50
Dwarf Green Prolific.	Short, thick pods8040	05	10	20	5 0
Perkins' Mammoth.	Fine strain; very long pods8050	05	10	20	50

ORACH, or FRENCH SPINACH

ARROCHE Armuell



White Bermuda Onion

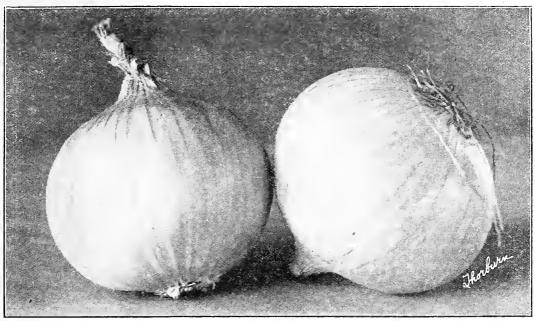
Culture.—Sow in rich, sandy soil, in drills 1 foot apart, as soon as the ground can be worked in spring

ONION OIGNON

Cebolla

Bwiebel

-at the rate of 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Thin to 3 to 4 inches, using the rake and hoe frequently to keep down the weeds. The finest Onions are produced by the new method of sowing the seed in hotbed in February and March and transplanting the seedlings to the open ground. 1/4 lb. White Early Barletta. A small white Italian sort; very early.....pkt. 10c. .8320 \$0 35 \$1 00 \$3 25 Queen. Pure white; small, flat; extra early; fine for pickling pkt. 10c..8330 1 00 **Very White Pearl.** Extra-early; round; very white; fine flavor pkt. 10c..**8334** 1 00 3 25 Large Portugal. The standard large flat sort of the New York markets, 1 00 3 50 pkt. 10c. .8360 44 Large Globe. (Southport Strain.) Very large and handsome...pkt. 10c. .8370 40 1 25 4 00 Paris Silverskin.....pkt. 10c. .8390 35 1 10 3 75 " Bermuda.....pkt. 10c..8400 30 90 3 00 Bermuda. (True Crystal Wax.) 40 1 25pkt. 10c. .**8410** 4 50 Marvel of Pompeii. Small Italian sort, two weeks earlier than Barletta.8440 1 00 3 50 Vaugirard Winter. For pickling. Sow in September for early spring 1 00 Onions pkt. 10c. 8450 35 3 25 Welsh. The leaves are used for salad early in spring. Sow in fall... 3 00 30 90 pkt. 10c. . **8520** 20 65 2 25 20 2 25 Large Globe. (Southport Strain.) The finest large yellow...pkt. 10c. .8560 30 90 3 00 46 20 65 2 25 .. Prizetaker. Immense size; globe shaped......pkt. 10c. .8570 2 00 20 65DENIA. Imported from Spain. It is generally conceded that this is the parent type of the well-known Prizetaker, of which, however, it is a far superior strain. Expected......pkt. 25c. .8574 75 Strasburg, or Dutch. Fine keeper; flat; yellow skin; white flesh....8580 20 60 2 00 Ailsa Craig Mammoth. A splendid yellow globe variety; grown largely for exhibition purposes. Great forcer......pkt. 10c. .8600 40 1 25 4 00



Yellow Globe Danvers Onions (See Page 36)

ONIONS-Continued				
	Oz.	14lb.	Lb.	
Red Australian Brown. Medium size; hard; solid; very early8700	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00	
"Bermuda (Teneriffe-grown.)pkt. 5c. 8710	25	75	2.50	
"Large Wethersfield." Half-early, and a good keeper; large size . pkt. 5c8720	20	60	$2\ 25$	
" Large Globe. (Southport strain.) The finest large red sortpkt. 10c8730	20	60	2 25	
" Early Flat	20	65	$2 \ 25$	
" Red Globe	20	65	$2\ 25$	
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise	-			

ONION SETS

	s apart and 4 inches in the rows. (
Yellow Onion Sets	These are the prices ruling in January	". (.	\$0.25	\$0.75	\$1 25
white Union Sets	later on they may be higher	^y , {,	30	90	$1 \ 50$
Red Onion Sets) taler on they may be higher	(30	85	1 40

PARSLEY

Perijil	Peterfilie
	Perijil

Culture.—Soak the seeds a few hours in luke warm water, and sow early in spring and until the middle of July, in drills 1 foot apart. Have the soil thoroughly pulverized, and, after sowing the seed, pat it down lightly with the spade. Thin out the plants to 4 inches. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar or coldframe. No. 8870 should be thinned out while young, and managed in after cultivation the same as carrots and parsnips. The roots are edible either raw or cooked.

Oz. 34 lb. Lb.

the roots are carried faw or cooked.		OZ.	74 10.	LD.
Thorburn Extra Curled. Superior				
Thorburn Champion Moss Curled. Pretty	8855	10	25	75
Plain. The ordinary form	8865	10	20	60
Hamburg, Thick-rooted.	8870	10	25	75

All 5 cents per packet

PARSNIP

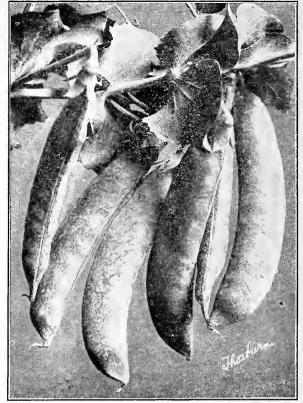
Panais	Chirijia	Pastinake

PEAS

Pois Chicharos o Guisanthes Erbsen

CULTURE.—A week may be gained in earliness by sowing a quantity in moist sand placed in a box in the cellar, and planting outside when well sprouted. Light, dry soil, not over rich, suits the Pea. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, and again every ten days for succession. Peas may be sown in this vicinity as late as the 20th of August. Medium and Late Peas must be planted early; Extra-Earlies may be planted again in August. Sow in single or double rows, from 4 to 6 feet apart according to the different heights, about an inch apart in the row (except such sorts as we note to sow thinly), and 4 inches deep; one quart to 100 feet of drill. In this climate, the O'Rourke Pea, if planted from the 10th to the last of August, will produce a fair crop for fall picking, when Peas will be most acceptable. Hoe often and keep the ground clean and fine. The tall sorts can be made to bear more freely by pinching in. The dwarf varieties may be grown in beds like bush beans with rows about the same distance apart. The holes which are sometimes found in Peas are caused by the Pea weevil (Bruchus pisi). The beetles lay their eggs on the young pods, and the larvae as soon as hatched, make their way through the pods and into the nearest Peas. If the new aphide attacks the Peas, spray the vines every day with clear water of the same temperature as the atmosphere.

Those marked with a star (*) are wrinkled marrows, and, unless otherwise stated, should be sown thicker than the round Peas and not



Gradus

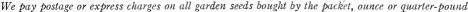
until the ground has become warm, as they are more liable to rot. They are the finest flavored of all Peas. Those marked thus (†) are large-podded sorts.

We supply packets of Peas at 10 cts. each, postpaid, except where quoted otherwise; other quantities NOT prepaid. Add postage at the zone rate of 1 lb. per pint, 2 lbs. per quart.

EXTRA-EARLY PEAS He in	eight 1 feet	Per pint	Per quart	Per ½ pk.	Per pk.
Thorburn Extra-Early Market. Our standard market-garden extra-	01/	@ 0 0 0	60 05	@1 OF	
early Pea; productive and profitable to grow		\$U 2U			
Daniel O'Rourke, Improved. Extra early; favorite sort8910		20		$\frac{1}{1} \frac{25}{25}$	
First-of-All. First-class selected strain of extra-earlies	$\frac{2}{2}$	20	35	1 25	
The Leader. "Round seeded Gradus." Long pods	อ ด1 ⁄	25		$\frac{1}{1}$ 50	
Alaska. One of the very earliest blue Peas; quite productive8930 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	20	99.	1 25	2 00
*†Thomas Laxton. A cross between Gradus and one of the extra-early					
sorts. Ripens within a day or two of the earliest round varieties; very					
productive. The pods are large and contain seven or eight large, wrinkled	9	95	4 5	1 50	0 80
Peas of the finest flavor	3	25	40	1 90	2 50
*†Gradus, also called Prosperity. One of the finest extra-early Peas.					
Ready to pick about four days after 8900. Pods very large, filled with	ŋ	25	40	1 35	2 25
large, wrinkled Peas of finest quality		20	40 30		
Ameer (Claudit). Finest quality exceedingly productive		20		$\frac{1}{1} \frac{25}{25}$	
*American Wonder. Early and productive; fine quality8980 1		20		$\frac{1}{1}\frac{25}{25}$	
*English Wonder. Very profific and early		20 25	40	$\frac{1}{1}\frac{25}{35}$	
*Sherwood. Pods large deep green color	1	23	40	1 90	2 23
*Sutton's Excelsion. As early as American Wonder, with much broader	1	25	40	1 95	0.08
pods, filled with large Peas of finest flavor; very prolific8990 1			40	1 35	
*Nott's Excelsior. Splendid early wrinkled sort; very prolific9000		20		1 25	
Premium Gem. Early, straight pods, well filled9010 1		20 20	35 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 25 \end{array}$	
*Little Gem. Early; straight pods	1/2	20	99	1 20	2 00
*Little Marvel. A few days earlier than English Wonder and with larger					
pods. This variety is an improvement on English Wonder and in habit	0	O.F	40	1 35	2 25
is very similar. Remarkably prolific	2	25	40	1 30	2 23
*†Laxtonian. Very large, dark green, curved pods and Peas of finest	11/	25	45	1 50	
flavor; great yielder; very earlypkt. 15c9040 1	1 1/2	$\frac{25}{25}$	45 45	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	
*Richard Seddon. The best dwarf extra-earlypkt. 15c9045 1	- /2	20	40	1 00	

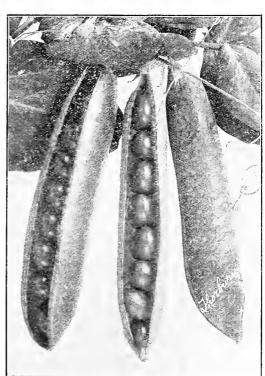
PEAS—Continued

EARLY AND MEDIUM PEAS	Height F		Per uart	Pe		Po	
*Advancer. A fine standard sort of excellent quality9130	$2\frac{1}{2}$ \$0	20 \$0	35	\$ĩ	25	\$2	00
*Abundance. Long, round, well-filled pods. Sow thinly9160 *Horsford's Market-Garden. On the style of Advancer; prolific9170		$\frac{20}{20}$	$\frac{35}{35}$	1	$\frac{25}{25}$		00
†Pride of the Market. Very large pods; green Peas. Sow thinly9190		$\frac{20}{20}$	35	î			00
*Champion of England. A well-known standard sort. Sow thickly 9200	5	20	35	1	25	2	00
*Dwarf Champion (Juno). A dwarf form of the popular Champion of England, with large pods; very productive; finest quality9210	2	20	35	1	25	2	00
*†Duke of Albany (American Champion). Immense pods on style of			00	•	20	-	00
Telephone; very superior		25	45		50	2	50
*Senator. Handsome round pods well filled, good flavor, productive. 9275 Yorkshire Hero. A spreading variety, productive. Sow thinly9300	3 21/3	$\frac{25}{20}$		1 1		2	00
	, 2		00	-		_	00
MAIN- AND LATE-CROP PEAS	S						
*†Admiral Dewey. Enormous pods; large wrinkled Peas of fine flavor;						_	
very productive		$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 45 \end{array}$	1	50 50		50 50
Potlatch. A large podded Pea; fine9430		$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{45}{45}$	ì			50
†Telegraph. Large pods and Peas9440	4	20	35	1			00
*†Telephone. Enormous pods and Peas of best quality9450 Boston Unrivalled. Large pod prolific suitable for light soil9455		$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 45 \end{array}$	1 1			50 50
	-/2		10	•	00	-	00
Quite Content. The largest podded variety yet introduced. The pods mostly grow in pairs and well filled with large Peas of excellent flavor.							
It is exceedingly prolific; a stout, robust grower; height about 5 feet.							
has been pronounced by growers to be the finest second early Pea9456	5	30	50	1		3	
Late White Marrowfat. Very hardy and prolific		$\frac{20}{20}$		1 1		$\frac{2}{2}$	
	•		00	-		_	
SUGAR PEAS (EDIBLE PODS)							
Sugar Peas have edible pods which are eaten when young. Mammoth Podded Sugar. Immense pods	5 5	30	45	1 8	50	2	50
Mammoth Melting Sugar9560	4 :	30	50				
Luscious Sugar9564	_	30		1		3	00
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet	t, ounce	or que	irter-	pou	ind		









Telephone

PEPPER

PIMENT

2 feffer

1.50

5 00

4 00

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbeds in March and, when the soil has become warm, set in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows. Hoe frequently. The

plants may also be forwarded in	small	pots.	
Bell, Large: Large; bright	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb
red; largely used for pick- ling. It is of such mild flavor that it may be eaten as a vegetable9650	\$ 0.35	\$1.00	\$3.50
CHINESE GIANT. Very large; flesh very mild and thick; bright scarlet color.	Ψ0 -30	φ1 00	φυ ου
9660	- 50	1 50	5 00
Cayenne Long Red. Slender pods, 3 in.; pungent. 9670	40	1 25	4 00

Brilliant

color; not sweet.....9685 Golden Dawn. Sweet; very handsome and distinct; of mild flavor; small ...9690

Crimson Giant.

Monstrous, Sweet.

40 1 25



Chinese Giant Pepper

large and of mild flavor; Chinese Giant Per	per		
for use when green9710 Expected	07	1/ 1h	Lb.
Neapolitan. Early and productive. Large and sweet	\$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00
Pimiento dulce (Perfection Sweet Pepper). A very sweet pepper piquant flavor			
not fiery, medium size, thick skinned and of brilliant scarlet9725	50	1 50	5 00
Red Chili. Productive; small; red and very pungent	40	1 25	4 00
Red Cluster. A new type of Chili, with upright, bright red fruits9760	40	1 25	4 00
RUBY GIANT. Large; desirable shape for stuffing. Mild and delicate9764	50	1 50	5 00
Ruby King. Bright red; 4 to 6 inches long; mild; best for stuffing9770	40	1 25	4 00
Squash, Large. Productive; for pickles	50	1 50	5 00
Sweet Mountain. Large size; regular; mild flavor	45	1 35	4 50
Sweet Spanish. Large, mild; used for salad9800	40	1 25	4 00
Tabasco. True. Bush 3 feet high; small, long, bright red fruit in clusters; very hot;			
best for pepper-sauce and picklingpkt. 15c9810	60	1 75	6 00
THORBURN UPRIGHT SWEET SALAD. Finest of all. Handsome, productive			
and of finest quality; bright scarlet; flesh thick, mild and very sweet. The			
Peppers are as large as Ruby King, and are all borne upright, clear of the ground.			
The flesh is so thick and the skin so tender that it may be fried like a beefsteak,			
and so sweet that it may be eaten like an applepkt. 15c9840	60	1 75	6 00

All 10 cts. per packet, except where quoted otherwise.

PUMPKIN

Potiron .

Calabaza

Große Rurbiß

10

10

10

30

25

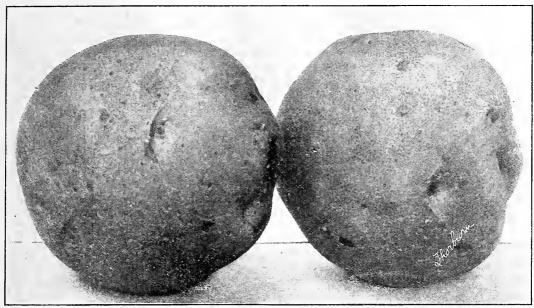
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75

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CULTURE.—May be planted middle of spring, among the Indian corn or in the field or garden, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, four seeds in a hill. In other respects is cultivated in same manner as melons and cucumbers. Avoid planting near other vines. Large Cheese. Flat; one of the best varieties for family use. 10150 \$0 10 \$0 20 \$0 60 Early Sugar. Fine-grained, sweet and prolific; small; yellow. 10170 10 20 55 20 10 60 20 10 60 Cushaw White, or Jonathan. A white crookneck variety of excellent quality; fine 10 20 60 10 20 60 20 10 60 25 **7**5 10

All 5 cts. per packet



Sir Walter Raleigh Potatoes

POTATOES, Grown Expressly for Seed BARRELS)

CULTURE.—Three to four barrels to the acre. In order to have the best success in growing Potatoes, it is necessary to plant as early as the ground can be made ready. Select a rich soil, and plant in rows 3 feet apart, and the sets 1 foot in the rows. If wood-ashes and plaster can be procured, sow a good dressing over the field after the Potatoes are up. If a very early crop is desired, it will be necessary to sprout the Potatoes before planting. Cut the Potatoes into pieces of any size desirable, and place in a warm, light room for four to six weeks before required for planting in the open ground. During this time shoots will start out strong and vigorous, so that, as soon as planted, they will send out roots and grow much more rapidly than those treated in the ordinary way. Another method is to place the sets in a hotbed two weeks before they are wanted and then lift carefully and set out on fresh horse dung, so that the heat will cause them to start at once. If the Colorado Potato beetle makes its appearance the vines must be dusted with paris green mixed with about 80 parts of plaster; or what is better, mix the paris green in water, one small tablespoonful to a pailful, and apply with a small brush or broom. Take care to stir the mixture often, or else the paris green will settle to the bottom. Two or three applications during the season will usually suffice to clean off all the beetles.

EARLY POTATOES

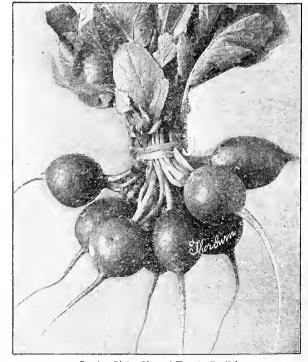
Potato grown. Handsomer in appearance and more uniform in shape	½ pk	. 1	Pk.	1/2	bus		Bus.]	ВЫ.
than any other sort. Its table quality is superb. Original stock 10400	\$0 90	\$1	50	\$2	25	\$4	00	10	00
Thorburn's Beauty of Hebron. Slightly flesh-colored skin, with pure white flesh. Early, very productive and of the finest quality. 10420 Irish Cobbler. Fine white; vigorous grower	80 70	1	00	1	00 75 60	3	50 25 00	7	50
INTERMEDIATE AND LATE POT	60 7 A T C		90 C	1	00	о	00	1	00
Gold Coin. A splendid main-crop variety of remarkable productiveness	AIC	JE	3						
and finest table quality; slightly oblong form, light golden skin; flesh pure white, fine-grained; cooks very dry	60		90	1	60	3	00	7	00
finest second-early Potato ever offered	60		90	1	60	3	00	7	00
Sir Walter Raleigh. Very productive; white flesh of best quality. 10560	70	1	00	1	7 5	3	25	7	50
Rural New Yorker. An old standard Potato. Very few and shallow eyes; fine, pure white skin and flesh; immense yielder; fine table		_				_		_	
quality, cooking very mealy	70	1	00	1	75	3	25	7	50
Green Mountain. Oval shape, white skin and flesh; excellent; heavy yielder	70	1	00	1	75	3	25	7	50
These are prices ruling in January; later on they may be higher. We ship Poi		_				-			
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound.									

RADISH

RADIS ET RAVE Rabanos y Rabanitos Rabies und Rettig

Culture.—Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, every week or ten days for a succession up to the middle of June after which they are but little used unless a cool northern spot can be had, where the ground is shaded during a part of the day. They should be sown in light rich soil, as a crisp Radish cannot be produced in heavy soils. Sow also in early fall for late crops and winter use. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. Radishes should be eaten when quite small; it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to the French Breakfast and small turnip-shaped sorts. Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are best suited for market gardeners.

	Oz.	⅓ 10.	LD.
*Turnip, Early Scarlet. Very early. The French favorite	\$0.10	\$0.20	\$0 65
Forcing. Crisp; very early		20	65
* " White-tipped. Very early; for frames or outdoors. 10710		25	75
		20	65
Deep Scariet. Very early; clisp			
Scarlet Gem White-tipped Forcing	10	20	60
SCARLET GLOBE-SHAFED. Fine for forcing or open			
ground. The Radishes are almost round, of a beautiful			
rich scarlet, very tender and crisp	10	25	7 5
* " Non Plus Ultra. Extra-early scarlet forcing	10	30	90
" Round White Forcing	10	30	90
" Yellow. Extra early	10	30	1 00
*French Breakfast. Pink and white; early	10	25	75
*Olive-shaped White Forcing (White Rocket). A forcing strain of above 11060	10	25	75
Olive-shaped Scarlet11094		25	75
Olive-Shaped Scarlet White Tipped (Rocket)	10	25	75
Half-Long Deep Scarlet (Paris Beauty). Flesh bright and crisp		25	75
Half-Long Delicacy. Half-long, smooth, snow-white; fine forcer		25	75
Half-Long White Forcing. Splendid pure white; fine forcer		25	75
		20	60
*Long Scarlet Short Top. Very long, crisp; for frames or out-doors			
Long Brightest Scarlet or Cardinal White-tipped		20	60
Long White Naples, or Shepherd. Slender; for summer use		20	60
*Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger. Crisp and tender in summer		25	75
Long Icicle. Pure white, of fine flavor; suitable for forcing		25	75
Long Scarlet Chartier. Tipped white splendid summer variety11245		20	60
*Long Wood's Frame. Long, red, crisp and good forcer	10	25	75
Round Scarlet China. Fine for winter or summer. Matures in 6 to 8 weeks, 11290		20	60
*White Strasburg			
white Strasburg			



Scarlet Globe Shaped Turnip Radish

g	10 10 10 10 10	25 20 25 20	75 60 75 60
*White Strasburg Summer. Very large; the German's favorite11320	10	20	60
*Winter Scarlet Chi- nese. Oblong. Very handsome and dis- tinct and keeps well 11380	10	20	60
Winter Long Black Spanish. The popu- lar winter sort. 11390	10	20	65
Winter Half - Long Black or Grey Spanish. Very fine strain11400	10	25	7 5
Winter Round Coal- Black Spanish. Fine for winter 11420	10	30	1 00
Sakurajima (Mammoth Japan). The largest sort in cultivation. Sow early in rich soil. In Japan it grows as much as 21 inches long and 43 inches in circumference. Thin well to allow of proper land with the same of the same o	15	50	1 50
development11480 Mammoth "Tokyo.".	15	5 0	1 50
11490	15	50	1 50

All 5 cents per packet

RAMPION

RAIPONCE

Reponche

Rapunzel Rübe

CULTURE.—Sow in the open ground early in May, either broadcast or in drills 10 inches apart. As the seed is very fine, it merely requires to be pressed firmly into the soil. Thin out the seedlings if they come up too quickly, and water frequently during hot weather. The roots may be gathered for use from October onward throughout the winter. The roots and leaves are excellent as salad. 11550. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.

ROQUETTE

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, in rows, and thin out to 8 to 10 inches. If kept well scuffled and watered the tart flavor of the leaves is greatly diminished. This flavor is not pronounced in the small leaves, which are used for salad. The flowers, appearing from May to June, have very much the odor of orange-blossoms. 11590. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

RHUBARB

CULTURE.—Sow seed in a coldframe, in a fine, rich, sandy loam, about the first of March, in drills 4 inches apart. Keep the frames covered during nights and cold days, so that the soil will not freeze, and in six to eight weeks the plants will be large enough to set in the open ground. Transplant to a rich soil, and set in rows 12 inches apart and 12 inches in the row. The following spring transplant again to a permanent location, setting 4 to 5 feet apart each way. In good soil, Rhubarb is ready to use the second year from seed. When roots are set out plant them 4 to 5 feet apart each way, and keep weeds down. If roots are used, a crop may be had after one season, which is much better than sowing seed where only a few plants for family use are needed. In the fall, the bed should have a thick dressing of coarse manure, to be spaded under in

 spring.
 Pkt.
 Oz.
 ½ lb.
 Lb.

 Victoria
 11640
 \$0
 \$0
 \$0
 \$0
 \$1
 \$0
 \$3
 \$1
 00

ROOTS, of Victoria only.

Transportation charges extra.

SCOLYMUS

The roots resemble a small parsnip, and will keep through the winter like a turnip. It is cultivated exactly like the carrot, except that it should be grown in rows 3 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows. It is eaten boiled like salsify. 11740. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.00.

SCORZONERA

CORZONERE Esc.

Escorzonera Schwarzwurzel

CULTURE.—Cultivate the same as salsify. It is cooked in the same manner, but, on account of being somewhat more difficult to raise, is seldom seen in cultivation. Considered by many superior to salsify. It is also called Black Salsify. 11780. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.00.

SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER

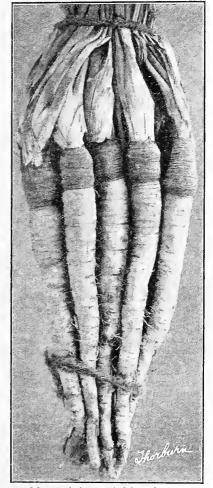
SALSIFIS

Ostion Vegetal

Haferwurzel

CULTURE.—Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 12 inches apart, 1 inch deep, and thin out to 6 inches in the row. Keep the plants free from weeds. Cultivate the same as carrots and parsnips. A part of the crop may be left in the ground till spring, when it will be found fresh and plump. The roots are cut into pieces ½ inch long, boiled until tender, and then served with drawn butter, in which way it is a delicious vegetable. They are also mashed and baked like parsnips, and have a sweet and agreeable flavor. Mashed and fried, the flavor is much like that of the oyster. Sow eight to ten pounds to the acre.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Large. 11850. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

SORREL

OSEILLE

Acedera

Sauerampfer

CULTURE.—Sow in spring in drills 18 inches apart, in a rich soil, and keep the flower-stems cut off as they appear. It remains in the ground year after year, and needs to be taken up and divided only once in four or five years. To be cut and cooked precisely like spinach; or it is excellent cooked with it, one-third Sorrel to two-thirds spinach. It is also used for soups. Very nice to be eaten after it has become cool. Inasmuch as the hot sun tends to increase its acidity, a northern exposure is preferable.

		Oz.	14.1b.	Lb.
Garden, L	arge French	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
" B	Belleville	20	60	2 00
" N	Mammoth Lyons. Extra-large improved strain	30	75	2 50
" G	Golden-leaved Lyons11944	, 30	75	2^{50}
" C	Chambourcy. A new, large-leaved desirable sort	20	60	$2\ 00$

All 5 cents per packet



Giant Lucullus Swiss Chard

An improved long-standing sort.....

Prickly, or Winter. Vigorous and hardy; recommended for fall sowing...

New Zealand Summer. Not a Spinach, but used as such. Grows 1½ feet high and is very prolific; does well in hot summer weather; valuable for hot

SWISS CHARD, or SILVER BEET

Silver Leaf. This is a Beet producing leaves only, of a quality superior to those of the ordinary Beet, and excellent as greens. Cultivate about the same as spinach, by sowing the seed in early spring in drills about a foot apart. As it grows, thin out for use, and keep clear of weeds if success is desired. Good cultivation will increase the delicacy and tenderness of the leaves. 1690. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 40 cts. lb. \$1.25.

Giant Lucullus. Large, crinkled leaves; tender and of fine flavor; dark green; pure white ribs. 1700. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

SPINACH

EPINARD

Espinaca

Spinat

10

10

15

30

30

50 1 50

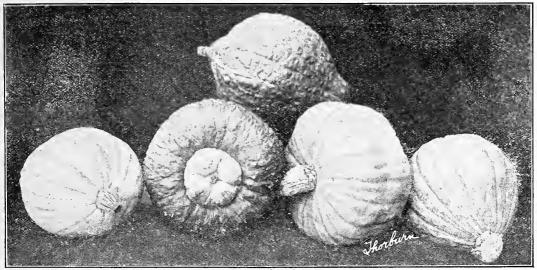
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CULTURE.—Sow in early spring, in drills a foot apart (10 to 12 lbs. to the acre), every two weeks for a succession, and, as it grows, thin out for use. For fall use, sow in August, and for winter crop in September. Cover that which is left out over winter with straw or leaves after the weather becomes quite cold. Keep clear of weeds. Sow the seeds of New Zealand in hills 2 feet apart each way, three or four seeds in a hill. Round Viroflay (Thick-leaved). Has very large, thick, dark green leaves; the sort except New Zealand.....12010 Round-leaved Flanders. A standard sort.

Lettuce-leaved. Popular French sort.

Curled-leaved Savoy, or Bloomsdale. Large curled and wrinkled leaves; tender . . 12020 30 10 1 00 10 30 1 00 and of finest flavor.... 10 30 1 00 Long-standing (Round Thick-leaved). Dark green; leaves large and thick; 10 1 00 10 1 00 10 1 00 30 10 1 00



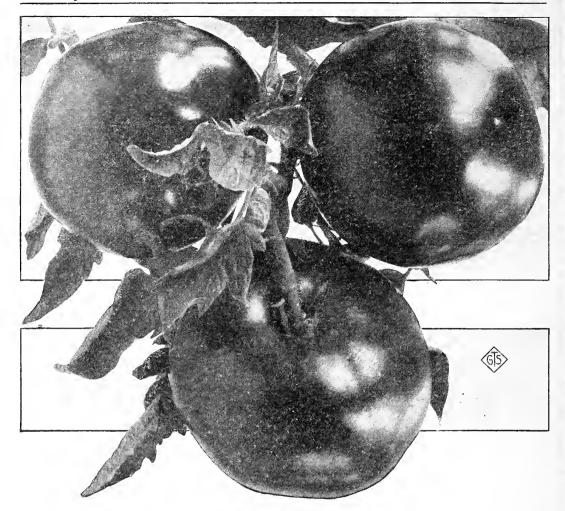
Various Squashes

SQUASH

Courge Calabaza Speise Kürbiß

Culture.—Sow in hills in the same manner and at the same time as cucumbers and melons, the bush varieties 3 to 4 feet apart, the running kinds from 6 to 9 feet apart.

BUSH VARIETIES	Oz	¼ lb.	Lb.
Early Golden Bush. Fine for summer; not so early as the White Bush12200	\$0 10	$\$0\ 25$	\$0 85
Golden Custard. Mammoth strain of the Golden Bush. A valuable variety;	10	25	75
golden yellow flesh; fine quality	10	$\frac{25}{25}$	75
Mammoth White Scallop Bush (Silver Custard). Not so early as the former	10		
but it produces larger fruits	10	25	75
Summer Crookneck. Yellow fruit; distinct, best for summer	10 10	$\frac{25}{25}$	75 85
Giant Summer Crookneck. Double the size of the above	10	$\frac{25}{25}$	85
Cocozell Bush. (True Italian Vegetable Marrow.) A fine variety; oblong shape;			
skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green	10	30	90
RUNNING VARIETIES			
Bay State. Hard, blue shell; for fall or winter	10	25	85
Boston Marrow. Oval; bright orange; flesh yellow and fine	10	25	7 5
colored; fine quality; prolific	10	25	85
colored; fine quality; prolific			
early, solid and a good keeper; flesh dry and of fine quality	10 10	$\frac{25}{25}$	75 85
Essex Hybrid. A good fall and winter sort; fine-grained; rich flavor; very pro-	10	20	00
lific	10	30	1 00
Hubbard. Well known and liked for late use; an excellent sort for pies 12500	10	30	1 00
"Golden or Red. Same as above, but with orange-red skin	15	30	1 00
" Mammoth Warted. Immense size, covered with warts	10 10	30 30	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{00}{00}$
"Whale. Enormous size; solid; bright orange flesh of fine quality12550	15		1 50
Marblehead. Gray skin; very productive; fine keeper	10	30	1 00
Orange Marrow. Quite distinct; very early, and of most delicate flavor; suit-	10	00	1 00
able for fall and winter	10 10	$\frac{30}{30}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{00}{00}$
All 5 cents per packet	10	90	1 00
VEGETABLE MARROW			
Italian (Cocozelle di Napoli). Grows about 20 inches long, with a diameter of 3 or			
4 inches. Skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green. In Italy it is eaten when quite youngpkt. 5 cts. 12700	10	30	90



TOMATO

Томато

Tomate

Liebesapfel

CULTURE.—Sow in a hotbed in early spring, or the seed may be sown in shallow boxes and placed in a window when one does not wish to have the trouble of making a hotbed. Transplant to the open ground when all danger of frost is past, setting the plants 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Fruit may be had several weeks earlier by sowing seed quite early and transplanting to small pots. Tomatoes that have not ripened at the end of the season may be taken from the vines and placed in empty coldframes, or wrapped in tissue paper, and carefully packed in flat boxes—where a large proportion of them will ripen from time to time. frequently until Christmas.

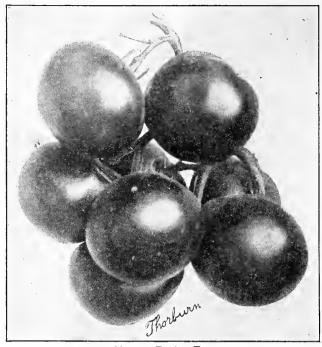
The varieties marked * are best for forcing.			
	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Acme. Medium size; smooth and good; crimson	\$0 25	\$0.75	\$2 50
*Atlantic Prize. Extra early; smooth; medium scarlet; good size12750	25	75	2 50
Beauty. Large, smooth, dark crimson; thick flesh; regular form	25	75	$2\ 50$
Bonny Best. Very early; scarlet; medium to full market size; even, smooth and regular; valuable for home garden or market	25	75	2 50
			2 00
Buckeye State. Very large and productive; crimson; smooth, uniform, good quality 12780	25	75	2 50
*Carter's Sunrise. Early and productive; medium-sized, bright scarlet fruits;			
smooth and solid. For forcing or for outdoorspkt. 10c.12794	35	1 00	3 50
Chalk's Early Jewel. Fine, large, solid, smooth, scarlet; similar to Stone; early			
12800	25	75	$2\ 50$
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			

				H CENTO BEES		
			OESCo			
Coreless, Livingston's. Almost recover at once and being almost free	e from :	green	core it is	an exceptionally fine slicing	, -	Lb.
sort			alet animas		30 \$0 85	\$3 00
					ם ה	3 50
CLUSTER, TH	HORE	BUR	n's im	IPROVED (See Novelties)		
Pkt. 15 cts.				lb. \$1 25 Lb. \$4 00		
Dwarf Champion. Quite distinct	; early;	fruit	like the	Acme; crimson; of medium	30 85	3 00
size; good quality Dwarf Giant. Largest-fruited of	all dwa	arf so	rts; crim	son; firm flesh of delicious		
flavor. Compact and vigorous g *Earliana. Extra early; cardinal-s	rower.	smoo		pkt. 10c.12844 8	85 85 85 75	
Favorite. Large, smooth, producti Fordhook First. Smooth; solid;	ve and	good	shipper		25 75	
hearer				12910	5 75	2 50
*Frogmore Selected. Medium size flavored. An excellent sort for for	e; brigi	ht, de	ep red; s	mooth; very solid and fine-	30 85	3 00
Freedom. Early: regular and unif	orm: b	right	scarlet		5 75	
Globe, Livingston's. Very early; tive and a good keeper. A standar	d varie	tv wh	nich retain	is its popularity12940	85 85	3 00
Golden Queen. Smooth; golden glavor and solid	yellow;	abo	ut size an	d form of Beauty; of good	5 75	2 50
June Pink. A very early market				F.5		1
sort; crimson; smooth; medium sizepkt. 10c. 12980 \$	30 S	0 S5	\$3 00			
King of the Earlies. One of the						
very first to ripen; large; scarlet; fine for hot climates						
pkt. 10c.12985	30	85	3 00			
Lemon Queen, Thorburn's. Most desirable of the yellow				130		
Tomatoes. Skin and flesh lemon with a faint rose blush12990	30	85	3 00			
Lorillard. Bright glossy red;	90	00	0 00			
smooth: of fine flavor and very early. Very productive and					1	
satisfactorypkt. 10c. 13000	30	85	3 00		ST.	•
Mansfield Tree. Crimson fruit somewhat larger but on the				100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	37,	
same order as Mikado; adapted						
for training up trellis. Per pkt., 10c. 13024	40	1 25	4 00			
Matchless. Extra large, smooth and handsome; scarlet; very				A COMP SEE		Ž.
solid. Plant of vigorous growth						36.
and prolific	25	75	2 50		学	
smooth and solid13035	25	75	2 50		0	
Mikado. Crimson; large, smooth and solid	25	75	2 50			
Optimus. Medium size; cardinal-		••	2 00			
scarlet; smooth and solid; second-early13050	25	75	2 50			
Paragon. Cardinal-scarlet; round;						
very productive13060	20	60	2 00			
Perfection. Early, regular and productive; scarlet13070	20	60	2 00			
Ponderosa. The largest variety						
in cultivation; crimson pkt. 10c. 13080	40	1 25	4 00		N	
RED ROCK. An improvement					DW.	
on the well-known Stone. Ex-					m)	

on the Werkhown Stone. Exceedingly firm-fleshed; very large
size, and ripens evenly without
cracking. The vine is a strong,
vigorous grower and produces its
fruit in great profusion...13084 25 75 2 50

Thorburn's Improved Cluster Tomato

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



THE NEW HONEY DEW MUSK MELON

A large, round, light colored melon, thin rind with thick, rich green flesh, delicious honey-like flavor, considered best of all melons.

> Price per pkt. 15c. per oz. 40c.

See also page 34

Noroton Forcing Tomato

TOMATOES—Continued *NOROTON FORCING (See Novelties)

HOROTON TORCHIG			
Pkt. 15 cts. Oz. 40 cts. 1/4 lb. \$1 25 Lb. \$4 00			
Ruby Early. Very early; large size; color bright scarlet	\$0 25		
plantpkt. 10c. 13114 *Stirling Castle. Small size; solid; finest flavor; scarlet; good for forcing under	40	1 25	4 00
glass	$\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 25 \end{array}$	1 25 75	$\begin{smallmatrix}4&00\\2&50\end{smallmatrix}$
bright scarlet, perfect shape, very solid; of the best quality	25	75	2 50
thrifty in growth	2 5	75	2 50
pkt. 10c. 13180 Thorburn's Long-Keeper. Bright red; early and productive; fine keeper13194 Trophy. Very solid; standard late; fine canner; dark scarlet. A particularly vigorous	30 . 25	85 75	3 00 2 50
and thrifty grower	25 25	75 75	2 50 2 50
SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES			
For pickling and preserving. Also invaluable for garnishing Red Cherry. Small fruits, used for pickles; very handsome	30	85	3 00
"Currant. Resembles the currant. Useful for preserves, pickles and exhibition purposes	45 30 30 30 30	1 25 85 85 85 85	4 50 3 00 3 00 3 00 3 00 3 00
Yellow Cherry.For pickles and preserves.13360"Peach.Beautiful clear yellow; perfectly resembles a peach.13370"Pear.Handsome, yellow, pear-shaped fruits.13380"Plum.Round and regular; bright yellow; used for pickles.13390	30 30 30 30	85 85 85 85	3 00 3 00 3 00 3 00

TURNIP

NAVET CULTURE. - For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring. Nos. 13845 to 13930 should be sown from any time in July to first of August; but the other kinds, for winter use, may be sown from the middle of July to the end of August. Turnips are generally sown broadcast, but much larger crops are obtained (particularly of the Rutabagas) by cultivating in drills 18 inches apart, and thinning to 6 inches in the drill. Sow in drills, one pound to the acre; broadcast, two to three pounds to the acre.

WHITE VARIETIES

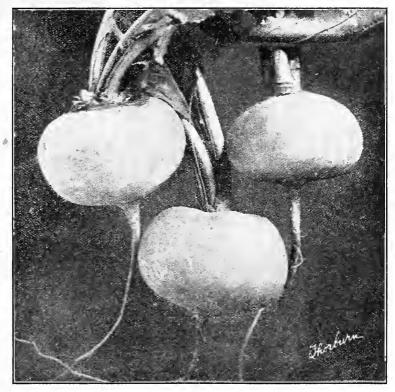
Cow Horn. Long, white, in shape resembling a cow's horn, 13500, oz. 10c., ½ lb. 20c., lb. 65c.

Early Snowball. Small, and

Early Snowball. Small, and of rapid growth; pure white, 13510, oz. 10c., 1/4lb.

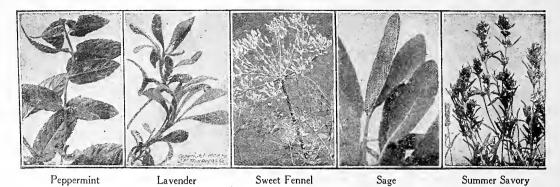
20c., lb. 65c.

German Teltow. Smallest of all; early; distinct flavor; best for pickling, 13520, oz. 10c., 1/4 lb. 20c., lb. 75.



Early Snowball Turnip

Globe-shaped Red-top. A standard sort in the New York market	10 10	\$\frac{14}{20}\$ 1b. \$\frac{10}{20}\$ 20 20	\$0 50 50 60 55
Milan, Early Pure White. Very handsome; pure white; crisp and tender; as	10	30	1 00
early as above	10 10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{array}$	1 00 50 50 50
All 5 cents per packet			
YELLOW VARIETIES			
Aberdeen Yellow. Hardy, productive and a good keeper	10 10	$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$	40 50
All 5 cents per packet			
RUTABAGA			
Bangholm. Extra selected. Small neck; yellow flesh; dark purple top	10 10	$\frac{20}{20}$	50 50
Thorburn's Purple Top, Improved. (L. I. grown.)	$\frac{10}{10}$	$\frac{25}{20}$	75 50
Yellow-fleshed English Neckless 13895 Yellow Perfection. Extra fine 13930	10 10	$\frac{20}{20}$	60 50



Seeds of Pot, Sweet and Medicinal Herbs

20022 00 0,3, 20000000000000000000000000		_	
Angelica, Garden. For flavoring wine and cakes Archangelica officinalis 14010	Pkt.	Oz.	Lb.
Anise. Seeds aromatic and carminative	05	15	
Balm. For culinary purposes	10	25	
Basil, Sweet. Culinary herb used for flavoring	05	20	
soups, etc			
Basil, Dwarf or Bush. Culinary herb	05	25	1 50
Borage. Leaves used as a salad	05	15	1 50
Caraway. For sowing. Used in flavoring liquors and	0.5	10	P7 F
bread	05	10	75
Coriander. Seeds aromatic. For sowing	05	10	50
" For flavoring			30
Dill. For sowing. Seeds used for flavoring vinegar Anethum graveolens 14150	05	15	1 00
Elecampane. Has tonic and expectorant qualities. Inula Helenium14160	10	30	
Fennel, Sweet. Seeds aromatic; for flavoring Anethum Fæniculum 14170	05	10	90
"Florence. In flavor resembling celery Anethum Faniculum14180	05	10	1 00
Foxglove, Purple. Has medicinal qualitiesDigitalis purpurea14190	05	30	
Horehound. Has medicinal qualities	05	30	
Hyssop. Has medicinal qualities	05	30	
Lavender. True. For oil and distilled water Lavandula vera 14250	15	60	
"Possessing qualities as above in a lesser			
degree	10	30	
Marjoram, Sweet. Is used in seasoningOriganum Majorana14290	10	40	
Mint, Curled			
" Peppermint. Crop Failed			
" Spearmint. Crop ranea Mentha viridis			
Pennyroyal. Has medicinal qualities	15	1 00	
Rosemary. Yields an aromatic oil and water Rosmarinus officinalis14330	10	50	
Rue. Said to have medicinal qualities	10	40	
Sage, Broad-Leaf. A culinary herb; also used in	10	10	
medicine	05	25	2 50
" Red. Used as a culinary herb; also in medicine. Salvia Horminum	10	20	1 50
" Purple. Used as a culinary herb; also in medi-			
cine	10	20	1 25
Savory, Summer. Is used as a culinary herbSatureja hortensis14390	Cro	p failed	1
"Winter. Is used as a culinary herbSatureja montana14400	10	50	
Tansy. Generally used in bitters	10	40	
Tarragon. True. Does not produce seed. Roots in			
fall and spring. 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz			
Thyme, German Winter. Is used as a seasoning Thymus vulgaris14430	10	40	4 00
" English. Broad Leaved	10	40	4 00
" French	10	50	
Wormwood. Has medicinal qualities	10	30	3 00
The medical quantities in the second quantitie			

Tobacco Seed

	Oz.	Lb.
Climax. A cross between Burley and Sterling; fine bright variety14610	\$0 30	\$3 00
Connecticut Seed Leaf. The popular sort, used for cigar wrappers14620	30	3 00
Conqueror. Superb bright yellow	30	-3 00
Gold Finder. A cross between Yellow Oronoka and White Burley	30	3 00
Gooch, Long-Leaf, Improved. Fine for sandy soils	30	3 00
Havana. Seed gathered for us from the celebrated plantations of the "Vuelto de Abajo.". 14630	45	4 50
Hester Improved. Yellow; fine for cigars. Adapted to a greater variety of soils and		
to a wider range of latitude than most other yellow sorts	30	3 00
Kentucky Yellow. Leaf of large size, handsome shape, excellent quality and of surprisingly		
fine texture, taking size into consideration	30	3 00
Oronoka White-Stem. Plants are large, with long, medium-broad leaves of handsome		
shape, fine texture and good body	30	3 00
1 enow. A remadic old yellow variety14004	30	3 00
Sweet. Flants of medium size; leaf is long and somewhat narrow, nne-grained	0.5	0.50
and of sweet flavor	25	
Pennsylvania Seed Leaf. A first-class standard cigar variety	25 30	2 50
Persian Rose. Fine, may be relied upon to make fine cigars	25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$
Pryor, Blue. The genuine James River favorite	20	2 30
14700	30	3 00
Safrano. Rich saffron-yellow color; soft silky texture and fine flavor	25	2 50
Sterling. The newest and brightest of the yellow type, and the earliest to ripen14720	30	3 00
Sumatra. Home-grown; well-known sort; needs no description	80	8 00
Turkish. Home-grown. Needs no description	60	6 00
" Lataki. Imported seed	60	6 00
Virginia Oak Hill Yellow. Resembles White Burley in color and Oronoka in shape and	00	0 00
habit. Unsurpassed in delicacy of fiber	30	3 00
White Burley, Improved. Leaf is large and broad, with yellowish white stem and ribs. 14756	30	
Yellow Mammoth. Large yielder	30	3 00
All 10 cents per packet. Not less than 10 cents' worth sold		

BIRD SEED, ETC.

Prices of Bird Seed fluctuate considerably throughout the year. The prices now quoted are those ruling as we go to press, and may be higher or lower as the season advances. Bags and transportation charges extra.

Canary Seed, Plain. Best grade Canary Seed, Mixed. Best grade Hemp	25 15	Millet, Golden	15
etc25 lbs. \$2.50, 50 lbs. \$4.50 Lettuce Seed	20	Cuttlefish Bone	

VEGETABLE PLANTS

We shall have some of the standard sorts at their proper seasons

ESCULENT PLANTS AND ROOTS

Artichoke Roots, Jerusalem	100	1000
Asparagus Roots. Plant either in fall or spring.		
Colossal. Two years old; in bundles of 50	\$1 00	\$8 00
" Three years old	1 50)
"Four years old; for forcing	2 00	
Giant Argenteuil. Two years old	1 00	8 00
Palmetto. Two years old; in bundles of 50	1 00	8 00
Columbian Mammoth. Two years old	1 00	8 00
Barr's Mammoth. Two years old	1 00	8 00
Chicory (Witloof-French Endive.) Fine strong roots for forcing. See page 24	3 50	
Chive Plants. Plant early in springper bunch, 25 cts.		
Horse-Radish Roots. Cut in pieces. Plant in spring		
" "Maliner Kren." In bundles of 50 50 for 60 cts	1 00	7 00
Rhubarb Roots. Strongeach, 25 cts\$2 50		
Tarragon Plants.(Estragon)each, 35 cts 3 50		

DAHLIA ROOTS

A fine assortment of all kinds. **Canna Roots.** See page 135

See pages 133-134.

JAPAN IRIS See page 139

HORTICULTURAL BOOKS

ALL CAREFULLY SELECTED STANDARD WORKS

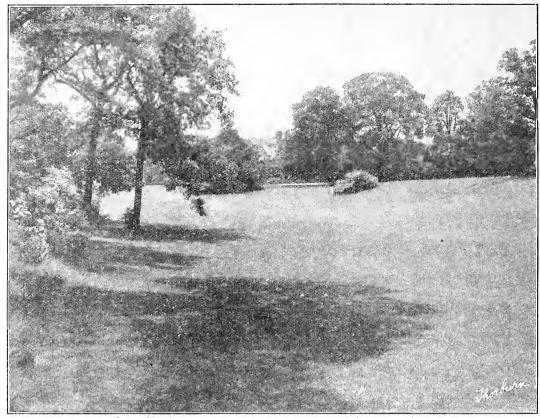
Kindly Order by Number

	Alfalfa. Illustrated. By. F. D. Coburn \$0 50	many experts. 200 illustrations\$2 00
	Asparagus. By Dr. F. M. Hexamer 50	119 Flowerless Plants. By E. H. Hale.
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	Botany. The Story of Plant-Life. By Julia McNair Wright	123 Forage Crops, Other Than Grasses. By Thomas Shaw. Practical. Illus. 287 pages
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	Daffodils—Narcissus and How to Grow Them. By A. M. Kirby	beginner and small home gardener as well as the commercial gardener 1 0
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HORTICULTURAL BOOKS—Continued

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209	Mushrooms, How to Grow. Falconer 1	00	many experts. Deals with American practice, outdoors and under glass.
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	of flowers, fruits, and vegetables for home use, preparing the ground, handling the land, enriching the land,	277	Small-Fruit Culturist. By A. S. Fuller
	pruning, tree surgery, insecticide spraying formulas, treatment for insects, plant diseases, perennials, bulbs and tubers		Soiling Crops and the Silo. By Shaw. Cultivating and harvesting. How to build and use a silo. Cloth. Illus. 364 pages
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237	Potato, The. By Fraser. Cloth. 200 pages	75	just such information as one requires in making the best selection of varieties and to care properly for trees and other
241	Practical Potato-Culture. A valuable book, recommended by the Penn. Department of Agriculture. The author touches upon everything pertaining to the potato growing, whether it be little or big, the marketing, storing, and diseases, including hints on raising vegetables for the home garden. A practical guide for the potato grower. By E. A. Rogers.	35	plants, and for lawns and gardens. The many plants that are worth while are authoritatively described. Flowering season of each plant is given, its ultimate height, color of bloom, etc., etc. Helpful articles on insects, spraying, pruning, trimming, cultivating and the preparation of soils. Contains lists of Trees, Shrubs, Vines and Flowers adapted for various special purposes.
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Lawns like this can be produced by sowing Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed

About Lawns and Lawn Grass Seed

FORMATION OF LAWNS FROM SEED

There is nothing more attractive than a well-kept lawn.

Many things are to be considered in connection with the making and proper care of lawns. A good lawn cannot be made in one season, success coming only through intelligent care for a period of years.

The ground should be thoroughly drained and well prepared. The soil ought not to be too rich, as a

rapid growth is not wanted in the grasses of a lawn; but the surface should be as much alike in quality as possible and thoroughly pulverized. After sowing, the ground should be rolled and cross-rolled in order to press the seed firmly into the soil, and ten days or so thereafter a light application of Thorburn's Lawn Fertilizer, mixed with an equal quantity of good loam or sand, will serve to stimulate the growth of the young grasses. The proper time to sow grass seed depends, of course, upon the latitude. In the central and eastern states from March 15 to the middle of May is the best time; but in favorable seasons the sowing may be done up to July 1. Seed may also be sown in the Fall, from the latter part of August to the end of September. The sowing should be done when the ground is most or before an expected rain and a subsequent tember. The sowing should be done when the ground is moist, or before an expected rain, and a subsequent rolling is always advisable. As to weeds in newly-made lawns, it may not be generally known that many weed seeds actually lie dormant in the ground for six or seven years and will germinate and make their appearance when the soil is turned up. The annual wild grasses, such as crab grass or Summer grass, must be pulled up by the roots before they ripen their seed in the Fall.

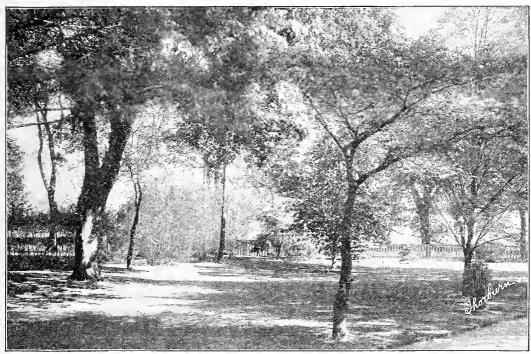
Rolling.—As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the Spring, the land should be gone over with a heavy roller. Winter frosts loosen the soil, and rolling is necessary to compress it again. Roll frequently. Mowing.—All turf-forming grasses are improved, both in vigor of root-growth and in fineness of texture, by frequent mowings. It is impossible to say just how often the grass should be mown, as that depends upon the rate at which it grows. Too close cutting should be guarded against, however, especially during the hot Summer months, when the roots require some top-growth to protect them from the burning sun. A good top growth is also necessary to protect the roots from severe Winter frosts.

To Grass a Bank on a Terresta. For each environment, takes a pound of Torresta Lawn Grass Soed and

To Grass a Bank or a Terrace.—For each square rod, take a pound of Terrace Lawn Grass Seed and mix it thoroughly with 6 cubic feet of good, dry garden loam; place in a tub, and add liquid manure, diluted with about two-thirds of water, so as to bring the whole to the consistency of mortar. The slope must be made a referrible to the consistency of mortar. be made perfectly smooth, and then well watered, after which the paste should be applied, making it as even and thin as possible.

It is a good plan to sow on good land, in any out-of-the-way place, strips for sod to be used for patching poor parts of the lawn, or for grass borders, etc. The best mixture of seed for this purpose is Cynosurus

cristatus (Crested Dog's-tail), Kentucky Blue Grass and Fancy Red Top.



This Lawn was sown with Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed Mixture for Shady Spots

Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures

Prices of all Lawn Grasses include free delivery in the United States by mail, express, or freight, at our option

THE THORBURN LAWN GRASS SEED

Many of the finest lawns in America were produced from this mixture. It is composed exclusively of permanent grasses that make a finer and thicker turf the older they become, and yet give a rich greensward in three or four weeks from the time of sowing. Sow at the rate of four bushels to the acre (per bushel of 20 lbs.) One quart of our Lawn Grass Seed will sow a plot 15x20 feet, or 300 square feet.

Pt\$0	20	2 qts\$	0 60	Pk\$1 75	
Qt	35	½ pk	1 00	Bus 6 00	

Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed for the South

A mixture of grasses that stand extremes of heat and drought well, will grow and thrive vigorously under these conditions and are therefore peculiarly adapted for Southern lawns.

Qt\$0	40	1/2 pk.	 	. \$1	25
2 Qts	70	Pk	 	. 2	00
Bushel of 20 pounds			 	. 7	50

Thorburn's Lawn-Restoring Grass Seed

A mixture of grasses peculiarly suited to take firm hold and grow quickly on hard, worn-out or burned spots. The best time to re-sow such places is very early in the Spring; but seed may also be sown with good results in the Fall from the first of September to the first of October. Some Lawn-restoring Grass Seed should also be sown before every Summer rain on thin places.

Qt\$0 40	½ pk\$1	25
2 qts 70	Pk	00
Bushel of 20 pounds		00

Thorburn's Grass Mixture for Under Trees and Shady Spots on Lawns

A mixture of grasses that thrive in shaded situations, under trees or close to walls.

Qt\$0	40	1	$\frac{1}{2}$ pk	 	 	.\$1	25
2 qts	75		Pk	 	 	. 2	15
Bushel of 22 pounds.	· · · ·			 ٠.	 	. 8	00

Thorburn's Lawn Grass Mixture for the Seashore

A mixture of fine grasses peculiarly suited to seaside lawns.

Qt\$0	35	1	½ pk		\$1	00
2 qts	60		Pk		1	75
Bushel of 18 pounds.				٠.	6	00

Terrace Lawn Grass Seed

A mixture of fine, stoloniferous grasses peculiarly adapted to terraces.

manprod to torracco.				
Qt\$0	40	1/2 pk	\$1	25
2 qts	70	Pk	2	00
Bushel of 20 pounds			7	00

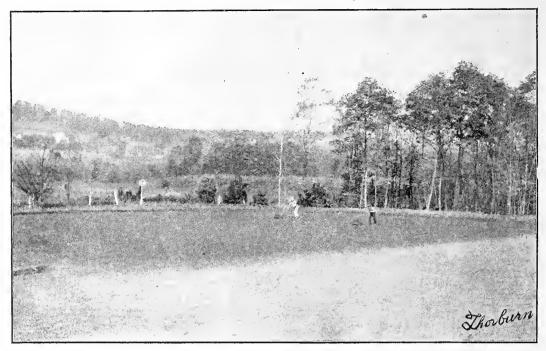


Photo of 7th Green Mountain Ridge Golf Course made from seed supplied by us

Permanent Grass Seed for Golf-Links, Tennis-Courts, Polo-Grounds, etc.

We have devoted much attention to the seeding and preservation of golf-links, tennis-courts and polo-grounds, and offer the following mixtures, which have been used on many of the finest links, etc., in the country, with very satisfactory results.

Polo-Grounds Mixture

A mixture of fine-leaved and deep-rooting grasses forming a strong and lasting turf that will stand hard usage. Per bushel of 20 pounds, \$5.00.

Tennis-Court Mixture

A mixture of extra-fine grasses peculiarly adapted to tennis-courts. This mixture will make a firm, green and lasting turf of the finest texture, that will improve with the trampling it receives.

		½ pk\$1	
2 qts	70	Pk 2	00
Bushel of 20 pounds.		7	00

Fair-Green Mixture

For the grounds in general. Per bushel of 20 pounds, \$5.00.

Putting-Green Mixture

Our own special formula as furnished all the leading golf clubs in America. A mixture of extra-fine highest-grade grasses, that will make a close, firm, green and lasting turf, which will improve with trampling.

Qt\$0	40	½ pk\$	1 25
2 gts	75	Pk	2 15
Bushel of 24 pounds.		·	8 00

Grass Mixture for Railroad Banks, etc.

A mixture of grasses with long, interlacing, matting roots that will bind steep embankments, gravelly or sandy slopes, etc., preventing washouts by rainstorms and covering with permanently green turf.

Qt	35	½ pk\$0	85
2 qts	60	Pk1	50
Bushel of 18 pounds	. .		50

Grass Seed Mixtures for Meadows and Pastures

It is a well-ascertained fact that a thicker and more prolonged growth is produced by a mixture of many sorts of grasses than by only one or two. For every different kind and condition of soil there are grasses that are especially suitable. Some sorts do best on high ground and in dry weather; others prefer plenty of moisture. Some mature so early and others so late that from the beginning of Spring until Winter sets in there is no time when one species or another is not at its best. Grass seed may be sown either early in Spring or in Fall from the first of September to the middle of October; in this latitude the best time to sow meadow grass seed is during the late Summer and early Fall, that being the natural seeding time for grass. This will, of course, not give very much of a crop the following year; the grass will be fine and thick, but rather short, and not a heavy yield. The best meadows are seeded alone, without any "nurse" crop, while if seeded with Rye, that crop being the stronger and quicker grower will monopolize the ground so that it will be another year before much of a crop of grass can be had.

For over a hundred years our house has made a specialty of grasses. We were probably the first to introduce to this country, for commercial distribution, the many valuable natural and cultivated foreign species that now take such an important part in our agricultural economy. The formation of permanent pastures and meadows has, for many years, been a subject of careful study with us, and the following formulæ for seeding grass-lands have received universal recognition. The quantities given are the minimum, and may often be increased to advantage.

MEADOW MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

No. 1. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet.

8 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

½ " Perennial Sweet Vernal.

2 " Sheep's Fescue.

10 " Perennial Rye Grass.

17 " Timothy.

2 " Red Clover.

1/2 " Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$9.00.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

No. 2. On High and Dry Land.

8 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

1 " Tall Meadow Oat Grass.

6 " Crested Dog's-tail.

2 " Orchard Grass.

4 " Sheep's Fescue.

13 " Timothy.

2 " Red Clover.

4 " Kentucky Blue Grass.

40 lbs. \$12.00.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

No. 3. On Wet Late Land.

12 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

6 " Orchard Grass.

2 " Meadow Fescue.

½ " Tall Fescue.

1 "Kentucky Blue Grass.

12 " Perennial Rye Grass.

5 " Timothy.

1 " Red Clover.

½ " Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. **\$9.00.**

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

PASTURE MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

No. 4. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet.

7 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

9 " Orchard Grass.

12 " Perennial Rye Grass.

7 " Kentucky Blue Grass.

3 " Timothy.

2 " Red Clover.

40 lbs. \$9.00.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

No. 5. On Dry Land.

5 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

8 " Orchard Grass.

10 "Timothy.

10 " Perennial Rye Grass.

2 " Red Clover.

4 " Kentucky Blue Grass.

No. 6. On Wet Land.

10 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

10 " Orchard Grass.

1 " Tall Fescue.

1 " Red Clover

12 " Perennial Rye Grass.

2 " Timothy.

3 " Kentucky Blue Grass.

1 " Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$9.50.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

40 lbs. **\$8.50.**

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

The various Grasses used in the above mixtures are fully described on the following pages.

We are always glad to make up Special Mixtures, and are pleased to answer inquiries as to the best grasses for different purposes and for sowing on various soils under varying climatic conditions.

Grass Seeds

We desire to call particular attention to the fact that Grass Seeds are sold in the trade by sample, and each sort is divided into three or four grades of quality, according to purity, germination and weight. The price of the best grade is often double that of the ordinary. The Grass Seeds here offered by us are in every case the VERY HIGHEST GRADE.

Not less than one pound of any one sort sold

Prices subject to market fluctuations during the season

The weight per bushel is average actual weight

AGROSTIS CANINA (Rhode Island Bent Grass). Resembles Red-Top (A. vulgaris, described below), but is of dwarfer habit, with shorter and narrower leaves. It makes a beautiful, close, fine turf, and is one of the very best grasses for lawns in mixture with other sorts. It adapts itself to almost any soil, rich and moist, or dry, sandy and sterile. 60 lbs. of seed to the acre is recommended for lawns. (16 lbs. to the bushel.)

Lb. \$0 60 | 25 lbs \$12 50 10 lbs 5 50 | 100 lbs 48 00

Bent, or South German Fiorin). The only true Creeping Bent Grass. The distinctive feature of this species is, as the name implies, its compact, creeping, rooting stems. It is of rapid growth and spreading habit, and the stoloniferous roots which it sends down into the soil form a strong, enduring turf that is positively improved by constant trampling. The other varieties of Agrostis are distinguished from this sort by their flattened, parallel surface roots. Being of fine texture, it is most valuable for lawns and putting-greens. If sown alone, 60 lbs. to the acre should be used. Doubtful if obtainable owing to conditions in Europe at present. Will give prices on application if practicable.

AGROSTIS VULGARIS (Red-Top; Herd's Grass). A very hardy, native perennial grass, succeeding best on moist land. It accommodates itself to a variety of soils, however, even to dry situations and stands our hot climate admirably. It is, perhaps, the most permanent grass we have, and it enters largely into the composition of our best natural pastures. It remains green for the greater part of the year, and its long, trailing stems form a very close, matting turf that is not affected by trampling. The seed, as usually sold, weighs 15 to 18 lbs. to the bushel, in its natural condition. Sow 4 bushels to the acre.

RED-TOP GRASS, FANCY HEAVY. Absolutely clean and free from chaff. About 36 lbs. to the acre. (36 lbs. to the bushel.)

Lb.....\$0 30 | 25 lbs.....\$6 00 10 lbs.....2 75 | 100 lbs......22 00

ALOPECURUS PRATENSIS (Meadow Foxtail).
One of the best permanent pasture grasses for rich, moist soil. Its chief characteristics are its earliness and its faculty of standing high Summer heats without burning. It prefers moist, low

ALOPECURUS PRATENSIS—Continued

grounds, but it accepts drier situations, and makes an earlier Spring verdure than any other variety. Sow only in connection with other grasses, 3 to 4 lbs. to the acre; if sown alone, 25 lbs. to the acre.

ANTHOXANTHUM ODORATUM (True Perennial Sweet Vernal Grass). For a mixture with pasture grasses, it is valuable on account of its vernal growth, and also for continuing to throw up root foliage until late in the Autumn. For meadows, its chief merit is the fragrant odor which the leaves emit when partially dried, thus sweetening hay. It is a vegetable condiment, rather than a grass of much nutritive value. From 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre when mixed with other grasses.

Lb......\$0 90 | 10 lbs.....\$8 00

AVENA ELATIOR (Tall Meadow Oat Grass). Most valuable for pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth; it produces an abundant supply of foliage, which is relished by cattle early and late. For hay it may be cut twice a year, and for green soiling it may be cut four or five times in favorable seasons. It is very hardy, and withstands extreme drought and heat and cold. It is very valuable for our Southern states, where it is extensively cultivated for Winter grazing and for hay. 50 lbs. to the acre.

Lb......\$0 35 | 25 lbs.....\$6 50 10 lbs.....3 00 | 100 lbs......24 00

BERMUDA GRASS (Cynodon dactylon). A most valuable grass for our Southern states, both for pasture and lawns. It is of dwarf habit, with long, creeping stems rooting at the joints and covering the ground with a matting of fine turf, which no amount of trampling will impair. It is also useful for binding drifting sand and for steep embankments subject to wash. When established it is difficult to eradicate, and is therefore unsuitable for temporary pastures. It requires heat and moisture to start it. As it cannot endure frost, it is of no value north of Virginia. It thrives in the poorest and sandiest soil, and resists extreme drought and intense tropical heat. It should be sown at the rate of 15 lbs. to the acre.

Lb......\$0 65 | 25 lbs.....\$13 00 10 lbs.....5 50 | 100 lbs.....50 00

BLUE GRASS, Canada. See Poa compressa.

- " English. See Festuca pratensis.
- " Kentucky. See Poa pratensis.

GRASS SEEDS-Continued

BROMUS INERMIS (Awnless or Smooth Brome Grass). An erect perennial, 3 to 5 feet high; native of Hungary. The nutritive quality of its hay, however, is generally inferior to that of our standard native sorts, so that we should recommend it only for dry, arid soils where the better and more delicate grasses would not grow. It is strongly stoloniferous, its creeping rootstocks spreading rapidly under ground and giving out new plants. It is on this account undesirable for temporary meadows, being difficult to eradicate when once established. Sow 35 to 40 lbs. to the acre.

BROMUS PRATENSIS (Meadow Brome Grass). A hardy perennial, 2 to 3½ feet high, much used in mixtures for meadows, both for mowing and pasture. It is not recommended to be sown alone except in poor soil, on dry, stony hillsides, where better grasses will not grow. It withstands extreme cold and drought, and, if cut before flowering, it makes a good hay. If left to grow older, it becomes very tough. 30 lbs. to the acre.

 Lb
 \$0 25 | 25 lbs
 \$5 00

 10 lbs
 2 25 | 100 lbs
 18 00

CYNOSURUS CRISTATUS (Crested Dog's-tail). A stoloniferous perennial, forming a smooth, compact and lasting turf. It thrives best on rich, moist land, but it can accommodate itself to almost any soil. Its roots penetrate deeply into the ground, which enables it to stand severe droughts. It makes a good bottom grass and is therefore valuable in mixtures for lawns and putting-greens. It thrives well in the shade. The color is the same as that of the Kentucky Blue Grass, and it is, therefore, excellent in mixture with that sort. If sown alone, 30 pounds to the acre is none too much, but it is recommended only in mixture with other sorts.

Lb. \$0 40 | 25 lbs \$8 00 10 lbs 3 50 | 100 lbs 30 00

DACTYLIS GLOMERATA (Orchard Grass; Cocksfoot). One of the grasses most employed in permanent meadows, either for pasture or for mowing. It is very hardy and succeeds well anywhere in the United States. It is very productive and makes excellent hay. If cut before it flowers it is less hard and the pith of the stem is soft and sweet. It blossoms about the same time as Red Clover, and is therefore, desirable in mixture with that plant. Stock of all kinds are very fond of it, either dry or green, and it endures constant cropping better than any other grass. After being mown, it grows up quickly and yields a heavier aftermath than any other variety. It can stand considerable shade, and is recommended as a pasture grass for woodlands. Its tendency to grow in tussocks is diminished if it is sown with other grasses, and also by heavy rolling in the Spring; but it is quite unsuitable for lawns. (14 lbs. to bushel.) Sow 3 to 4 bushels to the acre. Lb.....\$0 40 25 lbs. \$8 00

DOG'S-TAIL, CRESTED. See Cynosurus cristatus.

100 lbs.....30 00

10 lbs..... 3 50

FESTUCA DURIUSCULA (Hard Fescue). This is a variety of F. ovina, dwarfer and less vigorous in growth, but possessing all the other valuable characteristics of that variety. It is emphatically a grass for dry lands, doing well on sandy and shallow silicious soils. It is exceedingly hardy and withstands extremes of heat and cold, and also long periods of drought. For permanent pastures on poor lands, it is especially valuable; but it may also be used in meadow mixtures for well-manured clayey lands. In the latter case it has been known to yield a good crop of excellent hay and a very large aftermath. On account of its stooling habit, it is not recommended for lawns. Crop doubtful on account of the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

FESTUCA ELATIOR (*Tall Fescue*). This grass succeeds best in moist, alluvial and strong, clayey soils. It is very productive and of long duration, and is especially valuable for permanent pasture. Stock of all kinds eat it readily, and its nutritive value is very great. On rich, moist lands it yields a large amount of hay of excellent quality. It is not suitable for lawns. 40 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 70 | 25 lbs.....\$15 50 10 lbs.....6 50 | 100 lbs.....60 00

FESTUCA HETEROPHYLLA (Various-leaved Fescue). A very early, hardy perennial, 2 to 3 feet high, thriving best in cold, moist soils that are rich in humus and potash. In such soils it yields heavily, and is valuable in grass mixtures for permanent meadows either for mowing or grazing. Its great production of root-leaves makes it an excellent bottom grass. Its nutritive value is very high. It grows very well in the shade and is highly recommended for shaded lawns in mixture with other grasses. 40 lbs. to the acre. Crop doubtful on account of the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

FESTUCA OVINA (Sheep's Fescue). A native both of America and Europe. In our Northwestern states there are many varieties of it, some of which grow 2 to 3 feet high. It prefers dry uplands and thrives in poor, shallow, gravelly soils, where other grasses would fail. It is very hardy, resisting extreme heat and cold. Though of dwarf growth, it grows thickly, yielding a large amount of nutritious herbage. In grass mixtures, for pastures on high and dry lands, it is especially valuable. Though a "bunch grass," it may be included in lawn mixtures as well as in fair-green mixtures on account of its fine foliage and dwarf dense growth. 35 lbs. to the acre. Crop doubtful on account of the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

FESTUCA PRATENSIS (Meadow Fescue, or English Blue Grass). One of the grasses most used in permanent or temporary meadows for mowing or for pasture. It succeeds best in cold, moist, light soils, in well-drained meadows and in low valleys rich in organic matter. It should not be grown at all on warm, dry land. It does not reach its full development till the second or third years, when it far exceeds most other sorts in the

GRASS SEEDS-Continued

FESTUCA PRATENSIS—Continued

quantity of its produce and nutritive matter. After being mown, it grows again very quickly. The forage, either green or dried, is very nourishing and much relished by cattle, especially when cut young. 40 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 30 | 25 lbs.....\$5 50 10 lbs.....2 50 | 100 lbs......20 00

FESTUCA RUBRA (Red or Creeping Fescue).

True. A creeping-rooted species forming a close and lasting turf, and especially adapted for dry, sandy soils. It resists extreme drought, and thrives on very inferior soils, gravelly banks and exposed hillsides. It is also valuable for shady places in lawns, as well as for golf-courses and for binding shifting sands on the seashore. (24 lbs. to bushel). 30 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 50 | 25 lbs....\$10 50 10 lbs....4 50 | 100 lbs....40 00

FESTUCA TENUIFOLIA (Slender Fescue). This is really a variety of Festuca ovina, with much finer leaves. It will grow on very dry and inferior soils, and its dwarf habit of growth and fineness of leaf render it not unsuitable for dry slopes on lawns and golf-links. It stands grazing well, is very hardy, and lasts long, and may therefore be recommended for permanent pasture on high and dry situations. 30 lbs. to the acre. (22 lbs. to bushel.) Crop doubtful. Owing to the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

FOXTAIL. See Alopecurus pratensis.

HOLCUS LANATUS (Meadow Soft Grass; Velvet Grass). This grass is of fair agricultural value and it will thrive on poor soil, where better sorts will not grow. It is a perennial, very hardy and grows rapidly. As a forage plant its nutritive value is small, yet it makes a hay that is eaten readily by cattle, especially when it is sprinkled with salt. 35 lbs. to the acre. Crop doubtful. Owing to the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

HUNGARIAN GRASS. See Panicum germanicum.

JOHNSON GRASS. See Sorghum Halepense, p. 66.

LOLIUM PERENNE (Pacey's Perennial Rye Grass). Although called a perennial, it seldom lasts more than three or four years. It is the most valuable grass of Great Britain, both for pasture and for meadows, occupying there the same relative position of importance that Timothy holds here. The cool, moist climate of England seems to suit it best, yet it succeeds very well in our middle and eastern states, and adapts itself to a great diversity of soils. The seed is large and heavy, and produces a strong, verdant growth in four or five weeks after sowing. It cures into hay having a sweet flavor, and is much relished by cattle and horses. Its nutritive value, especially in mixture with Red Clover, is very great. It is excellent in nixtures for quick effects in lawns or golf-links. 60 lbs. to the acre. (28 lbs. to bushel.)

Lb\$0	20	25 lbs\$3	00
10 lbs	40	100 lbs11	00

LOLIUM PERENNE, Fancy. A carefully selected, short-seeded, dwarf-growing strain, suitable for lawns. Makes a fine green turf in three weeks.

Lb......\$0 20 | 25 lbs.....\$3 25 10 lbs......1 50 | 100 lbs......12 00

lasting two or three years, under very favorable circumstances, it is practically an annual. Like the Perennial Rye Grass, it is a remarkably rapid grower, and has, in addition, the advantage of standing extremes of temperature, remaining green throughout the Winter, and retaining its freshness in the hottest Summer months and during prolonged drought. When sown very thickly or in mixture with other sorts, it makes a good, dense turf, and it has been used with much satisfaction on lawns as far south as Jacksonville. On rich, moist soils, it is exceedingly productive and may be cut in four or five weeks after sowing, and every six weeks after that until frost. For temporary meadows, on good soils, it is a most valuable grass. 50 lbs. to the acre. (22 lbs. to bushel.)

Lb......\$0 20 | 25 lbs.....\$3 25 10 lbs...... 1 50 | 100 lbs....... 12 00

OAT GRASS. See Avena elatior.

ORCHARD GRASS. See Dactylis glomerata.

PANICUM GERMANICUM (Hungarian Grass). One of the most valuable annual soiling plants. It grows on any ordinary soil; withstands drought well. As it is of very rapid growth, being ready for cutting within sixty days, it may be sown in this latitude as late as the middle of July for hay, or in the middle of August for green fodder. It should be cut just before blooming, when it makes a tender and nutritious hay. Sow I to 1½ bushels to the acre. (50 lbs. to bushel.) Doubtful if obtainable owing to the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

PASPALUM DILATATUM (Australian Water Grass). A somewhat leafy perennial, growing in clumps. Valuable as a pasture grass for the South, endures Summer heat and drought very well and is especially desirable for furnishing late Summer and Autumn feed, during which period it makes its principal growth. Sow lightly on the surface in warm weather. The seed should barely be covered with soil. Sow from 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre, with 5 lbs. of Hungarian Grass as a temporary protection.

Lb......\$0 50 | 25 lbs.....\$10 50 10 lbs.....4 50 | 100 lbs.....40 00

PHLEUM PRATENSE (Timothy). A native of Europe, but long ago naturalized in America, where it ranks as by far the most important of hay grasses. On moist, loamy or clayey soil it produces a larger hay crop than any other grass. It is not so well suited for light, sandy soils, though preferring a moist, temperate climate, it withstands drought and extreme heat and cold. Its hay is very nourishing and can be preserved for a long time. It should be cut when flowering, as if left later the hay becomes hard and coarse.

GRASS SEEDS—Continued

PHLEUM PRATENSE (Timothy)-Continued

It is often sown with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, and the nutritive value of the hay is greatly increased by this mixture. If sown alone, at least 25 lbs. to the acre should be used; with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, 15 lbs. of Timothy, 12 lbs. of Red-Top Grass (Fancy) and 3 lbs. of Red Clover; or with Red Clover only, 20 lbs. of Timothy and 5 lbs. of Clover. The seed weighs 45 lbs. to the bushel. Several grades are always on the market, differing in purity and vitality, but the seed we offer is of the very highest quality and extra clean. It is always most economical to buy the highest grade, known as "Fancy."

Lb\$0	20	25 lbs	50
		100 lbs 13	

POA COMPRESSA (Canada Blue Grass). Highest grade. A very hardy perennial grass, with creeping root-stocks. It grows on the poorest and driest soils, sandy, gravelly or clayey, standing extremes of wetness or drought, and keeping green until the severe frosts of Winter. It is especially valuable for dairy pastures, cows feeding on it yielding the richest milk and finest butter. It is by its flattened, wiry stems and by its decidedly bluer color. 60 lbs. to the acre.

Lb\$0	20	25 lbs \$4	00
10 lbs 1	75	100 lbs15	00

POA NEMORALIS (Wood Meadow Grass). The chief characteristic of this grass is its special fitness for shaded positions in lawns and woodland parks, where other grasses will not grow. It is very permanent and hardy, resisting extremes of heat and cold, and is one of the first grasses to show a rich green growth in the Spring. The creeping roots are formed under ground, and make a good turf. Excellent for pasture. 30 lbs. to the acre. (19 lbs. to bushel.) Doubtful if obtainable owing to the war in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

POA PRATENSIS (Kentucky Blue Grass; June Grass). Highest grade. One of the most widely distributed and valuable native grasses. It combines more points of excellence than any other sort. It is a true perennial, lasting indefinitely and improving every year. Its densely creeping root-stocks, spreading habit and smooth, even

POA PRATENSIS (Kentucky Blue Grass)-Continued

growth, fine texture, and rich green color render it one of the very best grasses for lawns. It forms a close turf, starts, very early in the Spring, and lasts till frost. It succeeds in almost any soil—dry, rocky, sandy or gravelly—and stands long-continued dry weather and hot suns. It takes, however, two or three years to become well established, and should, therefore, be sown only in connection with other grasses. If the soil is especially suitable it will eventually crowd these out, and make the finest possible sward. It is one of our most valuable pasture grasses, very productive and nutritious. 50 lbs. to the acre.

Lb\$0	30	25 lbs\$6	50
10 lbs 2	75	100 lbs24	00

POA TRIVIALIS (Rough-stalked Meadow Grass). A spreading, thickly matted, stoloniferous-rooted species, forming a fine turf, and adapted for shaded portions of lawns. It thrives on rich, moist soil and in sheltered situations, but not on dry land. Valuable for forming bottom grass in mixtures for permanent pastures. 20 lbs. to the acre. (26 lbs. to bushel.)

Lb\$0	70	25 lbs\$16	00
10 lbs 6	50	100 lbs 60	00

SUDAN GRASS. This recently introduced grass belongs to the Sorghum family, and, according to the reports of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is a very valuable grass for hay, especially in sections subject to drought, making good yields nearly everywhere; it grows 4 to 9 ft. high according to cultivation, yielding 2 to 5 tons of excellent hay per acre, with as high as 9 tons under irrigation; should not be sown until the soil has become warm, about corn-planting time or a little earlier. Sow broadcast at the rate of 25 lbs. to the acre.

Lb......\$0 75 | 100 lbs.....\$60 **0**0

RED-TOP. See Agrostis vulgaris.

RYE GRASS. See Lolium italicum and Lolium perenne.

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS. See Agrostis canina.

TIMOTHY. See Phleum pratense.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. See Poa pratensis.

FOR CLOVERS, SEE NEXT PAGE

For Special Meadow and Pasture Mixtures, see page 57; and for Cereals and Field Corn, and Forage, Economical and Miscellaneous Seeds, see pages 64 to 66. Fertilizers are quoted on pages 147 and 148.

The books listed on pages 52 and 53 will be found invaluable helps to the Home or Commercial Gardener, the Farmer, Dairyman and the Stockman.

FARMOGERM. Nitro-gathering bacteria for Cowpeas, Soja Beans, Vetches, etc. Acre-bottle \$1.50; 5-acre bottle, \$5. See also, page 66.

Clovers

We quote present prices on Clovers as near as it is possible to offer them at, as we go to press. We shall be very glad to quote prevailing prices on all of them from time to time, and we solicit inquiries. It is understood, of course, that all are subject to market fluctuations.

Require	LFA, or uires deep, descends oose soil.	rich, we often to	ll-draine a depth	d soil. To of 1 0 to	he tap- 15 feet	
sistii	ng great d	roughts.	It shoul	d be sow	zn alone	
	ut same ti					
	oroughly p					
rate	of 20 to	25 lbs. to	o the ac	re. It m	nay also	į
be so	own as late	as Augus	st and up	to the m	iiddle of	
	embe <mark>r i</mark> n n					
shou	ld be cut	when the	he plant	is comi	ng into	,
	m. In suit					
crops	s may be o	cut every	year. A	\merican	seed.	
10 lb	s	. 2 75	$100 \; \mathrm{lbs}$		25 00	

ALSIKE, or HYBRID CLOVER (Trifolium hybridum). A perennial, 1 to 3 feet high, succeeding best in cold, stiff soils, and in marshy lands which are too wet for other species. It grows well in the far North and in high altitudes. A good honey plant for bees. 15 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 35 | 25 lbs.....\$7 50 10 lbs. 3 25 | 100 lbs. 28 00

BERSEEM, or EGYPTIAN CLOVER (Trifolium alexandrinum). Suitable for a rotating crop on irrigated lands. It is very succulent and much relished by stock. Its value as a soil-renovator is very high. Lb. 75 cts.

BOKHARA CLOVER (Melilotus alba). Valuable sort for soiling and for ensilage and bees. Grows from 3 to 5 feet high; sown in rich soil may be cut three times; lasts for years if cut before flowering. 15 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 40 25 lbs..... \$8 00 10 lbs..... 3 50 100 lbs.....30 00 RED CLOVER, MEDIUM (Trifolium pratense). One of the most valuable farm crops of the eastern states for pasture, hay, or for turning under for green manure. Sow in the Spring, 15 lbs. to the acre. Market price.

KIDNEY VETCH, or SAND CLOVER (Anthyllis vulneraria). A deep-rooted, herbaceous hardy perennial plant, valuable for dry, sandy and inferior soils, upon which Red Clover will not thrive. Eaten with avidity by sheep, cattle and horses; useful in mixture for dry soils. Sow 20 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.......\$0 60 | 25 lbs.....\$12 00 10 lbs......5 00 | 100 lbs......45 00 25 lbs.....\$12 00

CRIMSON, or SCARLET CLOVER (Trifolium incarnatum). Erect annual, 1 to 2 feet high, with bright scarlet flowers. A native of southern Europe; largely grown in our Southern states for improving the soil by turning under. Will not endure severe frost, and cannot be depended upon to stand the Winter north of New Jersey. It is a valuable crop for pasturage or green manure. For hay, cut when in full bloom. Sow 20 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 30 25 lbs..... \$5 50

WHITE CLOVER (Trifolium repens). White Clover is of dwarf habit, spreads rapidly and is very hardy. It is valuable in permanent pastures, being sweet and nutritious. Sow in Spring, 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 65

At the present time White Clover is extremely scarce and high-price for large quantities on application.

N.B.—All prices are subject to market fluctuations.

Books Invaluable to the Farmer, Dairyman, Stockman, etc. KINDLY ORDER BY NUMBER.

No. 3. Alfalfa. Its growth, uses and feeding value. By F. D. Coburn. 164 pp. Cloth. No. 29. Clovers and How to Grow Them. By Thomas Shaw. Cloth. Illustrated. 337 pp.. 1 00

No. 67. Farm and Garden Rule Book. A manual of ready rules and references. Indispensable to every farmer and gardener, fruit-grower, dairyman, etc. By Prof. L. H.

No. 283. Soiling Crops and the Silo. Cultivating and Harvesting-How to build, fill, and

For other practical and useful publications see extensive list on pages 52, 53.

Cereals

Customers will please add cost of bags when ordering, as follows: ½ bushel 15 cts.; 1 bushel, 18 cts.; 2 bushels, 23 cts.

The prices of some varieties may change as the season advances. Prices are F. O. B. New York.

FIELD CORN (56 lbs. to the bushel.) All grown especially for seed

Ears of most sorts from 3 to 5 cts. each

Flint Varieties	Qt.	Pk.	Bus.
Angel of Midnight. Yellow flint; 8-rowed; good sized		\$0 85	\$2 50
Compton's Early Flint. Small grain; yellow; 12-rowed; large; white cob. Golden Dewdrop. Fine Flint variety. King Philip. Early; reddish yellow flint; 8-rowed. Large White Flint. Long, slim ears; pure white grain. Large Yellow Flint. Deep yellow grains; medium early. Longfellow (Yellow Flint). Small cob and large grain; popular 8-rowed variety. Sanford or Long White Flint. Large; 8-rowed; ears of unusual length.	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	85 85 85 85 85 85 85	2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50
Dent Varieties			
Bloody Butcher. Red grain; great yielder; one of the very best; valuable for ensilage	00	0.0	0.05
or field purposes. Champion White Pearl. Large grain; 14 to 18 rows; ripens in about 95 days Chester County Mammoth. Medium-sized, yellow grains; very large ears; late. Golden Beauty. Large grain; small cob; long ears; medium early Hickory King. Large grain; small cob; white dent; ripens in about 120 days. Iowa Gold Mine. Dent; deep grain; ripens in about 90 days. Iowa Silver Mine. Large grain; Dent; white cob; ripens in about 100 days. King of the Earliest Yellow Dent. Ears medium size, fine quality. Leaming Early. Large; deep grains; dull yellow; early and productive. Legal Tender. Large, comparatively early. Mastodon. Early strong grower, large ears and grains, very productive. Pride of the North. Very large ears, deep grains, earliest of all	20 20 20 20 20 15 15 20 20 20 20	80 80 80 85 80 85 80 85 80	2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25
Snowflake White Dent. Pure white, 12 to 18 rows, ripens in 100 to 110 days in			
average seasons. White Cap Yellow Dent. Good-sized ears; early. Wisconsin White Dent.	$\frac{20}{20}$	85 80 80	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 25 \\ 2 & 25 \end{array}$
Fodder and Ensilage Varieties			
Cuban Giant Ensilage. Very prolific	20 20	80 80	2 25 2 25
hill Virginia Horse Tooth. For fodder and ensilage White-Cob Ensilage	$\frac{20}{20}$	95 85 80	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 25 \end{array}$
Pop Corn (Shelled)	Qt.	½ Pk.	Pk.
Golden Queen		\$0 80 80 80 80 80 80	\$1 25 1 25 1 25 1 25 1 25 1 25
MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS All subject to change in 1	price		
BARLEY. (48 lbs. to bus.) 2 bushels to OATS. (32 lbs. to the bus.)	2 to	3	
the acre. Champion. Beardless Bus. bushels to the acre. Canada Cluster		Qt.	Bus.
Champion. Beardless \$2 25 Canada Cluster	• • • •	.\$0 15	$\begin{array}{c} \$1 \ 50 \\ 2 \ 50 \end{array}$
BUCKWHEAT. (48 lbs. to bus.) 2 bushels to the acre. American Silver Hull. EarlyAbout 2 25 Japan. Productive; large grainsAbout 2 25 Sow 1½ bushels to the acre. Winter Excelsior. Long, stiff Sow 1½ bushels to the acre.	½ to strav	2 v.	2 00
MILLET. (50 lbs. to the bus.) Mammoth Winter. Very fine grows 6 to 7 fort high civin			2 00
Golden, or German. Extra-large Lb. 100 lbs. seed-heads. 1½ bus. to the acre. \$0 10 \$6 50 Japan Barnyard (Panicum Crus- 20 to 40 lbs. to the acre. 18 14 00 bus.) 1½ bus. to the acre.	rariet to th	ey 20	2 50
Rupert's Giant. Daid, red	grair	1.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$
Pearl. Southern fodder-plant.201600Red Wave.BeardlessSiberian.10750Klondyke.White grain; baWhite French. White grain.252000Spring Wheat	ld		3 00 3 00 3 50



Soja Beans

Forage, Economical and Miscellaneous Seeds

Except where noted, these seeds are not sold in packets. From 10 cts. to 25 cts. worth is the smallest quantity put up. All subject to change in price.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semibaccata). Thrives in soils on which nothing else will grow, and it is highly recommended for alkali soils and all regions subject to periodical drought. It is very nutritious, and good for all kinds of livestock. Two or three pounds of seed are sufficient for an acre. The seed may be sown in beds, and the seedlings planted out when 2 inches high, 3 feet apart. Grows strong and vigorously in the driest seasons. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.

BEANS (60 lbs. to the bushel)-

Velvet Bean (Dolichos multiflorus). Used in the South as a forage plant, and as a fertilizer plant for turning under. Stock readily eat the vines and leaves, and the Beans, when ground with or without the pod, are used in place of oats or corn, or mixed with them. Plant in rows 4 feet apart and 1 foot in the row, 2 or 3 Beans in a place, as soon as danger of frost is past. The vines are strong and vigorous in growth, rapidly covering the ground, and bearing immense quantities of Beans. Qt. 25 cts., bus. \$5.

Soja Bean (Glycine hispida). Thrives well in hot and dry weather. Plant at the rate of ½ to ¾ bushel to the acre, in drills 2½ or 3 feet apart and cultivate same as field corn. It does not make good hay, but is good as ensilage or green fodder.

Soia Beans-Continued

Hollybrook Early. A vigorous, quick-growing variety. Pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.

Mammoth Yellow. The largest-growing Soja Bean, valuable for green fodder and for improving the soil. Pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

BEGGAR-WEED (Florida or Giant Beggar-Weed; Desmodium tortuosum). An erect, leguminous annual, growing from 3 to 8 feet high, with abundant foliage, valuable as forage or for soil renovation in subtropical regions; it also makes hay of a fine quality. It should be sown at the rate of 10 lbs. to the acre, after the ground is warm and moist. The seed should be but very lightly covered. If for hay, it should be cut just as it begins to bloom. Lb. 40 cts., 100 lbs. \$35.

BERSEEM. See under Clover, page 62.

BROOM CORN (Sorghum vulgare). (12 quarts to the acre). Broom Corn succeeds in a good, deep soil, fresh but not damp, and it is very sensitive to cold.

Long-Brush Evergreen. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$6.

Improved Dwarf. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$6. California Golden Long-Brush. Grows from 12 to 14 feet high. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs.

FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS—Continued

CASTOR BEAN (Ricinus). The plant from which Castor-oil is made. Qt. 25 cts., bus. \$6.

CHICORY, Large-rooted (Cichorium Intybus). When the roots are dried, roasted and ground they become the Chicory of commerce, and are used in adulterating coffee. Oz. 10 cts., lb. 90 cts.

COWPEAS (Vigna Catjang). Specially adapted to warm countries; extensively grown in our Southern states, also valuable in this latitude as a fodder-plant. The chief value of Cowpeas, however, is as a green crop to plow under. seed should not be sown till the ground has become well warmed. Sow 1 bushel to the acre, in drills; 2 or $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to the acre if sown broadcast.

Black. Standard variety; early and very prolific.

Pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5. Clay. A little later than the Black; prolific in both peas and growth of vine. Pk. \$1.50, bus.

New Era. Upright-growing, quick to mature and very prolific of peas. Pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.25 Whippoorwill. A favorite sort; makes a good

growth of vine and very good for improving the land. Pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.

MER. (Sometimes advertised as "Speltz," though this name is incorrect, the true Speltz being a different article.) It is grown quite extensively in the Northwest, having been brought by the Germans from Russia, where it is considered a valuable cereal on account of its hardiness and drought-resisting qualities. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$7.

ESPARSETTE. See Onobrychis sativa.

FURZE (Ulex europaea). Also known as Whin and Gorse. A perennial leguminous shrub. The crushed sprigs of one year's growth of this shrub furnish an excellent green fodder in Winter. It grows well on barren hillsides and in sandy soil. Sheep are fond of it. 25 lbs. to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.50.

JERSEY WINTER KALE, or Cow Cabbage. Excellent for feeding cattle; very hardy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

JUTE (Corchorus). Annual. Thrives in any good Corn ground. Sow in drills, about 8 inches apart, 4 lbs. to the acre. Requires no cultivation, as it will outstrip in growth all weeds. May be also sown broadcast, 6 or 7 lbs. to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. 75 cts.

KAFFIR CORN. See Sorghum, page 66.

KIDNEY VETCH, or Sand Clover. See Clovers,

page 62.

LOTUS corniculatus (Bird's-foot Trefoil). Perennial; used in pastures. Cattle and sheep eat it readily, and it is said to be quite nutritious. It grows on the lightest and most sterile soils, and can withstand severe droughts. Is excellent for sowing in mixture for dry pastures. Lb. \$1. villosus, or major (Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil).

Lb. \$2.

LUPINE, Yellow. Succeeds well in the poorest soil, and is exceedingly valuable for plowing in to improve sandy soils It makes good forage, either green or as hay. The seeds are very fattening when used with hay. Sow in the Spring when the ground has become thoroughly warm, at the rate of 90 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 15 cts. 100 lbs. \$8.00.

LUPINE—Continued

White (Large Flat Seed). One of the best plants known for green manure, as it gathers large quantities of nitrogen from the air. It may be sown from April to July, and plowed under when in flower. The seed, when burned, is excellent manure for orange and olive trees. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

Blue. Used for the same purpose as the White. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$8.00.

See Miscellaneous Cereals, page 63.

ONOBRYCHIS sativa (French, Sainfoin; German, Esparsette). A perennial leguminous plant, belonging to the same family as Clover and Lucerne. It is a valuable plant for growing on poor land and barren hillsides. When once well established, it lasts for many years. If to be used for hay, cut just before the flowering period. Sow in Spring, covering the seeds quite deeply, at the rate of 80 lbs. to 100 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

OSAGE ORANGE (Maclura aurantiaca). Useful for hedges. Lb. 75 cts., 25 lbs. and upwards at 60 cts. per lb.

PEARL MILLET (Penicillaria spicata). A valuable fodder-plant for the South; is enormously productive. Sow the seed in drills 18 inches apart and 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$16.

PEAS, Canadian Field. Valuable for northern climates, for cattle-feeding, especially for milch cows. This pea also makes fine ensilage and for plowing under as a green manure has no equal. It is sown broadcast in the Spring and harrowed in $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 bushels to the acre. If sown with oats, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to the acre. Qt. 25 cts. bus. \$4.50.

PENICILLARIA spicata. See Pearl Millet.

POPPY, Opium (Papaver somniferum). The seed furnishes an agreeable sweet oil, used for the table, also for painting and for illuminating. May be sown in Spring, either broadcast or in drills, covering thinly. Also cultivated for opium. Oz. 20 cts., lb. \$1.

RAPE, Dwarf Essex English (Brassica napus). Largely grown in the northern United States, and in Canada. It is excellent for sheep-pasture and also for soiling. It may be sown in May, and will be ready for pasturing in July and August; or, it may be sown in June or July, and yet furnish a large amount of pasture or fodder. In drills, sow 5 lbs. to the acre; sown broadcast, 10 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

REANA luxurians (Teosinte). (Short crop.) A valuable fodder-plant from Central America, in growth resembling Indian corn. Well adapted to our Southern states. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.

SAINFOIN. See *Onobrychis*, above.

SALT BUSH. See Australian Salt Bush, page 64.

SORGHUM. Twenty-five pounds required to the acre if sown in drills. For dry fodder, 2 bushels should be sown to the acre.

Early Amber Sugar Cane. Ripens wherever Indian corn matures. Grows 10 to 12 feet high. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$7.

Brown Dhoura. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$7.

FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS-Continued

SORGHUM—Continued

Halepense (Johnson Grass). One of the most valuable Southern fodder plants. On rich soils it may be cut three or four times in a single season, and it is claimed that hay made from it is equal in value to Timothy. Sow in August and September, 35 to 40 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

Holcus saccharatus (Sugar Millet). Rich in saccharine matter, and a large amount of nutritive fodder can be obtained from it. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

Jerusalem Corn (White Dhoura). Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

Red Kaffir Corn, or Sorghum. Non-saccharine. The plant is low, stalky, perfectly erect. The whole stalk, as well as the blades, cures into excellent fodder, and in all stages it is available for green feed. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$6.

White Kaffir Corn. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$6.

Early Orange Sugar Cane. Ripens about ten days after Early Amber, and is said to produce a larger crop. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$6.

Shallu. A non-saccharine Sorghum from India, also known as Egyptian wheat. Requires more room to develop than ordinary Sorghum, and consequently needs less seed to sow an acre. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$7.

Yellow Branching (Yellow Millo Maize). Non-saccharine; useful for the large amount of foliage, green feed or cured fodder that it furnishes, and for its grain. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$5.

SPURRY (Spergula arvensis). Annual. well on poor, dry, sandy soil; may be sown every month from March to August. Excellent pasture for cattle and sheep; also of much value as a fertilizer for light soil. 15 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12. Giant Spurry. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

SUNFLOWER, Large Russian. Lb. 12 cts., 100

See Reana luxurians, page 65. TEOSINTE.

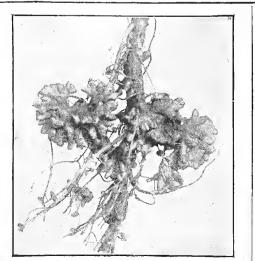
TOBACCO SEED. See pages 50, 51.
ULEX europæa. See Furze, page 65.
VELVET BEAN. See page 64.



Vetch

VETCHES, Spring Tares (Vicia sativa). Sown broadcast at rate of 60 to 100 lbs. to the acre. like wheat or barley, and sometimes mixed with oats for soiling. Used in France and Canada as a substitute for Peas. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 12 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

Sand, Winter or Hairy Vetch (vicia villosa). Thrives on poor, arid, sandy soils. It may be sown either in Fall or in Spring, mixed with rye for a support. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and can be cut as soon as the bloom appears and again for the seed. Perfectly hardy. Sow from 30 to 50 lbs. to the acre. Price variable. Present quotation: Lb. 25 cts. 100 lbs. \$22.



FARMOGERM

A preparation of high-bred, nitrogen-gathering bacaccording to directions. Bottles contain enough Farmaccording to directions. Bottles contain enough Farmaccording to directions. Prepared for the following crops:

White Clover Red Clover Crimson Clover Alsike Clover Alfalfa Clover Garden Beans

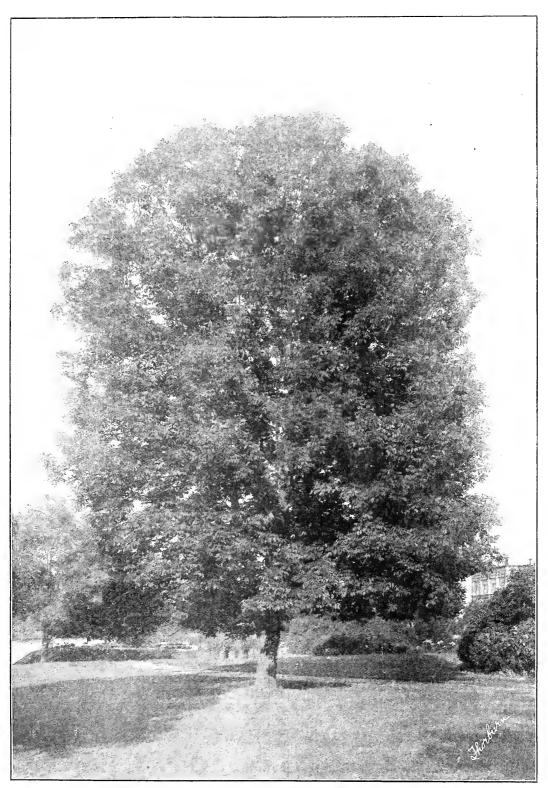
Cowpeas Vetches Canada Field Peas Garden Peas Sweet Peas Soy Beans

Price per acre bottle, \$1.50; per five-acre bottle, State for what crop Farmogerm is wanted, when ordering.

Also in garden size, enough for 1,000 square feet or a 200-foot row, at 50 cts. per bottle, for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas and White Clover, each crop requiring a different bottle. We secure cultures fresh from the laboratory, hence it takes two or three days to fill orders.

ALL CROP FARMOGERM good for any Crop, Garden or Field.

One acre size Can....



Fraxinus Americana alba

Tree and Shrub Seeds

To preserve seeds of Conifers and other Evergreen Trees, it is best to keep them in perfectly dry sand until the time of sowing. For this latitude the seeds should be sown thinly, as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, in beds of fine, sandy loam. Cover to the depth of about the thickness of the seed, and press the beds gently with the back of the spade to firm the earth around the seeds. Great care must be taken not to give too much water, as the young plants damp off very easily. Water with a very fine rose, but never so that the ground becomes soggy. Some shade must be used to protect the young plants from the hot sun and winds, and to keep the birds from destroying them. Seeds of the rarer sorts may be sown in coldframes or boxes; if in coldframes the sashes should be shaded and the frames raised at the corners 3 or 4 inches to allow the air to circulate freely. Keep the young plants well weeded, and allow them to remain one to two years before transplanting.

The propagation of Deciduous Trees from seed is less difficult than that of Evergreen species. Acorns, Hickorynuts, Chestnuts and Walnuts should be planted in Autumn, or kept during the Winter in earth or moss. They shrivel up by too long exposure to the air, and many of them lose their vitality. Those seeds with hard shells, like the Locust, Gymnocladus, etc., should be planted in Autumn or placed in boxes with sand, and exposed to frost before planting. They may not germinate till the second year after planting, and if they are received too late in the Spring to expose them to the action of the frost, they may be put into a vessel of hot water for an hour or so before planting. American Elm, Silver Maple and a few other sorts ripen their seeds early in Summer, and, if gathered and planted soon after they fall from the tree, will make fine plants the same season. The seeds of other Deciduous Trees and Shrubs should be planted from the middle of April to the middle of May, in drills about 2 feet apart, and covered about ½ inch in depth, according to size.

Some of the varieties here offered are on hand now; many are due from foreign countries, where they are being collected for us. Owing to the war in Europe, we are, of course, uncertain of getting all of them. As the season advances, many sorts become worthless from various causes, or are sold out, and cannot be replaced until the new crop is ready next season.

EVERGREEN TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than an ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at over 25 cents per ounce; of these, 25-cent packets may be ordered.

Abies amabilis (Silver Fir)	1	oz. 80 80 45 35 60 50 75 35 00 20	8 4 3 6 5 5 10 7 3	00 00 50 50 00 00	australis or parential principal pri
Arctostaphylos glauca (Great-berried Manzanita)tomentosa (Wooly-branched Strawberry Tree)		30 30		00	rigida (Northern Sabiniana (Sabin Strobus (White I Torreyana (Torr
Cryptomeria japonica (Japan Cedar). Cupressus		35		50	Schinus molle (Fa
horizontalis (Horizontal Cypress) macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress) pyramidalis Fir Tree. See Abies and Picea.		$\frac{20}{30}$ $\frac{20}{20}$	3	00 00 00	Pine of Japan) Sequoia gigantea. sempervirens (Ca Spruce Tree. See
Juniperus virginiana (Red Cedar) Libocedrus decurrens (California		10		00	Taxus baccata (En Yew) Thuja
White Cedar Photinia arbutifolia Picea Douglasii (Douglas Spruce) Engelmanni		50 20 60 70	$\frac{2}{6}$	00 00 00 00	aurea (Golden Angigantea (Giant Corientalis (Chines occidentalis (Ame Tsuga canadensis.
flexilis (Graceful Pine). heterophylla. Edulis (American Nut Pine) Menziesii (Menzie's Fir) Ajanensis. From Japan pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)		50 60 40 60 55 80	6 4 6 5	00 00 00 00 00	Sieboldii (Sieboldii (Sieboldii (Sieboldii (Sieboldii (Sieboldii Adam's Needle filamentosa (Adagloriosa

Pinus	Per oz.	Per. lb.					
australis or palustris (Southern							
Pine)	30	3 00					
contorta	60	6 00					
densiflora (Japan Pine)	25	2 50					
rubra (Red Spruce) inops (New Jersey Scrub Pine) Jeffreyana (Jeffrey's Pine)	50	- 00					
inops (New Jersey Scrub Pine)	60	6 00					
Ieffreyana (Jeffrey's Pine)	40	4 00					
koraiensis. From Japan	30	3 00					
Lambertiana (Sugar Pine)	30	3 00					
laricio (Corsican Pine)	20	2 00					
maritima (Seaside Pine)	$\overline{15}$	1 25					
mitis (Short-leaved Pine)	70						
monticola (Mountain White Pine)	80	8 00					
ponderosa (Heavy Pine)	45	4 50					
rigida (Northern Pitch Pine)	45	4 50					
Sabiniana (Sabine's Nut Pine)	25	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$					
Strobus (White Pine)	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$					
Torreyana (Torrey's Pine)	30	3 00					
Schinus molle (False Pepper)	15	1 50					
Sciadopitys verticillatus (Umbrella	40	4 00					
Pine of Japan)							
Sequoia gigantea		10 00					
sempervirens (California Redwood).	70	7 00					
Spruce Tree. See Abies and Picea.							
Taxus baccata (English or European							
Yew)	30	3 00					
Thuja							
aurea (Golden Arborvitæ)	25						
gigantea (Giant Oregon Arborvitæ).	50	5 00					
orientalis (Chinese Arborvitæ)	15	1 50					
occidentalis (American Arborvitæ)	40	4 00					
Tsuga canadensis	60	6 00					
Sieboldii (Siebold's Japan Spruce)	60	6 00					
Yucca angustifolia (Narrow-leaved							
Adam's Needle)	35	3 50					
Adam's Needle)filamentosa (Adam's Needle)	50	5 00					
rianientosa (Audin S Iveeule)	75	9 00					
gloriosa	10						

DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than an ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at over 25 cents per ounce; of these, 25-cent packets may be ordered

Acer	Per oz.	Per 1b.	1	Per oz.	Per lb.
negundo (Box Maple)	10	75	Cinnamomum Camphora (Cam-	20	2.00
platanoides (Norway Maple)	10	75	phor)	30	3 00
pseudo platanus (Sycamore Maple). rubrum (Swamp Maple)	10 15	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 1 \ 50 \end{array}$	Citrus trifoliata (Hardy Japan Orange)	20	2 00
saccharum (Sugar Maple)	30	3 00	Cladrastis lutea (Yellow-wood Tree).	50	5 00
Saccharinum	10	· 7 5	Clematis virginiana	25	2 50
Æsculus hippocastrum (Horse Chest-			Clethra alnifolia (Sweet Pepper Bush)	15	1 50
nut)		25	acuminata	15	1 50
Ailanthus glandulosus (Tree of Heav-	15	1 50	Cornus alternifolia	10	1 00
en)	15 15		florida (Flowering Dogwood)	10	75
Amorpha Montana	19	1 50	mascula (Cornelian Cherry)	10	75
Ampelopsis quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper)	20	2 00	Nuttalli	15	1 50
Andromeda arborea (Sour Wood)	20	2 00	paniculata (Panicled-flowered Dogwood)	15	1 50
Aralia cordata (Udo Salad)	20	2 00	sericea (Silky Cornel)	15	1 50
spinosa (Virginia Angelica Tree)	$\frac{20}{20}$		stolonifera (Osier Dogwood)	15	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{35}{25}$
Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's			Corylus americana (American Hazel).	10	75
Pipe)	80	8 00	rostrata (Beaked Hazel)	10	80
Ash. See Fraxinus.			Cratægus		
Asimina triloba (Pawpaw)	20	2 00	coccinea (Scarlet-fruited Thorn)	10	75
Azalea Vaseyi	50	5 00	Crus-galli (Cockspur Thorn)	10	1 00
Berberis canadensis	20	2 00	monogynaoxycantha (Hawthorne)	10 10	1 00 60
Thunbergii. Fine for hedges	20		Cydonia japonica (Japan Quince)	25	2 50
vulgaris (Common)	15	1 50	Deutzia crenata	25	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$
Betula alba (White European Birch)	10	65.	scabra (White Deutzia)	$\frac{26}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$
lenta (Mountain Mahogany)	40	4 00	Diospyrus Virginiana (American Per-		- 55
populifolia (Poplar-leaved Birch)	20	$\frac{1}{2} 00$	simmon)	10	75
Callicarpa americana (French Mul-			Dirca palustris (Leatherwood)	20	2 00
berry)	10	75	Dogwood. See Cornus.		
Calycanthus floridus (Common Caro-		1 50	Elæagnus umbellata	20	2 00
lina Allspice)	15	1 50	angustifolia (Narrow-leaved Oleas-		
Camellia japonica. From Japan	30	3 00	ter)	15	1 25
Camphor. See Cinnamomum.			longipes (Long-stalked Oleaster)	20	2 00
Carpenteria californica	2 00		Eucalyptus Amygdaline (Peppermint Tree)	45	4 50
Carpinus americana	15	1 25	gigantea (Stringy-bark Tree)	45	4 50
Carya amara (Bitternut)		20	globulus (Tasmania Blue Gum)	50	5 00
alba (Shellbark Hickory)		20	leucoxylon (Australian Iron Bush)	45	4 50
porcina (Pignut)sulcata (Big Shellbark Hickory)		$\frac{20}{20}$	obliqua (Stringy-bark Tree)	35	3 50
tomentosa (Mockernut)		$\frac{20}{20}$	pauciflora (White Gum)	60 50	$\frac{6}{5} \frac{00}{00}$
olivæformis (Pecan Nut)		30	robusta (Brown Gum) rostrata (Red Gum)	50	5 00
Castanea			Stuartiana (Apple-scented Gum	00	0 00
americana (American Chestnut)		20	Tree)	55	5 50
Catalpa speciosa. True Hardy Catal-	۰.۳	0 70	viminalis (Blue Gum)	55	5 50
pa	25	2 50	Euonymus americana (Burning Bush)	15	1 50
Ceanothus	20	2 00	Fagus americana (American Beech)	10	75
americanus (New Jersey Tea) thyrsiflorus (California Lilac)	$\frac{20}{20}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	Fraxinus americana alba (White	10	1 00
Celastrus scandens (Climbing Bitter-		2 00	American Ash) oregona (Oregon Ash)	$\frac{10}{30}$	$\frac{1}{3} \frac{00}{00}$
sweet)	25	$2\ 25$	Fremontia	90	5 00
articulatus (Staff Tree)	25	$2\ 25$	californica (Slippery Elm of Cali-		
paniculata	25	2 25	fornia)	1 25	
Celtis occidentalis (American False	00	0.00	Gleditschia triacanthos (Honey Lo-		
Elm)	20	2 00	cust)	10	75
Celphalanthus occidentalis	10	1 00	Gymnocladus canadensis (Kentucky	10	1 00
Cercidiphyllum japonicum	60	6 00	Coffee Tree)	10	1 00
Cercis canadensis (Am. Judas Tree)	15	1 75	Halesia tetraptera (Silver Bell)	15	1 50
Chionanthus Virginica (Va. Fringe	0"	0 70	Hamamelis virginica (Witch Hazel).	15	1 50
Tree)	25	2 50	Holly. See <i>Ilex</i> .		

DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS—Continued

F	er oz.	Per	r lb.		Per oz.	Per lb.
Hibiscus Syriacus (Rose of Sharon)	15		50	Robinia pseudacacia (Yellow or		
Ilex opaca (American Holly)	15	1	50	Black Locust)	10	1 00
verticellata (Deciduous Holly)	10	1	00	Rosa canina (Brier Rose). Clean seed carolina (Swamp Rose)	10 10	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{00}{00}$
Itea Virginica (Virginian Willow)	15	1	50	blanda (Early Wild Rose)	10	75
Juglans				rubiginosa (Sweetbrier)	20	1 50
cinera (Butternut)			15	rugosa	20	1 75
cordiformis. From Japan	10	1	00	Salisburia adiantifolia (Maidenhair		
nigra (Black Walnut)	10		15	Tree)	15	1 25
sieboldii. From Japan	10		60	Sambucus canadensis (American El-		1 05
Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)	35		50	der)	15	1 25
Larix leptolepis (Japanese Larch)	30		00	Sassafras officinale (Sassafras Tree)	15	1 50
Ligustrum ibota	15	1	25	Styrax americana	15	1 50
vulgare (Common Privet)	10		80	Symphoricarpus		1.05
Liquidambar styraciflua (Sweet	40		00	racemosa (Crimson Snowberry)	15	1 25
Gum)	40		00	Taxodium distichum (Deciduous Cy-	15	1 50
Liriodendron tulipifera	10	1	00	press)	15	1 50
Locust. See Gleditschia and Robinia.				Tecoma radicans (Trumpet Creeper).	20	1 75
Maclura aurantiaca (Osage Orange)	- 10		75	Tilia americana (American Basswood)	15	1 25
25 lbs. and up at 60 cts. per lb	10		75	Ulex europæa (Furze, Gorse or Whin).	15	1 50
Magnolia acuminata (Cucumber Tree)	20	9	00	Ulmus americana (American White		1 50
glauca (Sweet Bay)	20		00	Elm)	15	1 50
grandiflora (Large-flowered Magno-		_		Vaccinium stamineum	15	1 25
lia)	20		00	Viburnum acerifolium (Dockmackie)	15	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$
tripetala (Umbrella Tree)	35		50	Lantana (Wayfaring Tree) prunifolium (Black Haw)	15 15	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{30}{25}$
Kobus. From Japan	30	3	00	Walnuts. See Juglans.	10	1 20
macrophylla (Green-leaved Magno-	30	2	00	Wistaria Brachybotrys	45	4 50
lia)	50	0	00	b chinensis (Chinese Wistaria)	30	3 00
Maple. See Acer.				chinensis alba (White Chinese Wis-		0 00
Morus	25	9	50	taria)	45	4 50
rubra tatarica (Russian Mulberry)	$\frac{23}{40}$: 00			
tatarica (Russian Mulberry)				FRUIT SEEDS		
		4				50
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica	40	2	00	FRUIT SEEDS Apricot Pits		50 80
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa	40 20 10	2	00 00 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard.		80 1 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum)	40 20	2	00	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic.		80
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa	40 20 10	2	00 00 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutchpkt. 10c.	20	80 1 00 60 2 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum)	40 20 10	4	00 00 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutchpkt. 10c White Dutch	30	80 1 00 60
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus	40 20 10 10	4 2	 00 00 75 75 75 	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutchpkt. 10c.	30	80 1 00 60 2 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus americanus (Wild Plum)	40 20 10 10 10	1	 75 75 75 75 75 	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutchpkt. 10c White Dutch	30	80 1 00 60 2 00 3 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus americanus (Wild Plum) serotina (Wild Black Cherry)	40 20 10 10	1	75 75 75 00 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutch. pkt. 10c. White Dutch. "10c. Peach Pits, Natural. qt. 20c., bus. \$3 Plum Pits, Mirabelle. Myrobolan.	30	80 1 00 60 2 00 3 00 60 1 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus americanus (Wild Plum) serotina (Wild Black Cherry) Quercus alba (White Oak)	40 20 10 10 10	1	75 75 75 75 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutch pkt. 10c. White Dutch 10c. Peach Pits, Natural qt. 20c., bus. \$3 Plum Pits, Mirabelle. Myrobolan. St. Julien.	30	80 1 00 60 2 00 3 00 60 1 00 1 25
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus americanus (Wild Plum) serotina (Wild Black Cherry) Quercus alba (White Oak) aquatica (Water Oak)	40 20 10 10 10	1	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutch	30 30	80 1 00 60 2 00 3 00 60 1 00 1 25 3 00
tatarica (Russian Mulberry) Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) Negunda aceroides (Box Elder) Nyssa multiflora (Sour Gum) Osage Orange. See Maclura. Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball) Prunus americanus (Wild Plum) serotina (Wild Black Cherry) Quercus alba (White Oak) aquatica (Water Oak) coccinea (Scarlet Oak)	40 20 10 10 10	1	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 25	Apricot Pits. Cherry Pits, Mahaleb. Black Mazzard. Domestic. Currant, Red Dutch. pkt. 10c. White Dutch. "10c. Peach Pits, Natural. qt. 20c., bus. \$3 Plum Pits, Mirabelle. Myrobolan. St. Julien. Quince Seed. Raspberry, Yellow.	30 30 30	80 1 00 60 2 00 3 00 60 1 00 1 25
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Flower Seeds

PRACTICAL DIRECTIONS FOR CULTURE, TREATMENT, ETC.

HARDY ANNUALS (hA).—Sow in April or May, according to the latitude, in shallow boxes or pots placed in a warm window, a hotbed, or, if possible, in a greenhouse. A second sowing ought to be made from two to four weeks after for a succession, as well as to provide against failure the first time. For sowing seeds in there is nothing better than shallow boxes from 2 to 3 inches deep, and of any convenient size. The most suitable soil for all the smaller kinds is a very fine, rich, sandy loam. That from old hotbeds sis excellent, or sods from an old pasture piled up and allowed to rot for two or three years and then mixed with a little old stable manure and sand. After the seeds are up care must be taken to give them plenty of air and moisture, yet not too much water, or they will "damp off." When the young plants are well out of the seed-leaf they must be transplanted to new boxes. If pots 2 inches or more in diameter can be had, set out from three to a dozen or more of the young seedlings along the edges of the pot, so that as soon as the ground is warm enough they may be easily turned out and planted singly, as by that time they will have made good roots. When pots cannot be had, boxes, tin cans, etc., may be substituted.

A common mistake in sowing flower, as well as other seeds, is covering too deeply. The exception to this is the Sweet Pea which is seldom planted deep enough. As a general rule, cover only to the depth of the thickness of the seeds; or, with medium-sized seeds, like Balsams, Zinnias, etc., half an inch or so is none too much. Such fine seeds as Portulacas need only to be pressed into the soil with a piece of board or the palm of the hand. Always press the earth down firmly after sowing all flower seeds, else there is danger of their drying up before the roots can get firm hold of the soil. Seeds of the hardier Annuals may be sown where they are to grow; but, as a rule, it is preferable to transplant, as the plants are generally stronger and stand the drought better. During very dry weather, and when the seedlings are first set out, they should be watered frequently. Provide some support for all such Annuals as require it.

The weeds should be kept down and the ground loosened often, so that the plants will receive the full benefit of the rains and dews, which they will not if the ground is allowed to become hard and baked.

Seeds of Biennials and some Hardy Annuals may be sown in July and August in the open, and in September in boxes and placed in coldframes. They will make strong plants by Spring, and flower early. Do not put on the sashes until heavy rains and frosts begin, and then always remove during the day whenever the temperature is above freezing in Winter.

Owing to the presence in most soils of Weed Seeds, it is well to mark where seeds are sown in the open, so that the weeds (which are apt to germinate first) can be destroyed before they crowd out and smother

the Flower Seeds as they spring up.

HARDY BIENNIALS (hB) and HARDY PERENNIALS (hP) .- These require the same treatment as the Hardy Annuals. In addition to the above, both Hardy Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the open border from July to September. The seeds of many Perennials require several months, some even as long as two years, before they germinate. It is a good plan, at the commencement of frost, to cover the plants lightly with straw, leaves or any dry litter, in order to afford some protection from the extreme severity of the Winter. As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the Spring, remove the covering and loosen the surface around the plants, which, when large enough, may be transplanted to the flower garden where they are to remain.

HALF-HARDY ANNUALS (hhA).—These may be sown in shallow boxes, pots or a hotbed, as directed for Hardy Annuals. They may be sown thus at any time after the middle of April, as the hotbed will be sufficient protection; but it is best to cover the glass with a mat or straw at night until danger of frost is past. In the day give all the air possible. After the end of May sow in the border, like Hardy Annuals.

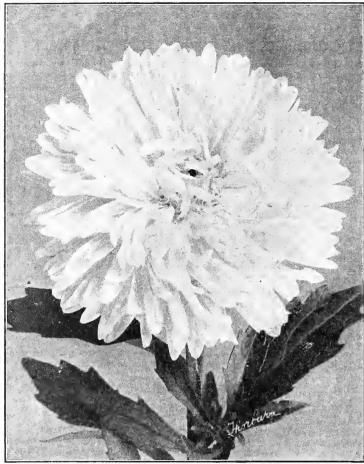
HALF-HARDY BIENNIALS (hhB) and HALF-HARDY PERENNIALS (hhP) require the same treatment. Though plants and their blooms are greatly forwarded by sowing the seeds early in boxes under cover, it may be stated that nearly all kinds of Hardy and Half-hardy Flower Seeds may be sown in the open border in a warm and sunny spot as soon as the soil has become dry and warm; so that those who have no glass frames or greenhouses need not be without flowers. They can have them, but it will be later.

TENDER ANNUALS, BIENNIALS and PERENNIALS.—The best method to obtain an early bloom of the Tender Annuals (tA), and to insure strength to the plants, is to sow the seeds in boxes or pots in March, placing them in a warm greenhouse or plunging in a moderate hotbed, carefully protecting them from the cold, shading from the midday sun, and watering with a fine rose. The seed should be sown in a very light, sandy compost, and the pots well drained by placing broken pots or bits of sod in the bottom. The finer seeds must not be covered more than an eighth of an inch deep, and the soil pressed down closely over them. Water frequently, particularly if the house or hotbed is very warm. As soon as the plants are out of the seed-leaf transplant them into shallow boxes or small pots, and when they have acquired sufficient strength transplant into the flower beds; not, however, before the middle of May.

GREENHOUSE SEEDS (g) should be sown as directed for Tender Annuals, in pans, pots or shallow boxes, and be kept in the house, carefully watched, slightly watered occasionally, and sheltered from the hot

sun till strong enough to transplant. Most varieties may be sown at any season of the year.

The smaller seeds of Greenhouse Plants are sometimes difficult to make germinate unless great care be taken in the mode of sowing. Hence the supposition arises that the seed itself is not good, whereas the fault is not in the seed, but in the treatment. Fine seeds of this description should be sown in leaf-mold or peat, with some fine sand added to it; press firmly down in the seed-pan or pot, and make perfectly level at the top so that the mold may not afterward sink materially with watering. Sow the seed very thinly and cover very lightly with a little compost or with silver sand. Success is more certain if a pane of glass is placed over the pan or box till the plants have appeared, when it should be removed. As soon as the young plants have two leaves they should be transplanted into similar compost in another pan or box. After transplanting they should be kept in a shady part of the greenhouse for a few days and watered very sparingly.



Aster, Giant Grego

ASTER hhA One of the very best Annuals for cut-flowers

The Aster is of easy culture and very popular. Plants from seed sown in the open ground in May bloom finely in September and October. For July and August flowers sow in March or April in coldframe, spent hotbed, or in pots or boxes in the house. Cover the seeds about half an inch deep with rich, light soil, and when the plants have three or four leaves transplant about 18 inches apart each way into well prepared beds. Manures too-fresh or used in too large quantities sometimes induce disease in Asters. When used they should be thoroughly well decayed and mixed with the soil. Small quantities of slaked lime or fresh wood-ashes stirred into the surface of the Aster beds form good tonics for the plants and keep disease and insects from the roots.

BALL, or JEWEL. Flowers long stemmed, q	uite
round; desirable for cutting; plants dwarf	and
can be planted closer together than other so	rte.
free flowering.	Pkt.
Mixed $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85c., oz. \$350100	10
BRANCHING. Forms broad bushes, with la	
lone petaled down of 1 1 C 41	ige,
long-petaled flowers, graceful and feather	
effect; excellent for cut-flowers; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	Pkt.
Crimson50145	10
Dark Blue	10
Lavender 50150	10
Light Blue	10
Dial-	
Pink	10
Purple50158	. 10
Rose50160	10
White	10
Mixed	10
	-0

COMET, Giant. Very large flowers. Grows 2ft.	Pkt.
Dark Blue	10
Light Blue50275	10
Crimson50280	10
Rose50285	10
White50295	10
Mixed	10
COMET, Half Dwarf. Petals wavily refle	xed.
curled and twisted; flowers of extraording	
size and beauty.	Pkt.
Dark Blue	10
Light Blue50345	10
Brick Color50350	10
Carmine50355	10
Peach Blossom50360	10
Rose50365	10
Snow White	10
Mixed	10

ASTER—Continued

CREGO, Giant. On the style of "Giant Com	et"
Large flowers. Fine for cutting; 2 ft.	Pkt
Crimson50415	10
Dark Blue	10
Lavender50425	10
Rose50430	10
Shell Pink50435	10
White	10
Mixed	10
HOHENZOLLERN. Plants grow strong	and
sturdy, and the flowers are carried on long,	stiff
stems, making them valuable for cutting.	Pkt.
Dark Blue	10
Rose	10
White50625	10
Mixed	10
KING. Producing many double flowers on	long
stems. The blooms are very large, with 1	ong,
narrow petals; strong grower.	Pkt.
Crimson	10
Lavender	10
Pink	10
Rose	10
Violet	10
White50650	10
Mixed	10

VICTORIA, Dwarf. Plants bear from 10 to	
beautifully reflexed flowers in pyramids	of
about 18 in, high. The best sort for	pot
	Pkt.
Dark Blue50910	10
	10
Light Blue50915	
Peach Blossom50920	10
Rose50925	10
Dark Scarlet50930	10
White	10
Mixed	10
VICTORIA, Tall. Large flowers, recurved peta	als:
	Pkt.
Dark Blue	10
Light Blue50985	10
Peach Blossom	10
Rose	10
Dark Scarlet	10
	10
White51005	
Mixed	10
TABLOUG AGTEDS	

VARIOUS ASTERS

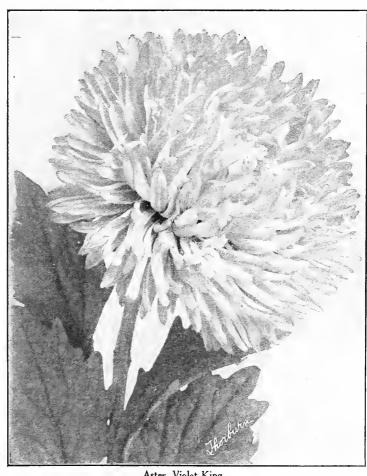
DAYBREAK.	Shell pink½ oz. 85c 51060	10
PURITY. Sno	ow white½ oz. 85c 51110	10
MIXED GERE	MAN. OUILLED, oz. 50c 51130	5

OSTRICH-PLUM did class; fine for rivals the Ch mum in effect.	r cuttir rysantl	ıg:
Dark Blue		10
Rose	50675	10
White	50680	10
Mixed 1/4 oz. oz. \$2	60c	10
QUEEN OF THE	E MA	R-
KET. The best	early A	ls-
ter; of graceful, habit, and be	spreadi	ng
habit, and be	aring	its

flowers on long stems; 1½ ft. Crimson.....50735 10 Dark Blue....50725 10 Lavender.....50728 10 Light Blue....50730 10 Rose......50740 10 Scarlet......50745 10 White......50755 10 Mixed....¹/₄ oz. 40c., oz. \$1.25.....50760 10

TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY Grows stiffly erect and about 18' in. tall. Remarkable for the brilliant colors of its great incurved flow-

and Street Intout, ou	
ers.	
	Pkt.
Crimson 50850	10
Light Blue50845	10
Rose 50855	10
Snow White50865	10
Mixed 1/4 oz. 75c., oz.	
\$2.50 50870	10



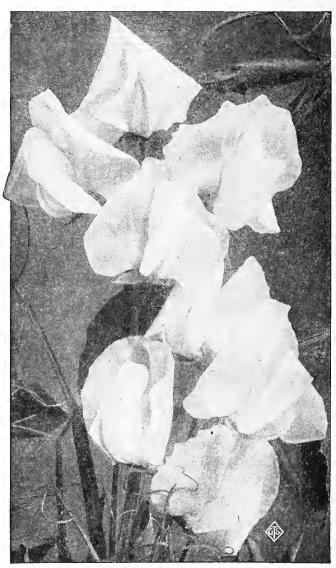
Aster, Violet King

SWEET PEAS (Lathyrus odoratus) hA

N. B.—Intending purchasers are strongly advised to order as soon as possible after receipt of catalogue.

Through the skill of specialists the Sweet Pea has become much larger and lovelier than before it became so popular. There are flowers of quite distinct shapes, some of which are a great improvement upon the Sweet Pea of the old type. For garden decoration it is now grown in clumps and in separate colors. The plants are more robust, dwarf and branching, and bloom more freely, some varieties showing three or four blooms on a stem.

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited to Sweet Peas, hence a trench should be dug 1½ feet deep and filled with very best loam mixed with bone meal or well rotted manure. The vines are usually grown in double rows, with a wire trellis or a row of brush between. For each double row make the drills about 12 inches deep, and 9 to 10 inches apart. Sow plentifully, covering about 2 inches deep, and, by degrees, as the vines grow up, fill the trenches with soil, and thin out to about 2 or 3 inches apart. Spring sowings should be made just as early as the ground can be prepared, whiteseeded varieties should not be sown until the ground is fairly warm. The earliest flowers are from seed sown in Fall, preferably in a dry situation, and 6 to 8 inches deep, giving them level culture. Sweet Peas should not be grown on the same soil year after year. If the location cannot be changed the soil, to the depth and width of a foot or so, should be removed and replaced by soil from another part of the garden or grounds. If the soil is in good, rich condition, bone meal is the best fertilizer.



Sweet Peas (Grandiflora)

We do not sell less than 1 oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. or $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. at the prices quoted per oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and lb. respectively. This applies to all types and to the mixtures.

In order to assist our customers in making their selections, we group the different varieties according to color.

THORBURN'S SELECTED SWEET PEAS

ASSORTMENT	containing	1	pkt.	each	of	40	named	varieties,	OUR	SELECTION	52000	\$1	75
										44			85
44	4.6	1	"	"	"	10	"	* *	44	"	52020		45
							also						
ASSORTMENT	containing	1	pkt.	each	of	f 1	2 finest	NAMED	EXF	HIBITION			

NAMED LARGE-FLOWERED (GRANDIFLORA) SWEET PEAS

All Five Cents per packet

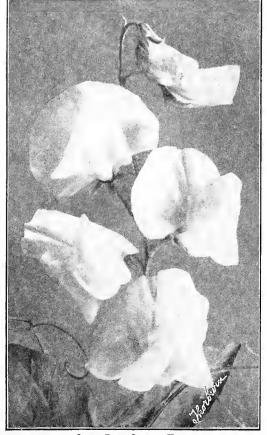
Light Blue and Lavender	Per oz.	1/4 lb.
Countess of Radnor. Lovely, delicate mauve. 52200	\$0 10	\$0 30
Flora Norton. A pure, bright blue	10	$\frac{30}{40}$
Dark Blue and Purple		
Captain of the Blues. Standard purple, wings bright blue	10	30
Lord Nelson. A fine, rich, bright blue		$\frac{30}{30}$
Claret and Maroon		
Black Knight. Fine, self-colored, deep maroon	10	30
Othello.Fine, deep maroon.52520Shahzada.Dark maroon, shaded purple.52540	10	30 30
Crimson and Scarlet		
King Edward VII. A fine, self-colored, bright crimson	10	30
Queen Alexandra.A fine scarlet shade.52670Salopian.Very fine, sunproof scarlet.52690	20	50 40
Orange and Salmon		
Bolton's Pink. A soft, salmon-orange pink		40
Lady Mary Currie. Orange pink, shaded rosy lilac. 52800 Miss Willmott. Orange pink. One of the finest. 52820		40 30
Pink (Light Shades)		
Lovely. Shell pink, shaded light rose toward edges		30 30
Pink (Deeper Shades)		
Apple Blossom. Bright pink and blush, beautifully shaded	15	40
Janet Scott.Deep pink; a fine, large flower53000Katherine Tracy.A fine, brilliant pink53020	10	30 30
Pink (Rose-Pink)		
Hon. F. Bouverie. Standard flesh pink, wings rosy buff	15	40
Prince of Wales. A fine, self-colored rose		30
Pink and White (Bicolor)		
Blanche Ferry, Extra Early. Pink and white; popular sort. 53220 Dainty. White with pink edge; fine 53260		30 40
Dainty. Write with pink edge, line	15	40
Striped and Mottled		
America. White, striped orange scarlet	10	30
Aurora. White, flaked and striped orange salmon	10	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 40 \end{array}$
Gray Friar. Fine; large; purple striped on white. 53370 Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain. White, striped with rose; fine sort. 53410		.30
Princess of Wales. Striped mauve on white ground	15	40
Pure White		
Blanche Burpee. Snowy white; a fine, large flower		40
Dorothy Eckford. A grand, pure white	10	40 30
Mont Blanc. Pure white; of the finest form	. 15	40
White Wonder. Double stemmed; large, white flowers	10	30
Yellow and Buff		
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. Deep primrose yellow; grand flower53770	15	40

SPENCER VARIETIES

These are noted for their unusually large-sized flowers, and for the waved or fluted appearance of the petals. They are also frequently referred to as "Orchid-flowering" Sweet Peas.

All Ten Cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

Blue (Light and Dark Sh	ades)		
Afterglow. Rich, electric shades of blue and rosy mauve; distinct53870			
Asta Ohn. Lavender, tinted mauve; delicate coloring; very large flower.			
53900	30	1	00
Captain of the Blues Spencer. A fine purple53910	2 5		75
Flora Norton Spencer. Bright blue, slightly tinged with purple53920	2 5		75
Florence Nightingale. Soft, clear, rich lavender53922	40	1	25
Helen Pierce Spencer. Bright blue, flaked and striped white53930	25		75
Margaret Madison. Beautiful azure			
bluepkt. 15c53932	50	1	75
Mrs. Charles Foster. Lavender,			
flushed pale rose53940	40	1	25
Mrs. E. Noakes. Fine lavender; of			
Spencer formpkt. 15c53950	50		
Royal Purple. Rich, warm, rosy purple; immense flowerspkt. 15c			
53952	50	1	75



Sweet Peas, Spencer Type

BLUE (Light and Dark Shades)-Contin	ued	
Tennant Spencer. Beautiful, pur-	er oz.	1/4 lb
plish mauve, self-colored53960 \$6 Wedgewood. Lovely, light wedge- wood bluepkt. 15c53962		
wood bluepkt. 15c53962	50	1 78
Crimson and Maroon		
Black Knight Spencer. Shining deep maroon; splendid54010		
King Edward Spencer. A lovely	40	25
self-colored bright crimson54020 Nubian. Very dark crimson maroon;	20	60
large and waved54030 Othello Spencer. An elegant rich	30	1 00
deep maroon54040	20	60
Pink (Light Shades)		
Beatrice Spencer. Blush pink tinted with deeper pink54090	20	60
Countess Spencer. Beautiful soft rose pink. One of the best54110	25	75
Elsie Herbert. Creamy white and	20	60
pink; large flower	20	60
Mrs. C. W. Breadmore. Cream, pink edged; very large flower54172	30	1 00
Veiled Bride. Ivory marbled pink. pkt. 15c54174	50	1 50
•	00	1 00
Pink (Rose-Pink)		
Apple Blossom Spencer. Rose standards, blush-rose wings; large flow-		
er	20	60
Blanche Ferry Spencer. Carmine rose with white wings	25	75
flower	20	60
ers; pink tinted with salmon. 54230 Enchantress. Pale, silvery rose pink,	30	1 00
tinged deeper at margin54232 George Herbert. Rich salmon-rose	30	1 00
color; splendid	20	60
fluted flowers	40	1 25
Lovely Spencer. Deep pink throat, shading to blush54270	20	60
Rosabelle. Fine, deep rose, with white blotch at base54290	30	1 00
Salmon and Orange		
Decorator. Rosy terra cotta, bright	-	1 00
orange at base of wings 54322 Earl Spencer. Rich, brilliant salmon	30	1 00
Fiery Cross. Red orange cerise; very	40	1 25
brilliantpkt. 25c54326 Helen Lewis. A very fine orange pink;	75	
most showy	2 5	75
color. One of the finest54340 Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes. Beautiful	40	1 25
light salmon pink; large flower	25	75
54350	20	10

SWEET PEAS, SPENCER VARIETIES-Continued

SALMON and ORANGE—Contin	ued			WHITE—Continued		
Stirling Stent. Large flowers; deep salmon, suffused with orange pkt. 15c54360 \$6	er oz.) 40	¾ \$1	1b. 25	Rainbow Spencer. Ivory white, Per oz. 3 flaked rose	0	75
America Spencer. White, striped with crimson red	30 25 40		00 75 25	Yellow Shades Clara Curtis. A beautiful cream yellow; large, waved flower54470 30 Dobbie's Cream. Fine; large; primrose54480 40 Primrose Spencer. Light primrose yellow; finest formed flowers54490 25	1 :	

NEW GIANT, EARLY-FLOWERING, LONG-SEASON SPENCER SWEET PEAS

This new race of Sweet Peas is expected eventually to take the place of all other Early and Late varieties, as they bloom from four to six weeks earlier than the late-blooming Spencers sown at the same time and continue blooming for four months. They are vigorous growers with immense waved flowers borne on long strong stems in threes and fours adaptable to our warm Summers and free flowering. We strongly recommend a trial of these new creations.

Early Melody. This is a deeper shade of pink Pkt. | Early Song Bird. Soft blush-pink shade; large, Pkt. than Early Song Bird, on white ground. It might be described as rose pink on white ground, very pleasing; mostly four well waved blossoms to each stem; free flower-Early Morning Star. Deep orange scarlet or flame color in standard, with rich orangepink wings, keeping its color well and does not burn badly. Flowers are large and waved, borne in threes and fours abundantly; when cut and under artificial light its coloring is exquisite......54555 25 Early Snowflake. The blossoms are very large and of the best waved form, resembling the noted White Spencer; a free bloomer, with

good, long stems......54566 25

fine flowers, borne on long stems in threes and fours. When in full growth it appears as though every stem has four blossoms, and

Early Spring Maid. The color is light pink on a cream ground. A most lovely variety, with very large, waved flowers; for an early cream pink Early Spring Maid is unex-

Yarrawa. Rose color on first opening, changing as it develops to a charming combination of light pink standards and blush wings of vigorous habit, the flowers are produced on

EARLY AND WINTER-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS

All Ten Cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

These varieties if sown early in Fall indoors will bloom by Christmas and continue all V may also be sown outdoors in the same way as other sorts for Summer flowering.	Vinter.	They
may also be sown outdoors in the same way as other sorts for Summer howering.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.
Canary Primrose. Beautiful primrose (Christmas)	\$0 15	\$0 40
Christmas Pink		
Christmas White	15	40
Christmas Lavender (Mrs. Alex. Wallace)	15	50
Earliest of All. Pink and white resembling Blanche Ferry (Christmas)54690		40
Lavender Bicolor Lavender standard; white wings	1 25	
Lavender PinkPkt. 2554710	1 25	
Le Marquis. Navy blue (Christmas)54720	15	40
Mont Blanc Spencer. Pure white; early flowering (Christmas)54740	15	40
White. Best pure white		
Varieties Mixed	10	30

SWEET PEAS IN MIXTURE

THORBURN'S SPECIAL MIXED. Comprising the finest Eck-	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓ lb.	⅓ lb.	. Lb.
ford and newest and best large-flowering (Grandiflora) varieties. 54800	\$ 0 05	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 80
Spencer Varieties, Mixed. A very fine assortment of all the					
best varieties	10	20	60	1 10	2 00
Eckford, Mixed. The finest Eckford varieties only54860	05	10	25	45	80
DEDENMIN DELC C T /					

PERENNIAL PEAS. See Lathyrus.

Selected List of Flower Seeds

We have unquestionably the largest assortment of Flower Seeds in America, and our strains are far superior to those commonly sold, often under fancy names and at fictitious prices. We avoid extravagant descriptions, meant only to effect sales.

There are many minute plants from the finer seeds killed by drenching with water while very young. In the first stage of their existence plants require moisture in a minute quantity, often repeated, and not in such large quantities as to saturate the soil in which they are growing.

FLOWER SEEDS DELIVERED FREE BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF THE STATED PRICE
PRICE PER OUNCE OR POUND FOR THOSE NOT QUOTED, ON APPLICATION

Not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. or 1 oz. sold at the prices quoted per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. or 1 oz. respectively Explanation of Signs Employed in This List

The asterisk (*) designates ornamental-leaved plants.

A represents Annual-lasting hut one year.

B "Biennial—lasting two years.
P "Perennial—lasting three or more years.

E " Evergreen—retains foliage the entire year.

This mark (‡) prefixed indicates the climbers.

S represents Shruhs-plants of hushy habit.

g " greenhouse plants.

Bu " bulhous plants.

As a large number of Biennials and Perennials, if sown early, flower the first season from seed, this distinguishing mark (†) is affixed to such.

The hardiness is denoted by the following abbreviations, but it should be understood that this is intended to apply to the climate of the Middle Atlantic States. Farther north or south, these designations apply only in a comparative way.

h represents hardy—plants for open horder. hh represents half-hardy—plants that require to be forwarded in pots or frames. t represents tender—requiring protection.

Our Imported Collections are sent out as received from Europe. The assortments are good and highly recommended, but it is impossible to make any alteration in the contents thereof.

Customers will find it more convenient to order by number. If ordered from any catalogue other than this (1917) kindly state from which year's catalogue the numbers are taken. This will facilitate the filling of orders and will insure prompt shipment.

Many of our Flower Seeds are grown in Europe. Owing to the war some sorts may not be received until later in the season than usual. At the time of going to press we expect to receive all the varieties we quote, but may be disappointed. A memorandum will be kept of any items not sent and the seeds will be forwarded as soon as they arrive.

ABRONIA umbellata grandiflora (Sand Pkt. 1
Verbena). Handsome, trailing plants,
these hardy annuals with large, rose-
colored flowers, are especially adapted
colored flowers, are especially adapted for vases and rock gardens, doing best
in light, sandy soil. Sow in the open
ground in May
tABRUS precatorius (Prayer Bean). This
attractive climbing greenhouse peren-
attractive, climbing, greenhouse peren- nial needs a strong heat for best results.
Blossoms light purple
ABUTILON, Mixed Hybrids (Chinese Bell-
flower, or Flowering Maple). Greenhouse
shrub of easy culture; continuous bloom-
ing bell-shaped flowers: very decorative:
ing, bell-shaped flowers; very decorative; desirable for house or garden. Grows 3
to 4 ft. in height
ACACIA (Tassel Tree). Beautiful greenhouse shrubs, elegant foliage, grace-
ful branches and fine racemes of richly scented,
yellow flowers. Soak the seeds in hot water
before sowing, then plant in sandy peat in a
temperature of 55 to 60 degrees. Pkt.
temperature of 55 to 60 degrees. Pkt. Baileyana. 6 to 10 ft
cultriformis. 6 ft
dealbata. 4 ft
Farnesiana. 10 ft
lophantha. 10 ft
Melanoxylon. 8 ft
podalyriæfolia. Canary yellow; fine for
cutting
Fine Mixed
-

ACANTHU	JS (Be	ar's B	reech).	Hardy	perennial
plants,	flouris	shing in	almos	t any soi	l or situa-
tion.	Much	prized	for de	corative	purposes.
					Pb+

ACHILLEA Ptarmica, Double, "The Pearl." Free-blooming, hardy perennials. The pure white flowers are borne in clusters on long stems. Fine for florists for cut-flowers; succeeds well in any common garden soil; blooms all Summer and Fall; 1½ ft. in height.......55340

ACROCLINIUM Showy, half-hardy annuals for the Summer garden, with Everlasting flowers, which are much used for Winter decorations. Flower heads, to be preserved should be gathered when young; 1 ft.

gariner	7g,	× 12.0.
roseum.	Rose55430	5
44	album. White55450	5
44	Mixed55470	5
44	Double Rose55490	5
44	Double White55510	5

Double Mixed......55530

ADONIS. Both the annual and perennial varieties are, with their bright flowers, great favorites in the flower-garden. All succeed well in any common soil.

æstivalis (Flos Adonis) (hA). Scarlet; Pkt. 1½ ft.....oz. 30c...**55620** 5

AGERATUM For strengthening the garden's color-forces in blue, no annual is so good as the Ageratum. Though ordinarily used in bedding and borders, in contrast with such plants as geraniums, perillas, etc., the rose, white and blue sorts are exceedingly attractive when mingled with



Ageratum Lasseauxi

alyssum, candytuft, etc. They grow well almost anywhere and bloom the whole season. The dwarf blue sorts make fine borders. Sow under glass early in the season or, later, outdoors in a mellow seed-bed. Seeds sown in August will produce good plants for winter flowering.

Lasseauxi. Clusters of handsome rose-	Pkt.
colored flowers; 1 ft	10
mexicanum (hA). Blue. Parent of the	
annuals below; 1½ ft55730	5
Blue Perfection. Fine dwarf variety,	
with large flowers; 9 in.; splendid.	
55740	10
	10
Dwarf Blue. 9 in.; fine for edgings.	_
55750	5
Dwarf White, Large-flowered. Splen-	
did; 9 in	10
Imperial Dwarf Blue. Excellent for	
edgings; 9 in	10
Imperial Dwarf White. Excellent for	
edgings; 9 in	10
Little Dorrit. Azure blue. Plants 6 in.	
high, 1 ft. wide	10
Swanley Blue. A fine, large-flowered	
	10
sort; 1 ft55820	
Fine Mixed55840	5

AGROSTEMMA

All of easiest cultivation, blooming during
Summer and Autumn. "The Rose of Heaven"
is very free flowering and fine for cut-flowers.
The "Rose Campion" is excellent for naturalizing in dry situations.

Cœli-rosa (Rose of Heaven) (hA). $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.... 55860 alba (hA). White; 1½ ft. 55870 †coronaria (Rose Campion) (hP). Rose: 55880 5 Dark Blood Red (hP). 2 ft. 55890 10 White (hP). 2 ft......... Mixed (hP). 2 ft....... 55900 5 Flos-Jovis (Flower of Jove) (hP). Rose; 5 ALONSOA (Mask Flower). Bright, little, free-

ALTHÆA rosea. See Hollyhock.

ALYSSUM Most popular, free-blooming annuals; suitable for borders, baskets, pots, rockwork, and for cutting. In the garden sow thickly so as to form masses, early in Spring or even the previous Autumn. For Winter bloom sow late in August, and thin the seedlings to about a dozen for a good-

ALYSSUM—Continued
sized basket. Cut back after the first flowers
fade and others will come. Pkt.
maritimum (Sweet Alyssum) (hA). Fra-
grant white flowers, in clusters; all Sum-
mer; 1 ft
compactum, Little Gem. Grows erect;
6 in $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c., oz. 50c56060 10
procumbens, White Carpet. Of trail-
ing habit, forming a dense mass.
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c., oz. 60c 56070 10
Thorburn's Bouquet. Very dwarf and
compact; for pots and borders; 3 in. 14 oz. 30c56080 15
saxatile compactum (Gold Dust) (hP).
Single plants cover a square foot in a
year and produce hundreds of yellow
flower heads. Grayish foliage; 1 ft.
56090 5
*ANADANITIC Strong-growing, highly
*AMARANTUS Strong-growing, highly ornamental tender an-
nuals. The tricolor varieties are very valuable
for bedding, having elegant, ornamental foliage,
variegated crimson, yellow and green; also
well adapted for growing in pots. Of easy culture, doing best in rich loam soil. For best
culture, doing best in rich loam soil. For best
results sow in hotbed in April and plant out
the end of May. Please note that seed saved
from the finest sorts frequently produce inferior
plants. Pkt. *bicolor ruber. Red: 2 ft56150 5
*bicolor ruber. Red; 2 ft56150 5 *cruentus (Prince's Feather). Dark red;
3 ft
3 ft
3 ft



Amarantus caudatus



Alyssum, maritimum

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
AMARANTUS—Continued	Pkt.
*Henderi. Crimson and yellow; 4 ft56190	5
*melancholicus ruber. Red; 2½ ft 56200 *salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Purple;	5
*salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Purple;	
2½ ft	10
*tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Variegated;	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ftoz. 40 c 56220	5
*Fine Mixedoz. 25c56250	5
AMETHYST. See Browallia.	
AMMOBIUM alatum grandiflorum.	
White. Pretty half-hardy perennial	
Everlastings. Of easiest culture; bloom all	
Summer; 2 ft	5
ANAGALLIS grandiflora, Mixed (Pimper-	
nelle). Half-hardy annuals of easy cul-	
ture. Fine for borders. or rockwork.	
ture. Fine for borders. or rockwork. Continuously in bloom; 6 in56300	5
ANCHUSA. Both the annual and perer	ınial
varieties of this attractive plant succeed	well
varieties of this attractive plant succeed in the garden border. Fine for cut-flo	wers
and bouquets.	Pkt.
Barrelleri (hP). Dark blue; 2 ft56320	10
capensis (Cape Forget-Me-Not) (hhA).	
Azure blue; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft56330	10
capensis (Cape Forget-Me-Not) (hhA). Azure blue; 1½ ft	
3 ft 56340	10
ANEMONE (Windflower). Free-flowering, ha	ardy
perennials, producing large, cup-shaped fers. Invaluable for cutting; require rich, o	low-
ers. Invaluable for cutting; require rich,	deep
soil; 1 to 2 ft.	
coronaria (St. Brigid Poppy-flowered).	Pkt.
Mixed	10
Caen, Mixed	10
japonica rosea. Rose56380	25
" alba. White56390	25
ANGELONIA grandiflora. Purple. Ele-	
gant greenhouse perennial; fine for pots;	25
sweet scented; 1 ft56420	
ANTHEMIS. A very pretty plant, producing Summer Daisy-like, golden yellow flow	g an
fine for cutting.	ers,
Kelwayi tinctoria (hP). Fine, large flow-	Dist
ers on good stems; 2 ft56460	10
ANTIGONON leptopus. Greenhouse peren-	10
nial climber with pink flowers56470	5
ANTIRRHINUM. See Snapdragon,	6
Dec Onoparagoni	

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Few hard perennials are so easily grow	y
from seed, and will give such unalloyed satis faction. A most desirable border plant. I forms large clumps, blooms early, long and abundantly, is useful for cutting and elegan in habit. Sow seed in the open ground in Spring, preferably where the plants are tregrow, and thin to about a foot apart. Sow in the Fall for flowering the following season They thrive well under ordinary garden culture, but such rare sorts as A. cærulea and A chrysantha do best in partially shaded, well-drained nooks.	tdtnov
canadensis. Scarlet and yellow; for shade; Pk	t.
1½ ft	V
long spurred; 3 ft	5

one of the finest strains; 2 ft......56580 25
truncata. Dwarf; scarlet and yellow; 1 ft.
56600 10
vulgaris, Double Mixed. Best colors.
56620 5
Single Mixed. Many good sorts.
56630 5

ARABIS An early-flowering, hardy perennial especially suited for edgings and rockwork, growing about 6 in. in height, becoming a sheet of white and rose bloom in early Spring, adapting itself to almost any situation, and of easiest culture.

alpina (Rock Cress). White; 9 in. Pkt.

56660 10

rosea. Rose; a rare species; 6 in... 56670 25

ARCTOTIS grandis. White and lilac; 2 ft.
The large, Daisy-like blooms of this fine hardy annual are excellent for cutting.
56680

ARDISIA crenulata. Fine, decorative greenhouse plant, with evergreen foliage; bearing bright coral-red berries; 5 ft.

56690 23

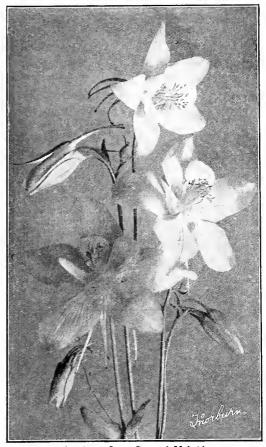
annuals, with Poppy-like flowers; blooming through the Summer and Autumn; 2 to 3 ft.

Pkt.

taristolochia elegans (gP). Purple-and-white. Beautiful, strong-growing climbers for both greenhouse and open ground; grow finely all Summer; 20 ft......56750 25

ARNEBIA cornuta. Rich yellow, spotted dark brown. Ornamental, free-flowering, half-hardy annual; fine all the sesaon; 1 ft.

56780 25



Aquilegia, Long Spurred Hybrids

ASCLEPIAS. Showy plants, including both greenhouse and hardy perennials, growing 2 to 3 ft. in height and blooming throughout the Summer.

Curassavica (Swallow-wort) (gP). Orange; Pkt. free bloomer.......56810 10

"atrosanguinea. Dark red.
56820 10

ASPARAGUS
Beautiful, fern-like foliage; fine for bouquets;
an excellent house plant; white flowers; 4 to 6 ft.
plumosus nanus (gP). The dwarf variety
so largely used by florists.

Pkt.
56860 10

"Hatcheri (gP). Variety of Plumosus nanus style; a great improvement; 6 ft........56870 25

Sprengeri (gP). Fine for basket work and for use with cut-flowers........56890 10

ASPERULA. Sweet-scented, pretty plants for borders or rockwork; succeed finely in shady places or under trees; continuously in bloom; 1 ft.

azurea setosa (hhA). Light blue...56920 5
odorata (Sweet Woodruff; Waldmeister)
(hP). White.........56930 10

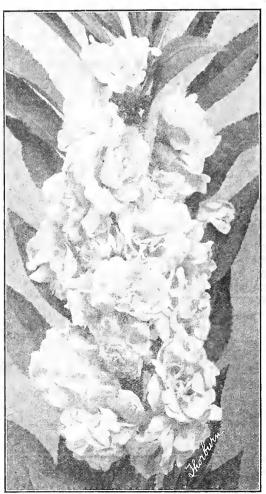
ASTERS. See pages 72 and 73.

AURICULA (Primula auricula) (hP). Finest	Pkt.
Mixed. Beautiful shades of color. These	
early Spring-blooming garden Primroses	
are great favorites; 6 in	25

BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea and Gomphrena.

BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum). A Pkt. pretty and fast-growing, half-hardy annual climber, with white blossoms; 10 ft. oz. 40c...57080 5

BALSAM (Lady's-Slipper). These favorite half-hardy annuals are of the easiest culture, but love hot sun, rich soiland plenty of water. The young plants are quick, sure growers, and, from seed sown in the open ground in May soon form handsome bushes thickly massed with large, Rose-like flowers. Transplanting two or three times has a tendency to dwarf the plants into better shape and to make the flowers more double. Balsams are not often given room for perfect development; they will easily cover 12 to 18 in. of space each way. For the finest flowers



Double Balsam

choice seed is more than usually essent We offer only the finest <i>double</i> sorts; 1½	ial. ft.
Double Bright Scarlet57100	Pkt. 10
" Carmine	10
" Lavender57120	10
" Peach Blossom	10
Red, Spotted White5/140	10
Rose	10 10
" White	10
extra size, double and full centered, with	
reflexed petals. The plant grows rapidly to a good height and is extremely florifer-	
to a good neight and is extremely normer-	10
ous	-0
57190	10
Finest Double, Mixed. A splendid assort-	10
ment	10
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). Light 1 blue. Very beautiful, strong-growing and	Pkt.
ornamental, hardy, perennial border	
ornamental, hardy, perennial border plant for Summer blooming; 3 ft57280	5
BARTONIA aurea. Golden yellow. Beauti-	
ful, hardy annuals that bloom all through	
the season; very fragrant in the evening; 3 ft	5
BEGONIA (gP). Begonias are invaluable growing in beds and borders,	for
for not culture, being perfect in habit w	aiso vith
for pot culture, being perfect in habit, wery handsome foliage. Average height ab	out
1 ft. The tuberous-rooted varieties prod	uce
gorgeous effects in the garden and are one	e of
our best Summer-blooming plants. The se of all varieties should be started early.	Pkt.
Single Tuberous-rooted, Mixed57420	25
Double Tuberous-rooted, Mixed 57430	50
Fringed Single Tuberous-rooted, Mixed. 57440	25
Double Tuberous-rooted Camellia-flow-	20
ered, Mixed. Fine, large, double flowers of various colors and bright foliage;	
of various colors and bright foliage;	-
blooms profusely	50
gracilis luminosa. Dark scarlet, reddish brown foliage; Winter flowering; fine for	
pots	25
pots	~~
Winter blooming; 2 ft57470 *Rex. Ornamental-leaved varieties in mix-	75
ture	25
ture	
ers; fine for edging57500	25
" alba. White flowers borne in profusion57510	25
" Erfordii. Rosy carmine;	20
fine for groups 57520	25
" foliis aureis. Scarlet; yel-	
low leaves; for edgings. 57530	25
" Vernon. Red; for borders.	
57540	25
" Vernon Bijou. Bright scar-	25
let; 6 in	20
ish leaves57560	25
" Mixed57570	25
BELLIS perennis. See Daisy.	
BENINCASA cerifera (tA). A black, wax-like gourd with yellow flowers; 6 ft57610	10
UKE COULD WITH VEHOW HOWERS! D.IT 5/610	10

BIDENS atrosanguinea (hA). Showy, like the Calliopsis; easily grown; flowers dark

THE COURT OF I	_
BLUE BOTTLE. See Centaurea cyanus.	
*DOCCONTA !	
hardy perennial; fine in large beds: flowers	
white; 6 ft)
BOUVARDIA Jacquini (gP). A fine green-	
house evergreen; flowers scarlet; 2 ft.	
57690 25	
BRACHYCOME. The well-known "Swan River	
Daisy" is a beautiful, little, half-hardy annual:	
blooms all Summer: fine for edgings and	
borders. Should be started in hotbed; 1 ft.	
iberidifolia. Blue57710 10	
" alba. White57720 10	
rosea. Rose57/30 10	
Wilked57740 10	
BROWALLIA (Amethyst). Half-hardy, profuse-	
blooming annual; highly prized for Summer	
bedding or as greenhouse plants. Fine for cutting; 2 ft.	
elata. Blue	
" alba. White	
" Mixed57800 10	
Roezelii. White and pale blue; fine for	
pots	
57820 25	
‡BRYONOPSIS laciniosa erythrocarpa (tA).	
A very pretty ornamental gourd, with red	y
flowers	П
CACALIA (Tassel Flower). Very pretty and most	П
easily grown hardy annual, with tassel-	١
shaped flowers; 1½ ft. Pkt.	- 1
coccinea. Scarlet	- 1
, a	
CACTUS (hhP). Mixed varieties. Seeds of these interesting	
Seeds of these interesting plants should be started in the greenhouse	
in moist sand	
‡CALAMPELIS scabra (†hP). Fine climber	
for trellises; flowers orange scarlet; 10 ft.	
57920 10	.
CALANDRINIA. Brightly colored, little hardy	
annuals, fine for edgings; continuously in	
bloom, and do well in sunny situations; 6 in.	
speciosa. Purple57950 5	
umbellata. Violet57960 10	'
CALCEOLADIA The seeds are very	
CALCEOLARIA The seeds are very small, and should be	
sown in the greenhouse on the surface of shal-	
low boxes filled with a light, sandy soil, which has been sifted. Sow moderately thick in	
rows on the surface and cover very lightly	
with sifted Sphagnum Moss, Cocoanut waste	
or very light soil. Press the soil firmly on the	
seed. The watering should be done carefully; an atomizer or brush is best, to retain	
the moisture the box may be covered with a	
pane of glass which must be removed as soon	
as the plants appear. The soil should be	
light and rich.	
hybrida. Large flowered; self colored; 2 ft. Pkt. 57990 25	
" Large flowered; tigered or spot-	
ted; 2 ft 58000 25	
" Large flowered; dwarf; tigered;	
1 ft	
Large nowered; tigered and sen	



Calendula officinalis Nankeen

CALCEOLARIA—Continued	
rugosa, Mixed. Finest shrubby varieties	Pkt.
for bedding; bear a profusion of beautiful	~~
flowers of various colors; 1 ft58060	25
pinnata (hA). Yellow; for bedding; 1 ft.	1 ~
58080	15
scabiosæfolia (Californica) (hA). Yellow; for bedding; 1 ft58100	10
for bedding; i it	
CALENDULA Hardy annuals about high. Sow in the control of the cont	lit.
night in Coming and the plants will bloom	pen
early in Spring and the plants will bloom e in Summer. Calendulas have become	arry
popular of late; the striking orange, red	
yellow blooms are very effective and att	
tive, growing on stout, long stems. T	hev
are excellent for cutting, and are produce	d in
great profusion, blooming until late in Autu	
officinalis fl. pl. grandiflora. Double;	
large flowered; deep orange.	Pkt.
58160	5
" fl. pl. grandiflora sulphurea.	
Double; light yellow; large-	
flowered	5
Nankeen. A rich, soft shade of	
nankeen yellow; large flowers.	_
58180	5
" Meteor. Creamy center, edged	
with orange; fine for cutting. oz. 25c58190	5
" Prince of Orange. Glittering	J
orange and yellow. One of the	
bestoz. 25c 58200	5
" ranunculoides (Garden Mari-	_
gold). Orange; double flowers.	
58210	5
pluvialis (Cape Marigold). White or	
ivory	5
Pongei fl. pl. Handsome, double, white	_
flowers	5
Mixed, All Sortsoz. 25c58240	5
See, also, Marigold.	
CALLA æthiopica (gP). The old favorite	10
white Calla; 2 ft58270	10



Coreopsis Grandiflora

CALLIOPSIS

This hardy annual is another of the garden's great forces in yellow, strengthened with rich red maroons and browns. Sow in the open ground in Spring, and, in thinning or transplanting, give the plants plenty of room to spread. Their tall slender habit makes neat staking and tying necessary. Fine for cutting. bicolor (Tinctoria). Yellow brown; 2 ft. 58290 5 .. hybrida fl. pl. Double; mixed; 5 1 ft......**58300** marmorata. Maroon and gold; 5 .. en yellow flowers; 6 to 8 in. 58320 10 cardaminifolia hybrida. Red and yellow; coronata. Yellow; very fine; 1½ ft..58340 5 Drummondii (Golden Wave). Golden brown; 1 ft......oz. 30c...58350 5

COREOPSIS (Perennial Calliop One of our finest ha	sis).
perennials; bloom practically all Summer; for borders and groups.	fine
grandiflora. Large flowers of rich yellow; 2 ft	Pkt. 10
lanceolata grandiflora. Large, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting.	10
58410 " California Sunbeams. Flow-	10
ers very large, in a great va- riety of beautiful forms and	
riety of beautiful forms and various shades of yellow and	
brown; 1 ft58420	10
CALLIRHOE pedata (Poppy Mal (hA). Free-flowering, et	low)
growing variety; rosy carmine; 2 ft. 58460	Pkt.
CAMPANULA and CANTERBU BELLS. Popular	JRY and
beautiful are Campanulas. Although	the
Canterbury Bells are biennials they may be treated as annuals, and will flower the	also
year from seed, if sown early in the Spi	ring.
For effect in the border plant them in clu	mps
of separate colors, and they are beautiful wassed. The perennial varieties, treate	then
perennials, will flower most profusely by summer. The tall and stately growing k	mid-
summer. The tall and stately growing k	inds
will be found of great value for the bor while the dwarf sorts make charming rock	der,
edging plants. All the varieties like a	rich,
sandy soil with good drainage.	
carpatica (hP). Deep blue; for rockeries,	Pkt.
beds and edgings; 6 in. 58530 "alba. Flowers white; 6 in. 58540	10 10
Medium Single Blue (Canterbury Bells) (hB). Blooms first year if sown	
early; 2 ft58560 "Single White. Pretty for con-	5
trasts	5
" Single Rose58580 Single Striped. Very fine58590	10 10
" Single Mixed58600	5
" Double Blue. Rich, heavy, curi-	
ous flowers through Summer and Fall58610	10
" Double White. Waxy appear-	
ance	10
" Double Rose58630 Double Mixed58640	$\frac{15}{10}$
calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer) (hB).	
Blue; symmetrical; often has 35 to 40 flowers	
open at same time on a single plant. For potsor	
single plant. For potsor	10
borders; 2 ft 58650 alba. A white flowered	10
variety of the above.	
rosea. Rose; a very fine	15
sort	15
" Mixed. Shades of blue	10
and white58680 Prize Mixture of all col-	10
ors, Single and Double	
Calycanthemas; an un-	15
equaled strain58700 Loreyi, Blue. Large flowers; very pretty	15
Loreyi, Blue. Large flowers; very pretty hardy annual58740	10
macrostyla (hA). Large, lovely violet flowers; 3 ft	10
nobilis alba (hP). White; semi-double;	
blooms in Tune: 21/6 ft 58760	25

CAMPANULA—Continued	
persicifolia grandiflora, Blue (hP). Superb, large flowers and long, narrow, peach-like foliage. For finest effects plant the blue and white varieties together; 2 to 4 ft. June and	Pkt.
July	25
" grandiflora alba. A white- flowered variety of the above, growing to the same height.	
58780	25
" grandiflora, Fine Mixed. 58790	25
pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower) (hhP). Spikes 3 to 4 ft. tall, erect, pyramidal; flowers large and of a beautiful blue; blooms in late Summer and	
Autumn58800	10
" alba. White58810	10
grandiflora Mariesii (hP). A fine, dwarf, dark blue variety, growing 1 ft. high.	*0
58820	10
Vidali (gP). White; very floriferous and	

‡CANARY-BIRD FLOWER

(Tropæolum canariense). Also known as Canary Creeper. Fine, half-hardy annual; yellow flowers; 10 ft......58860

CANDYTUFT (Iberis). The Candytufts are among our best hardy annuals for edgings, bedding, massing or rockeries, and for cutting. Several of the varieties are fragrant, and all are profuse in bloom. Sow outdoors in April, and thin well when the plants grow about an inch. Sow again in a month, and late in July for Fall flowers. Give rich soil, and water freely.

affinis. Neat and pretty bedder; 6 in. Pkt. 58870 5 5 amara. White; 1 ft.....oz. 30c...58875 coronaria (Rocket Candytuft). delabra form; flowers in upright spikes...oz. 30c...58880 5 Empress. White; 1 ft. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 50c. . . **58885** 5 Giant Hyacinth-flowered. White flowers borne in large trusses......58890 5 Little Prince. Very large heads of pure white flowers; fine for border and pots; 6 in . . . 58895 10 Small, white, fragrant flowers. odorata. 5 umbellata. Purple; 1 ft......58905 5 carminia. Bright carmine; 1 ft......**58910** carnea. Flesh colored; 1 ft. 58915 5 Dunnetti. Dark crimson; 1 ft......58920 5 lilacina. Lilac; 1 ft....58925 5 Dwarf Hybrids. Mixed col-10

5

Mixed Annual Sorts....oz. 25c...58940

CANDYTUFT—Continued

PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT. Hardy evergreen plants, making a magnificent showing the second year from seed. They bloom very early, cushioning rock ledges, borders, etc., with banks of bloom. Sow outdoors in Spring or Fall in any sunny place.

sempervirens. White flowers remain Pkt. fresh nearly a month; 1 ft.....58990 15

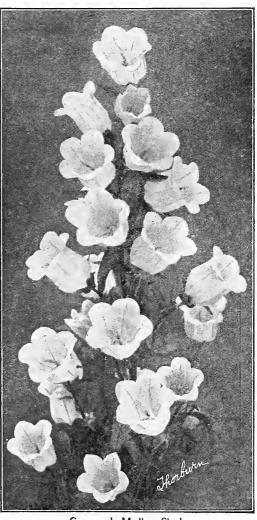
*CANNA (Indian Shot) (hhP). One of our best bedding plants; beautiful, ornamental foliage and large, brilliant flowers. Much employed in subtropical gardening, groups on lawns and mixed flower beds. Soak the seed before planting; 4 ft.

*Queen Charlotte. Scarlet and yellow. Pkt. **59040** 10

*Finest Mixed. Crozy's hybrids; very fine. 59050 5

CANNABIS gigantea (Giant Hemp) (hhA). A fine foliage plant for borders; 8 ft.. 59070

CANTERBURY BELLS. See Campanula.



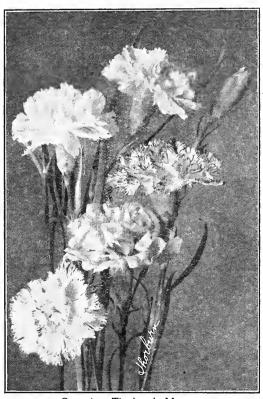
Campanula Medium Single

CARNATION (Dianthus Caryophyllus).
The splendid Carnation of the florist is a very interesting plant to grow from seed, and it is not over-exacting. Sown under glass in early Spring or later in the open ground the plants will flower finely the second Summer. For largest, richest flowers we recommend culture in pots of rich soil. With many they are also garden favorites, and, grown in this way, flowers of good quality may be enjoyed all Summer if given plenty of water, good soil and a mulch about their roots. With tall varieties staking and tying is necessary. Young plants are perfectly hardy outdoors, but when two or three years old they are injured by Winter cold, so that sow-ings should be made every year. The more expensive sorts produce the finest flowers. The prices we quote, although seemingly high, are most reasonable for strains such as we offer.

vigorous race, especially adapted for outdoor culture. They are very neat in habit, and remarkable for their rich profusion of flowers, produced in five months from sowing. Grown as annuals from seed sown every Spring they are most satisfactory. Our seed of these varieties is grown exclusively in the famous Chabaud Garden of Carnations, Provence, France. Double White. Large, perfect flowers; Pkt.

MARGARET CARNATIONS are an extra

oz. \$1.50...**59140** 10



Carnation, Thorburn's Margaret

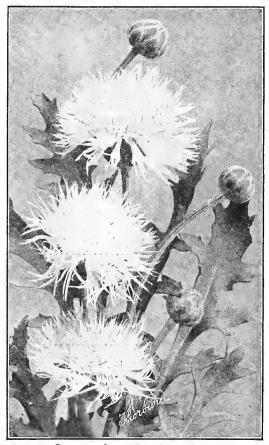
CARNATIONS—Continued	
Giant Margaret. Extra large and perfect, flowering in a rich variety of colors; 80 per cent. of the flowers generally come double. A splendid sort for cutting; 1 ft59150	Pkt.
PERPETUAL CARNATIONS. This race large, elegantly formed flowers, continuabloom, upon closely branched, symmetric plants, often called, from their neat has Tree Carnations.	ally
Chabaud Perpetual Double. Mixed—yellow, red, white, etc.; 1½ ft. Blooms in six months	Pkt.
Comtesse de Paris. Very dwarf; yellow; comes true from seed59180	50
Jeanne Dionis. Enormous flowers of the purest white and most perfect form. 59190	75
Sparkling (Etincelant). Large flowers of bright, glittering red, of surpassing richness	50
Perpetual, or Tree Carnation. Extra choice quality, mixed59210	25
Giant Perpetual White. Very large, perfectly double; flowers in seven months after sowing. 59220	50
" Yellow. Creamy to golden yellow; 80 per cent. come true to color; stems long and sturdy59230	50
" "Fine Mixed. Enormous flowers; perfectly double; splendid colors59240	50
Prize Mixture Carnations and Picotees. Saved from stage flowers. 59250	30
American New Varieties. Saved from best sorts; large flowers on long stems. 59255	50
BORDER CARNATIONS, etc. We in attention to the splendid collection below	
Red Grenadine, Double. Brilliant scar- let; 2 ft59270	
Early Dwarf Vienna, Double Mixed. Fine for garden culture and for cutting; 1 ft. 59290	15
" " " Double White. Very fine; always comes true white.	10
59300	15
Fine Double Mixed, Variegated. Splendid mixture	15
59350	15
Double Mixed59370 Collections of Carnations, Imported, in-	10
cluding: 59410 18 varieties. 59420 12 varieties. 59420 6 varieties. 59430	

CASSIA artemisioides (Senna) (gP). A very pretty shrub, with finely cut, silvery foliage and yellow flowers; sweet scented; Pkt. will stand drought very well; 4 ft59450 15	
CASTOR-OIL PLANT. See Ricinus.	
CATANANCHE. Pretty, hardy perennials with	
everlasting flowers. Free flowering; easily grown, blooming first season; 2 ft.	
cærulea alba (bicolor). Blue and white. Pkt. 59480 5 cærulea. Blue	and the same
CATCHFLY. See Silene.	3
CELOSIA (Cockscomb).	3
CRISTATA. An annual of easy culture. They are most effective in the border. Transplanted	
into a rich soil about the time the combs	
begin to form make the flower heads much	
larger, and they last from Midsummer till	
closed by frost.	
Glasgow Prize. Dark leaves and crimson Pkt.	
combs; fine for solid beds and for	
edgings; 1 ft	
with enormous combs of intense	
bright red59530 10	
" Crimson	
" Dark_Yellow. Yellow combs.	
59550 10	
" Light Yellow59560 10	
wilked. Extra large comps in all	
the above colors59570 10	
Tall Mixed. Very fine59575 10	
PLUMOSA (Plumed, or Ostrich-feather Cocks-	
comb). Beautiful annual foliage plants,	CENTAU
blooming in late Summer and Autumn, and	
producing large, showy plumes, curled and curved, much resembling ostrich feathers.	PERI
Elegant for beds and borders; 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.	" use
Ostrich-Feather, Crimson59590 10	who har
" " Orange59600 10	
" "Finest Mixed59605 10	car
Pride of Castle Gould. Handsome, com-	Cle
pact, feathery plumes. In shades of	Cit
blood reds, carmines, yellow and orange	gyı
Thompsonii. Feathered; red; superb.	
59635 15	HAR
" magnifica, Mixed. Su-	and
perb assortment of the	11/2
plumed varieties59640 15	am
Pompon (Chinese Woolflower). Brilliant	ŀ
scarlet; quite distinct59680 15	I
CENTAUREA The popular Cornflower,	im
(Centaurea cvanus), is also	t
known as Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor, Kaiser-	
blumen, and sometimes as Bachelor's Button. Bright-flowered plants of the hardiest nature	C
and simplest culture, among the most attrac-	
tive and graceful of all the old-fashioned	, <u>l</u>
flowers. The perennial sorts increase rapidly	1
and bloom profusely.	. 1
PERENNIAL FLOWERING. A dry, sandy	•
soil of moderate fertility seems to suit them	I
best, keeping up a profusion of bloom all	
Summer.	-
macrocephala. Flower heads large, Pkt.	1
showy, bright yellow; 3 ft59720 10	
montana, Blue. Large-flowered per-	,
ennial Cornflower	
######################################	



Washington and the second		
Celosia Plumosa		
TAUREA—Continued		
PERENNIAL, SILVER-LEAVED. These are used for borders or edgings, and thrive anywhere. Flowers white, leaves grayish; half hardy; height 1 ft.		
candidissima. Silvery white leaves. Pkt. 59740 10		
Clementei. Broadly cut, silvery leaves. 59750 10		
gymnocarpa. Silvery white, small leaves. 59760 10		
HARDY ANNUALS. Flower finest in full sun and thin soil. Sow in open ground in Spring; 1½ to 2 ft. americana. Large, lilac-purple flowers; Pkt.		
bushy plants; very fine. Constant and profuse bloomer59780 10		
imperialis. A hardy annual of great beauty; the fluffy flowers borne on long, stiff stems. Yellow, mauve, lilac, rose and white in color, are very beautiful. They are splendid for cutting, and the cut blooms, if placed in water, are very lasting.		
White. Very large flowered, hardy Pkt. and floriferous59790 10 Purple. Beautiful, velvety purple. 59798 10		
Lilac. Very large flowered; hardy. The same as the white, except in		
color		
Yellow. Bright yellow flowers; very fine for use as cut-flowers 59830 10		
Mixed. Very large flowered; hardy. 59840 10		

ENTAUREA Hardy Annuals—Continued	
odorata, Chameleon. Yellow and rose; if fragrant; superb; fine cutflowers59860	Pkt.
"Margaritæ. Pure white; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. across; laciniated and scented; forms stocky, well budded little bushes; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 59880	10
moschata atropurpurea (Purple Sweet Sultan). Large flowers on long stems59900	5
" atropurpurea alba (White Sweet Sultan)59910	5
" atropurpurea, Mixed. (Mixed Sweet Sultan). 59930	5
suaveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan). Fine. 59950	5
" rosea. Rose Sweet Sultan. 59960	10
Cyanus (Cornflower). Blue; delightful, old-fashioned flowers, blooming profusely all Summer; borne on long, stiff stems, and fine for cutting; 1 to 2 ftoz. 25c59970	5



Centaurea Imperialis-See page 87

CENTAUREA Hardy Annuals—Continued	
Cyanus Emperor William. Blue; one of the finest of all Cornflowers, and much used for	Pkt.
cuttingoz. 30c 59980	5
" Rose. Distinct shade; flowers borne on long stems; good for	
cutting	5
" Victoria, Dwarf Compact. For pots and edgings; azure	
blue; 9 in60020	10
" Pure White. Very fine60030 " Mixedoz. 25c60040	5 5
" Double Mixed.	
1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 50c60050 "Mixed Dwarf Hybrids.	5
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c., oz. $80c60060$	10
Collection of Centaurea Cyanus, Imported, including 6 varieties60070	25
ty, little, composite yellow flowers; 1½ ft60100	5
CENTRANTHUS Very pretty, flowering annu	free-
suitable for rockeries, vases and the gar border; 1 ft.	uals, den Pkt.
macrosiphon. Red60120	5
" nanus. Red; dwarf; ½ ft. 60130	5
" nanus albus. White. 60140	5
" Mixed60150	5
CERASTIUM (Snow-in-Summer). Pretty, si leaved, trailing, hardy perennials; fine ed	ver-
plants, also for rockeries; 6 in.	Pkt.
tomentosum. White	25
	95
	25
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous	25 10
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine,	
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily pro-	
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340	
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft	10 25
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft	10 25
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not found the annuals with the Winter-flowering seed.	10 25 con-hese orts
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not of foundtle annuals with the Winter-flowering sof the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow	25 conhese orts from in
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not found the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro	25 con- hese orts from in ike a ught
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not found the series of the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed	25 con- hese orts from in in ike a ught s in
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not of foundtl annuals with the Winter-flowering s of the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed from the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed the planting to the garden; or seed may be seed the planting to t	25 con- hese orts from min lke a ught s in cans- sown
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not foundtl annuals with the Winter-flowering s of the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be swhere the plants are to flower, if the seed	25 con- hese orts from in the a ught sin rans- sown lings
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not control of the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward to planting to the garden; or seed may be swhere the plants are to flower, if the seed are thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pinc back in early growth makes the plants be	25 con- hese orts from in ike a lught is in rans- sown hing ushy
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CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not foundtle annuals with the Winter-flowering sof the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward trylanting to the garden; or seed may be swhere the plants are to flower, if the seed are thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pine back in early growth makes the plants b and shapely. Average height, I to 1½ coronarium, Double sulphureum. Pale yellow	25 con-hese orts from in ike a ught sin in ans-sown llings high ft. Pkt.
CHAMÆPEUCE diacantha (Ivory Thistle). A spiny border perennial with glaucous foliage; flowers purple; 1½ ft60270 CHORIZEMA ilicifolium. A very fine, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily produced from seed; flowers yellow and red; 2 ft60340 CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus. CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not a foundtl annuals with the Winter-flowering s of the florists. They bloom profusely early Summer until frost, and, when grow large beds or masses their bright colors masplendid show. The plants can be bro into bloom early by sowing the seed frames or window-boxes, and afterward trylanting to the garden; or seed may be swhere the plants are to flower, if the seed are thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pine back in early growth makes the plants b and shapely. Average height, 1 to 1½ coronarium, Double sulphureum. Pale yellow	25 con-hese orts from in ike a ught si in sans-sown lings hing ft. Pkt. 5

CHRYSANTHEMUM	S—Continued
and a	icolor sorts have beautifu and eyes of various colors, are distinctively handsome, ong stems.
" Burridge roon, v	eanum. Crimson ma- Pkt. vith white edge and inner brilliant and showy.
" Eclipse.	Yellow, with velvety
" Golden	Feather. Foliage rich
yellow white, "Northern	; flowers bright red and on long stems60470 5 Star. Giant white
flowers	, with black centers. 60480 10
" Scarlet.	Dark and rich60490 5
" White	60510 5
1/4	lixed. All colors. oz. 20c., oz. 50c 60520 5
	nybridum, Mixed (Dun- 60550 10
" Double (Golden-leaved Sorts. A e of beautiful, yellow- sorts; flowers of various vivid colors60560 10
" Single a	nd Double Mixed. oz. 25c., oz. 75c60570
frutescens (Paris (gP). Beautiful ture; long-stemm with golden cen	Daisy, or Marguerite). for cutting and pot cul- ned, single, white flowers, ters. A favorite variety
with florists inodorum, Doub	
carried on long,	stiff stems; fine for cut-
Leucanthemum Extra large flower and brilliant, go	(Shasta Daisy) (hP). ers, with pure white petals olden yellow center; 2 to
2½ ft	60630 10
guerite). Flov	Secundum. (June Marvering in succession to sy
segetum, Mornir flower " Helios,	ng Star. Large, yellow rs; for cutting60650 5 Evening Star. Fine for rough yellow
flower on lo	rs of gigantic size, borne ng stems60660
Collections of	Chrysanthemum tricolor,

12 varieties..................60690 PERENNIAL VARIETIES. This section includes the large-flowered sorts, and the pretty, hardy Pompons that make bright masses of color in our gardens long after heavy frosts have cut down other flowers. We wish to make quite clear the distinction between this class and the Annual Chrysanthemums described above, so that, as has sometimes happened heretofore, customers may not order seed of the Summer-blooming garden varieties, expecting them to yield the grand show flowers of late Fall, which are obtained from cuttings carefully cultivated. For ordinary culture and room decoration plants pinched back to form a number of branches and hald in fer form a number of branches, and holding from five to ten flowers are satisfactory. Average height of show kinds, 3 ft.



Chrysanthemum tricolor

PERENNIAL CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued

indicum, Double. Will produce superb Pkt. flowers of different types and colors; fine for forcing and cut-flowers...........60730

Pompon. The pretty, hardy dwarfs, with bright, clustered flowers, which brighten up the garden late in Autumn; 1½ ft......60740

japonicum fl. pl. From finest flowers. Double. An extra choice mixture, including many of the finest large-flowering sorts......60750

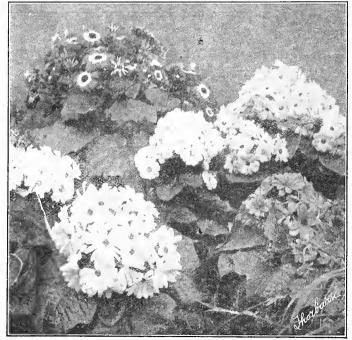
CINERARIA One of the most useful and ornamental of greenhouse plants, with flowers of the richest and most brilliant colors and shades, and of the finest texture. It is rather a difficult plant to grow if its requirements are not understood. mistake generally made is in growing it in a warm house instead of a cool one. The seed should be started in the greenhouse. For Winter blooming sow in April and May in shallow boxes, in fine soil; drop the seed in shallow drills, cover, and press the earth rather firmly with a piece of board or the bottom of a pot. Set the box where it will get the morning sun, water moderately and carefully. Average height, 2 ft.

Pkt.

Azure Blue. Dwarf; fine for edging . 60780 25 Large-flowered, Crimson. Very brilliant and showy......60800 25

Flesh Colored, Mixed. 60810

CINERARIA—Continued Pkt.	CLARKIA—Continued Pkt.
Large-flowered, Stella, Mixed. Twisted and fluted petals; large flowers of very rich and bright colors60820 50	pulchella alba. White
" White. Handsome.	" Double and Single Mixed.
60830 25 " Prize Mixed. Magnificent strain60840 60	CLARY (Salvia Horminum). Pretty, hardy annuals for beds and borders; 1½ ft.
" "Half Dwarf, Prize Mixed Exquisite; 1 ft60850 60	Pkt. Purple-Top. Purple
Splendid Mixed. All fine sorts 60860 25 Double60870 60	White-Top. White
stellata (Polyantha). Mixed60880 25	†CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower). Excellent, hardy, climbing perennials for trellises, arbors, verandas, etc. Do
HALF-HARDY PERENNIALS. Require some protection.	well in most locations. crispa. Pale purple; floriferous; 10 ft. Pkt.
maritima (Dusty Miller). Silvery leaves. Pkt. 60910 5	61160 25 paniculata. White, fragrant, very free
" candidissima. Beautiful, white foliage; the best. 60920 10	blooming; 10 to 20 ft
CLARKIA One of the prettiest and showiest of hardy annuals that bloom freely and have flowers of such various bright colors that a bed of them in full bloom is a beautiful sight; useful for hanging baskets,	For other sorts, see <i>Tree Seeds</i> , pages 67 to 70. CLINTONIA (Downingia pulchella). Very Pkt. pretty border annual; flowers freely in purple, white and yellow (tricolor); fine for edgings; 6 in 61270 25
vases and as edgings to beds of larger growing plants. Sow outdoors in early Spring and grow in partial shade. The plants keep up a	tory climber, with large, pea-shaped blooms; 10 ft.
continuous bloom through Midsummer to late Autumn; average height, 1½ ft. Pkt.	ternatea. Blue
elegans alba, Double. White	‡COBAEA Tender climbing perennials of rapid growth; 20 ft. ‡scandens. Purple, bell-shaped flowers. Pkt. 61330 10
" Single Mixed	‡ " alba. White
" Double Mixed	*COLEUS (gP). Splendid bedding plants; with beautifully colored follows



Cineraria Hybrida

lent, hardy, climbing peren-
lent, hardy, climbing peren- rellises, arbors, verandas, etc. Do
ost locations.
e purple; floriferous; 10 ft. Pkt. 61160 25
White freezewant fee-
white, Hagiant, Very free 10 to 20 ft
plors; 10 to 15 ft
sorts, see Tree Seeds, pages 67 to 70.
(Downingia pulchella). Very Pkt.
nite and vellow (tricolor): fine
2) 0 1111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Beautiful greenhouse and conserva-
er, with large, pea-shaped blooms;
Blue61290 Pkt.
Tender climbing perennials of
Tender climbing perennials of rapid growth; 20 ft.
Purple, bell-shaped flowers. Pkt. 61330 10
alba. White
See Celosia.
5 (gP). Splendid bedding plants; with beautifully colored foliage
with beautifully colored foliage, very useful for decorative pur-
poses; 2 ft. Pkt.
Fine Hybrids, Mixed
61410 25
Finest Mixed Large-
leaved
collinsia Free-flower-ing annuals.
COLLINSIA Free-flowering annuals. If sown in Autumn, will stand
COLLINSIA Free-flower- ing annuals. If sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and flower early in
COLLINSIA Free-flowering annuals. If sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and flower early in Spring. All the species are brightly colored and excellent
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Is sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and flower early in Spring. All the species are brightly colored, and excellent for growing in patches or clumps; easily grown in any garden soil; 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. bicolor. Lilac and white
leaved
If sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and flower early in Spring. All the species are brightly colored, and excellent for growing in patches or clumps; easily grown in any garden soil; 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. bicolor. Lilac and white 61490 5 alba. White 61500 5 candidissima. White 61510 5 multicolor. White, violet and lilac 61530 5 verna. Light blue and white 61500 5 Mixed 61560 5
COLLINSIA Free-flowering annuals. If sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and flower early in Spring. All the species are brightly colored, and excellent for growing in patches or clumps; easily grown in any garden soil; I to 1½ ft. Pkt. bicolor. Lilac and white "alba. White. 61500 5 "alba. White. 61510 5 multicolor. White, violet and lilac
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the same of the sa	
CATALOGUE OF H	IGH-CLASS SEEDS 91
COLUMBINE. See Aquilegia.	COSMOS—Continued
COMMELYNA. Showy, half-hardy perennials;	Erlinda. White. Pkt. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c61940 10
favorite plants for pots and gardens; 1½ ft. Pkt. cœlestis. Blue	Rosita. Pink.
	1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c 61950 10 Mixed1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 50c 61960 10
CONVOLVULUS	Klondyke. Orange colored; distinct fo-
TALL. Beautiful and easily grown annual; rapid in covering screens, trellises, etc.	liage
major (Tall Morning Glory). Mixed. Pkt.	ly fringed; in various bright colors. An attractive flower
Finest colors; 10 ft. up oz. 20c61690 5 mauritanicus (hP). Blue; trailing habit;	Striped. Charming and distinct; large,
fine for baskets and rockeries61700 10 For Japanese Morning Glory, see	white centers, and petals deeply striped white
Ipomæa.	Tints of Dawn. Handsome, white flow-
DWARF. Dwarf Morning Glories are most	ers, slightly tinged with rose62040 10
elegant annuals for growing in clumps or beds; also for edgings and hanging-baskets;	COWSLIP (Primula officinalis hybrida) (hP). Favorite Spring
very bushy; of easiest culture; bloom all season; 12 in. Pkt.	flower; fragrant; mixed colors; 6 in.62080 10 CRUCIANELLA stylosa (Crosswort). Hardy Pkt.
tricolor (minor). Blue	perennial, with pink flowers; 1 ft62100 5
" Rose	†CUCUMIS Very luxuriant, half-hardy, climbing annuals of extremely
" White	rapid growth, bearing curious fruits; flowers
" Mixedoz. 25c61780 5 Collection of Convolvulus tricolor,	yellow; 10 to 15 ft. Pkt. flexuosus (Snake Cucumber) 62140 5
Imported, including 8 varieties 61790 35	grossulariæformis (Gooseberry Gourd).
COREOPSIS. See Calliopsis.	CUCURBITA. See Gourds.
CORNFLOWER. See Centaurea Cyanus.	†CUPHEA. Pretty half-hardy perennials; fine bor-
COSMIDIUM Burridgeanum. Very showy, hardy annuals of easy cultivation; flowers	der and pot-plants; 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. miniata. Crimson
velvety brown; 2 ft	platycentra (Cigar Plant). Long-shaped, scarlet flowers all Summer62210 10
COSMOS One of the notable Fall flowers, annual,	Rœzlii. Red
with bold flowers of exquisite daintiness and	
airiness, heightened in effect by their foliage setting of feathery green. It is most effective	
when planted in broad masses, or long back- ground borders against evergreens or fences.	
We offer only the choice, large-flowering	
strains. To make sure of flowering early Cosmos should be started indoors and trans-	
planted into dry, sandy or poor soil, in a sunny situation.	
THORBURN'S NEW EXTRA EARLY	A A A A
FLOWERING. Rose pink and shell pink. Pkt. See Novelties. 61870 25	
EARLY FLOWERING. If seed is started early in the house or frame, this fire strain will pro-	
in the house or frame, this fine strain will pro- duce flowers a month earlier than Mammoth	
Perfection. Pkt. Crimson	
Pink	
White	

Dawn. Choice Mixed...........61912

Lady Lenox. White, counterpart of above MAMMOTH PERFECTION. Large flowers on

long stems, lasting until frost.

Lady Lenox. Lovely, large, shell-pink flowers of great substance. One of the finest of Cosmos................................61920 10

Conchita. Crimson. Pkt. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c...61930 10



Cosmos, Early Flowering Mixed



These bulbous greenhouse plants are all very beautiful and are unapproached among Winter-flowering plants for duration of bloom, variety of shades, and wealth of coloring. They are among the best plants recommended for house culture, as they thrive well and bloom profusely in the average temperature of the living room. Sow the seed in small boxes or seed pans in a compost of well rotted manure, leaf mold and sand, in the early Winter months. Cover lightly with moss, which should be kept moist and should be removed after the seed germinates. Prick out into small pots when the young plants have two leaves. If grown steadily without any check, they will flower in from ten to twelve months. Average height 9 in.

giganteun	n album, Mont Blanc. White. 62300	Pkt. 25
44	albo-rubrum. White with red eye.	
	100 seeds \$1 62310	25
44	atropurpureum. Dark red. 62320	25
44	Princess May. Purest white, tipped crimson; very handsome	25
44		
	roseum. Rose62350	25
44	Rosy Morn. Rich rose, shading to purplish tinge. 62355	25
44	Salmon Queen. Salmon; very fine	25
44	Mixed. Finest sorts62380	25
persicum	Papilo, Mixed (Butterfly Cyc-	
-	lamen)	25
" 1	Mixed62410	10

CYPERUS alternifolius (Umbrella Pkt. Plant). A perennial grass-like plant of fine habit; grows well in water and damp places; 2 ft
CYPRESS VINE. See Ipomæa Quamoclit.
This favorite, half-hardy perennial is most easily grown from seed sown early in the house or greenhouse. Will bloom freely outdoors until frost the first season; 3 to 6 ft.
Double Mixed
Single Mixed
Double Cactus, Mixed
Jules Chretien (Dwarf). Fine, single
flowered; scarlet; 1 ft
blooms on long stems
DAISY (Bellis perennis, etc.) (hP). May be sown in February or March in shallow boxes of light, rich soil, covering the seeds to about three times their own thickness, and pressing soil firmly over them. Keep in a warm window, hotbed or greenhouse. When well out of the seed leaf transplant to new boxes, and set out in the open ground when danger from frost is past. Or, sow in beds outside in August or September; protect with straw or litter over Winter, and transplant to their permanent position in the Spring. They make delightful borders to beds of taller-growing annuals and can be used very effectively in beds of Spring-blooming bulbs; 4 in. Pkt. Double Red
flowers
62654 25 Shasta Daisy. See Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum.
DAISY (Paris Daisy). See Chrysanthemum frutescens.
DAISY, Swan River. See Brachycome.
DATURA. Showy, half-hardy annuals of rapid growth, with large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant flowers; 3 ft.
cornucopia (Horn of Plenty). Violet; Pkt. immense flowers
fastuosa, Double White
meteloides (Wrightii). White and lilac. 62790 5

10

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). In variety and beauty of its blue tints

which are as numerous as they are charming, no other plant can equal the Delphinium. The brilliant flowers are strongly effective in beds or masses, in borders, shrubberies, or in combination with white lilies. Improvements are continually being made in the size of the flowers, as well as in the length and fulness of the spikes. Some of the species flower both early and late; the season for all can be prolonged by cutting away withered flower-stems. All varieties are easily cultivated and adaptable to many conditions, but in a soil deeply dug and well enriched with fine old manure, their blooms are the finest. Setting them 1½ the cach way is not too much for the taller sorts.

ANNUAL VARIETIES. These include the Rocket or Hyacinth-flowered, so called from their long, narrow flower spikes. They bloom best in a rather cool, moist soil. Sow seed in the open border, either in Spring or Fall, preferably the latter, so that germination may take place very early in the Spring As the seedlings grow, thin them to stand 6 to 18 in. apart, according to variety. The varieties are seldom kept separate, as they are quite as pretty and convenient for cutting when sown in mixture. Some of these are really hardy biennials, but, because they bloom the first season, we treat them as hardy annuals. The shades of color cover a very wide range.

Ajacis, Dwarf Rocket. Finest colors; Pkt. very beautiful for bedding; 1 ft. oz. 30c...62810 5

Tall Rocket. Rose-pink; 2 ft. 62820 5

" White; 2 ft..62830

" Long, s h o w y
spikes; mixed
colors; 2 ft.
62840

" Ranunculus-flowered. Double; colors fine; 2 ft.........62850 5

5

" Tall Branching. Flesh-color; 2 ft....62860 5 White, beautiful for cuting...62862 10

" " Tall Rose. Rose color. **62864** 10

" " Choice mixed; 2ft. ½ oz. 20c., oz. 50c. 62870

Emperor Branching Rose. This and the next are splendidly bright and showy, often giving ten to twenty erect spikes of flowers; 2 ft........62890

"Branching, White. Beautiful for cutting.......62900 10

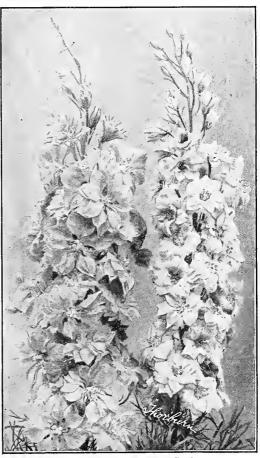
Branching, Mixed.
1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c....62910

Newport Rose. A rose-colored and very beautiful, free-flowering sort. If sown outdoors in Spring, it will bloom by the first of August; 2 ft............62920

DELPHINIUM—Continued

PERENNIAL VARIETIES. These are usually taller than the annuals, requiring more space between the plants. If sown in the Fall or very early Spring, nearly all will bloom the first season. Foliage clean and pretty; habit strong and neat; flower-spikes long and dazzling.

Brunonianum. Lovely blue, muskscented flowers, very distinct; 6 to 18 in. 62950



Delphinium (Larkspur), Tall Rocket

ELPHINIUM, Perennial Varieties—Continue	d.
elatum, Blue (Bee Larkspur). Soft, clear blue; tall spikes; 3 ft. 63000	Pkt. 10
" hybridum, Finest Mixed. Very showy63010	10
" hybridum, Finest Double Mixed63020	25
formosum. Brilliant blue, white center; especially fine; 3 ft. 63030	25
" cœlestinum. Sky-blue; handsome; true63040	25
New Large Hybrids, Mixed. All shades of blue from best named single-flowering varieties; 3 ft	25
nudicaule. The only pure bright scar- let. Dwarf and compact in growth, with flower-stems of fine length; 1 ft. A native of California	30
Zalil (sulphureum) (hP). Long spikes of yellow flowers; 2 ft63090	30
DENDROMECON rigidum (California Yellow Tree Poppy). An easily grown greenhouse shrub with yellow flowers; 2 ft. 63250	25

DIANTHUS. See Pinks, Carnations and Picotees.



Dimorphotheca aurantiaca hybrida

remain for years undisturbed; the leaves when rubbed, have a lemon odor; 3 ft. Pkt. Fraxinella. Red	DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant). Ornam tal hardy perennials;	ien- can
Fraxinella. Red	remain for years undisturbed: the leaves w	hen
DIMORPHOTHECA (African Orange Daisy). Easily grown, hardy annual of great beauty; 12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy. Resily grown, hardy annual of great beauty; 12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy. Bybrida. New fine varieties, mixed	Fraxinella. Red63290	10
Easily grown, hardy annual of great beauty; 12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy. aurantiaca. Orange; very fine	DIDISCUS. See Trachymene.	
Easily grown, hardy annual of great beauty; 12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy. aurantiaca. Orange; very fine	DIMORDHOTHECA (African	Or-
aurantiaca. Orange; very fine	Easily grown, hardy annual of great bear	sy). utv:
## Invoiced New fine varieties, mixed	12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy.	
shaped blossoms and ornamental seed pods. Fine for covering screens, etc.; 10 ft. Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). Purple. OZ. 25c. 63390 " albus. White. OZ. 25c. 63400 5 " Mixed. OZ. 25c. 63410 5 giganteus. White. OZ. 25c. 63410 5 giganteus. White. OZ. 25c. 63420 10 Japonicus (Daylight). White, very fine. 63430 10 Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage. 63440 5 *DRACÆNA. Ornamental greenhouse plants; fine for pots, vases, or beds. *Draco. Very fine variety; 3 ft. 63490 25 *indivisa. Narrow green leaves; 4 ft. 63500 10 DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm). An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft. 63520 5 ECHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succulent plants extensively used for "carpet" bedding; bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in. Agavoides. Yellow. 63570 25 metallica. Yellow. 63590 25 secunda. Scarlet and yellow. 63610 25 *ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). A rapid-growing annual climber. 63620 5 ECHINOPS Ritro. A hardy perennial of stiff growth; flowers blue; fine for bees; 2 ft. 63630 10 ELSHOLTZIA cristata. Hardy annual; flowers lilac; a good plant for bees; 1½ ft. 63650 5 EMMENANTHE penduliflora (California Golden Bells). A bushy-growing, hardy annual, with long-lasting yellow flowers; 1 ft. 63670 25 EPACRIS hybrida superba. Elegant greenhouse plants, free-blooming; style of heath. Mixed varieties; 2 to 3 ft. 63690 50 ERINUS alpinus (hP). Pretty alpine rockplant; flowers blue; fine for baskets; 3 in. 63770 25 ERODIUM moschatum. Pretty; little, hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers; 3 in. 63790 5 ERYNGIUM. Extremely ornamental, hardy perennials, well adapted for the garden border. giganteum (Silver Thistle). Blue; 4 ft. Pkt.	" hybrida. New fine varieties, mixed63350	
shaped blossoms and ornamental seed pods. Fine for covering screens, etc.; 10 ft. Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). Purple. OZ. 25c. 63390 " albus. White. OZ. 25c. 63400 5 " Mixed. OZ. 25c. 63410 5 giganteus. White. OZ. 25c. 63410 5 giganteus. White. OZ. 25c. 63420 10 Japonicus (Daylight). White, very fine. 63430 10 Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage. 63440 5 *DRACÆNA. Ornamental greenhouse plants; fine for pots, vases, or beds. *Draco. Very fine variety; 3 ft. 63490 25 *indivisa. Narrow green leaves; 4 ft. 63500 10 DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm). An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft. 63520 5 ECHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succulent plants extensively used for "carpet" bedding; bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in. Agavoides. Yellow. 63570 25 metallica. Yellow. 63590 25 secunda. Scarlet and yellow. 63610 25 *ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). A rapid-growing annual climber. 63620 5 ECHINOPS Ritro. A hardy perennial of stiff growth; flowers blue; fine for bees; 2 ft. 63630 10 ELSHOLTZIA cristata. Hardy annual; flowers lilac; a good plant for bees; 1½ ft. 63650 5 EMMENANTHE penduliflora (California Golden Bells). A bushy-growing, hardy annual, with long-lasting yellow flowers; 1 ft. 63670 25 EPACRIS hybrida superba. Elegant greenhouse plants, free-blooming; style of heath. Mixed varieties; 2 to 3 ft. 63690 50 ERINUS alpinus (hP). Pretty alpine rockplant; flowers blue; fine for baskets; 3 in. 63770 25 ERODIUM moschatum. Pretty; little, hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers; 3 in. 63790 5 ERYNGIUM. Extremely ornamental, hardy perennials, well adapted for the garden border. giganteum (Silver Thistle). Blue; 4 ft. Pkt.	‡DOLICHOS Very rapid-growing, ha	rdy
Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). Purple. oz. 25c. 63390 "Mixed	shaped blossoms and ornamental seed p	ods.
"Mixed	Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). Purple.	
Japonicus (Daylight). White, very fine. 63430 Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage	" albus. Whiteoz. 25c63400	5
Japonicus (Daylight). White, very fine. 63430 Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage	" Mixed	
Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage	Japonicus (Daylight). White, very fine.	10
for pots, vases, or beds. *Draco. Very fine variety; 3 ft	Purple Soudan. Purple flowers in racemes;	
DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm). An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft	*DRACÆNA. Ornamental greenhouse plants;	
DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm). An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft	*Draco. Very fine variety; 3 ft63490 *indivisa. Narrow green leaves; 4 ft.63500	25
FCHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succulent plants extensively used for "carpet" bedding; bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in. Pkt. agavoides. Yellow	DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm).	
bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in. agavoides. Yellow	flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft63520	
bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in. agavoides. Yellow	ECHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succu	lent
#ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). A rapid-growing annual climber	bluish green leaves: 3 to 6 in.	Pkt.
rapid growing annual climber	metallica. Yellow	25
rapid-growing annual climber		25
ECHINOPS Ritro. A hardy perennial of stiff growth; flowers blue; fine for bees; 2 ft	Cucumber). A	=
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EMMENANTHE penduliflora (California Golden Bells). A bushy-growing, hardy annual, with long-lasting yellow flowers; 1 ft	ELSHOLTZIA cristata. Hardy annual;	
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house plants, free-blooming, style of heath. Mixed varieties; 2 to 3 ft. 63690 50 ERINUS alpinus (hP). Pretty alpine rock-plant; flowers blue; fine for baskets; 3 in. 63770 25 ERODIUM moschatum. Pretty; little, hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers; 3 in	1 tt	25
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ERODIUM moschatum. Pretty; little, hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers; 3 in	ERINUS alpinus (hP). Pretty alpine rock- plant; flowers blue; fine for baskets; 3 in.	25
hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers; 3 in		20
perennials, well adapted for the garden border. giganteum (Silver Thistle). Blue; 4 ft. Pkt.	hardy annual: good for borders; purple	5
giganteum (Silver Thistle). Blue; 4 ft. Pkt.	ERYNGIUM. Extremely ornamental, ha	rdy
	giganteum (Silver Thistle). Blue; 4 ft.	Pkt.

CATALOGUE OF I	HI
ERYSIMUM. Free-flowering, hardy annuals of neat habit and bright colors; style of wall-flowers; 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt	- 1
arkansanum. Yellow63840	
Perofskianum. Orange63850 5	5
ESCHSCHOLTZIA Commonly called California Poppy.	1
The state flower of California. This much esteemed hardy annual is very bright and rich in its pure tints of yellow, orange, etc. The plants average about a foot in height, with silvery foliage, and produce their large, Poppylike flowers from early Spring until frost. They are most effective when grown in beds of considerable size, over which the seed may be sown broadcast thinly, and lightly raked in. These sowings may be made early in Spring or late in Autumn for earlier germination blooming the next Spring. Useful as a potplant and for cut-flowers. THORBURNI. Coppery orange; the ef-Pkt fect of a plant in bloom is simply gorgeous;	
the flowers are larger than those of other Eschscholtzias, and are borne with equal profusion; finest of all. (See cut.) 63900 10)
californica. Rich yellow. oz. 30c 63910 alba. Creamy white. 63920 alba fl. pl. Fine sort, with double, creamy white flow-	5
ers)
ing. Crimson63940 10).
rose; beautiful63950 10 "Rose-Cardinal Carmine-)
rose	
crocea. Pure, deep orange63990	
" Double Orange	5 5
Mandarin. Red-gold flowers, orange within and scarlet without	
maritima. Canary-yellow, with orange center; leaves grayish; very	
effective64030 5 "Golden West. A superb va-	
riety with very large flowers of deep yellow; blooms all Summer; 2 ft64040 tenuifolia. Bright yellow; leaves dense and finely cut	
finely cut	
EUCHARIDIUM grandiflorum. Graceful and showy; little hardy annuals, nearly allied to Clarkia; fine for edgings and pots;	
EUPATORIUM Fraseri. Splendid hardy perennials; clusters of white flowers, fine	5
*EUPHORBIA Very ornamental-leaved strong-growing hardy an	
nuals; fine for beds and borders; 2 to 3 ft. variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Green- Pkt	
heterophylla (Mexican Fire Plant). Glossy green-and-carmine leaves64120	

EUTOCA VISCIDA. Dark blue.....64160

FENZLIA.						
ribbon-g	ardening o	r pots	; about 3	in.		Pkt.
dianthiflo	ra. Rosy	z lilac.		64	190	25
"	alba.	Whi	te	64	1200	25

FEVERFEW. See Matricaria.

FLAX. See Linum.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis). These dainty little flowers love cool, moist soils, and, like Pansies, bloom most freely in Fall and early Spring. They make beautiful close borders, or edgings, and will bloom nicely in Winter in a cool room or coldframe. They establish themselves by self-seeding. Sow in Spring in a warm, sunny border. Most varieties bloom freely the first

rosea. Rosy flowers; pretty contrast with blues and whites.

64330 10



Eschscholtzia Thorburni

	FORGET-ME-NOT—Continued
Pkt	alpestris Victoria. Strong-growing; dwarf habit; flowers large, globular, sky-blue, abundant; fine for borders, growing in pots and for
15	cutting
10	" Mixed64350
25	azorica (hA). Dark blue, with white eye; 1 ft
25	" cœlestina (hA). Beautiful light blue; 1 ft64370
15	dissitiflora (hP). Blooms very early; flowers blue
	hybridus, Star of Love (hB). A distinct dwarf variety, with large, beau- tiful blue flowers and handsome
25	foliage



Foxgloves

FORGET-ME-NOT—Continued
alpestris Ruth Fischer (hB). Pure For- Pkt.
get-me-not blue. Fine for
get-me-not blue. Fine for cutting and for hanging-bas-
kets. Can be forced success- fully and, owing to its extreme
fully and, owing to its extreme
hardiness, it is valuable for Spring bedding in open ground.
64400 25
palustris (hP). (True Forget-me-not).
Dark blue; blooms the second
year abundantly all season; the
best known of all64410 10
" semperflorens (hP). Bright blue; dwarf; blooming from
Spring until Autumn; toliage a
good shade of green64420 25
sylvatica (hB). Blue, with yellow eye;
likes dry soil; 1 to 2 ft64430 10
FOLID O'CL OCK (Mirabilis). Favor-
FOUR O'CLOCK (Mirabilis). Favor- ite half-hardy annual
of the easiest culture and very suitable for large beds and borders. Called Four O'Clock
because it opens its blossoms at that hour in
the afternoon. Also known as Marvel of Peru.
Handsome, free-flowering, sweet-scented; blos-
soms variegated, striped and of various colors.
Hybrids, Mixed. Fine assortment; 2 ft. Pkt.
oz. 25c 64460 5
longiflora alba. White; 2 ft64480 5 Variegated-leaved. Many colors; 2 ft.
64490 5
Tom Thumb, White. Bushy habit; 1 ft.
64500 5
" " Mixed. Very fine; 1 ft. 64510 5
FORICE OFIE (Digitalia) The tall forms
[] X [] [Digitalis]. The tall nower
FOXGLOVE (Digitalis). The tall flower spikes of the Foxglove, often
2 to 3 ft. in height, are particularly handsome,
2 to 3 ft. in height, are particularly handsome, when grown among shrubbery, or in bold
2 to 3 it. in height, are particularly handsome, when grown among shrubbery, or in bold masses, as a background for lower growing
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OHIMBOUDE OF	
FUCHSIA (Ladies' Eardrops). The well-known Spring-blooming greenhouse plants; also for the window-garden. As bedding plants, the well-well-well-well-well-well-well-wel	ants
they do splendidly in the Summer if gi partial shade and rich soil. procumbens. Blue; trailing variety for	ven Pkt.
vases and hanging-baskets	25 50
hybrida, Finest Single, Mixed64790 "Finest Double, Mixed64800	50 50
" Finest Single and Double, Mixed64810	50
GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Et the annual and peren	Both nial
varieties of Gaillardia are very showy and bloomers all Summer long until frost; goo	free
any situation and easily grown; the indivi- flowers are of large size, very durable and n	lual
brilliant in color; fine for bouquets; 2 to 3	Pkt.
amblyodon (hA). Fine red64870 †grandiflora maxima (hP). Golden yellow;	5
2½ ft	10
shades with red centers; very fine, large-flowering hybrids.	
64900 "Extra-fine Mixed (hP).64910	10 10
" semi-plena Mixed (hP). Su- perb; very large-flowering,	
semi-double varieties64920 "Kermesina splendens. Cen-	15
ter of rich crimson bordered canary yellow64922	10
All the following Picta sorts are most eleg	gant
annuals and well deserve very generous plantipicta (hA). Red-and-yellow; very brilliant. 64930	ngs. Pkt. 5
" Lorenziana. Double; mixed colors; flowers large64940	5
" Mixed. Finest colors64960	5
GALEGA. Ornamental, tall-growing, hardy penials, well suited for borders or cutting; blo	ren- oms
all Summer; 3 to 4 ft. officinalis. Blue65000	Pkt. 5
" alba. White65010 GAMOLEPIS Tagetes. Half-hardy annual	10
of easiest culture; continuous bloomer; fine for beds; flowers yellow; 1 ft65030	10
GAZANIA longiscapa. Magnificent South Africa,	
of easy culture, continuous bloomer, dark green foliage with long-stemmed flowers of	
golden yellow with brown markings. 65080 GENISTA canariensis. Ornamental and	25
free-flowering tender perennial; yellow flowers; 2 ft65090	10
GENTIANA. Showy hardy perennials, valued their beautiful, intense blue flowers early	for y in
the season. cruciata. Azure-blue; 1 ft65110	Pkt. 10
GERANIUM Most valuable greenho plants, blooming continue nothing equals them. 1½ ft.	use ous- den
Zonale. Scarlet	Pkt. 10
Apple-scented. Pink; fragrant foliage. 65150	25
Choice Mixed	25

GERBERA (Transvaal Daisy). Very pretty half-hardy perennials, fine for garden border and also Winter forcing; grows about 2 ft. in height and blooms all through the season. Jamesonii. Deep scarlet (25 seeds in a Pkt. diversity of colors, from pure white to dark red; fine for cutting (25 seeds in a packet) GEUM Handsome hardy perennials that bloom freely all the season; fine for bouquets; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. in height. coccineum. Scarlet..............65240 10 atrosanguineum fl. pl. Double; crimson. 65250 Mrs. J. Bradshaw. Large, brilliant scarlet......65256 GILIA

Pretty hardy annuals that bloom most freely and continuously the season. Do finely in any situation; look well on lawn and in beds; are good for rockeries, and can be planted at any time; Pkt. 1 ft. 5 achilleifolia. Blue......65280 alba. White.......65290 5 rosea. Rose........65300 5 5 capitata. Light blue......65310 alba. White......65320 5 laciniata. Dark blue; dwarf (6 inches). 5 liniflora. White; dwarf (6 inches). For borders......65340 5

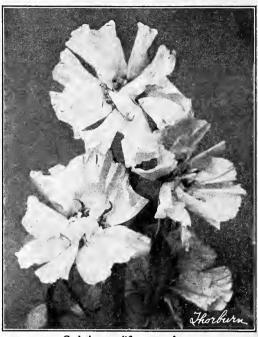


tricolor. Violet, yellow and white. . 65360

Gaillardia grandiflora

98 J.	M.	TH	ORBU	JRN	&	CO.	, 5
†GLAUC Poppy-lik	IU	M (Howers	Horned ordy pe and gla	Popperennial	y). l, wi blue	Sho ith la folia	wy rge,
of easiest Burbank's	cul	ture; 2	tt.				Pkt.
GLOBE AMA	ARA	NTH.	See 6	Gomphr	ena.		
GODET	A f sa	Favor annua tiny t	ite, fr ls, wi exture	ee-bloo th wid , and	ming dely of 1	g , h a ope the n	rdy ned nost
flowers of delicate a for solid	bec	ls. bo	rder li	nes, pe	ots.	and	tor
growing i fine flowe border in transplan	rs w 1 Sp	ill flou oring,	rish. S	Sow see	d in dfra	the o	pen and
height 1 f	ın so t.	11. F1	ne jor c	ui-jiow	ers.	Aver	age
blush-wh: fusion	ite f	lowers	borne		eat 6	pro- 5450	Pkt. 5
Crimson G fine, com	ilow pact	. Into	ense, da er; ver	azzling y florif	erou	1s.	1 ~
Duchess of	All	oany.	Satin	y white	e 6	5460 5470	15 10
gloriosa (I dwarf grandiflora	ord 	Robe . culat	erts). 	Dark eat wh	6	rea; 5490 flow-	10
ers, blotc Lady Albei	hed	with o	armin	e	6	5500	5 10
44	"	С	ompa Gordo	cta (on). Da	Gen ırk c	eral rim-	0
Lady Satir Brilliant)	Ro B	se (G right o	. Whit	lwarf neyi co	mpa	acta,	5
Lindleyand Princess of cut-flower	a ' f Wa	White ales.	and re Brillia	d it carm	6	5540 fine	5
rubicunda	spl	enden	s. Br	illiant r	ed;	fine. 5570	5
The Bride. Whitneyi I					y sh		5
Mixed, Tal " Dw		Varie	ties.		6	5620	5
GOLDEN FE	ATI			oz, 50c. Pyrethri		5630	5
GLOXIN	IIA	Gree nific	enhouse ent flo	e plant wers o	s w	ith m reat b	ag- ril-
liancy; started ea the same	very arly	decc in the	rative. e seaso	If n the p	the olan	seed ts blo	is om
fine pot pot $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	plan	ts tor	the w	indow	garo	ien; .	i to
hybrida gr: Mixed crassifoli				 I	6	5670	Pkt. 50 50
Defiance	h	orizor	ıtalis,	Mixed et; sup	16	5690	50
foliage. French	 Tige	red a	nd Sp	otted.	6	5700 Very	50
rich col Gigante a	cæ	rulea.	Large		ky b	lue,	50
**	t l	hroat			69	5715	50
44	d	ark re	d	Carmine t dotte	6	5720	50
••	G	onath ler,	ı.´´ Pu delica	rple, w	nite spo	bor- tted	

GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth). These wellknown, hardy annuals are among the most popular of the Everlastings for dried Winter bouquets; also well adapted for beds and edgings in the garden. Their round heads of flowers are also called Bachelor's Buttons; 1 ft. globosa rubra. Purplish red......65750 "alba. White........65760 carnea. Flesh pink......65770 5 " variegata. Striped......65780 5 Mixed......65810

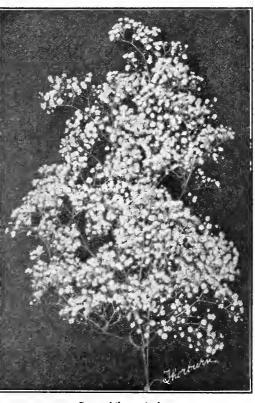


Godetia grandiflora maculata

GOURDS (Ornamental) (hhA). rapid-growing, annual climbers have most luxuriant foliage and are excellent for covering verandas or trellis-work, and for training over arbors, fences, etc.; bear most curious fruits; the vines are immune from insect pests; 10 to 25 ft. Apple-shaped. A good sort......65860 5 5 10 5 Dish-cloth (Chinese Luffa). Interior use-5 Hercules' Club. Long, green fruits. . 65920 Knob-Kerrie Gourd. Green-and-yellow 5 fruits; ball-shaped, with long handles. 65930 10 Mock Orange. Orange-shaped fruits. One 5 5 annual; scarlet flowers; for edgings, pots or baskets; 6 in.... 10 GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Graceful, evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily raised from seed; fern-like foliage; fine for table

GUNNERA (Chilian Rhubarb). Hardy	oeren	nial
decorative lawn plants; leaves gigant	ic. of	ften
7 to 8 ft. long; flowers reddish purple	. N	eed
rich soil and plenty of water; 4 to 6 ft.		$^{ m Pkt.}_{25}$
scabra6		$\frac{25}{25}$
GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath). Both th		
and perennial varieties are most easil	v gro	wn:
very graceful and delicate flowers and	l folia	ige;
fine for rockwork or shrubbery and b	ouqu	ets;
2 ft. elegans (hA). Pure white. oz. 30c6	cnon	Pkt. 5
" grandiflora alba (hA). L	arge	U
grandiflora alba (hA). L flowering, whiteoz. 30c 6	6100	10
" carminea (hA). Rosy carmelegant6	nine;	4.0
elegant	6110	10 5
" rosea (hA). Rose6 muralis (hA). Pink; dwarf; very	fine:	o
6 in	6130	10
6 in	iets.	
	6150	10
HAWKWEED (Crepis). Showy, hardy as		
easiest culture; 1 to 1½ ft. Golden Yellow6		Pkt. 5
Red 6		5
White		5
HEDYSARUM. Hardy biennials, with ra		s of
beautiful, Pea-shaped flowers; ada	pted	for
borders and rockwork. Of the easiest So-called "French Honeysuckle," but	Cuit	ure.
tion to that vine. Not a climber; 3 f	t.	Pkt.
coronarium. Scarlet6	6240	5
" album. White6		5
HELENIUM autumnale superbum (Sn		
wort). Late-flowering, hardy perenn broad heads of elegant, golden ye	iais;	
broad fieads of elegant, golden ve		
flowers: fine for cutting: 5 to 6 ft6	6270	10
flowers; fine for cutting; 5 to 6 ft6	6270	10
flowers; fine for cutting; 5 to 6 ft6 HELICHRYSUM (Eternal Flowers). popular, hardy annual; the flowers:	6270 A n are la	nost
flowers; fine for cutting; 5 to 6 ft6 HELICHRYSUM (Eternal Flowers). popular, hardy annual; the flowers and the color bright; highly prized fo	6270 A n are la r Wii	nost arge ater
flowers; fine for cutting; 5 to 6 ft6 HELICHRYSUM (Eternal Flowers). popular, hardy annual; the flowers and the color bright; highly prized fo bouquets. Flowers intended for dryir	6270 A mare la ar Win ng sho	nost arge ater ould
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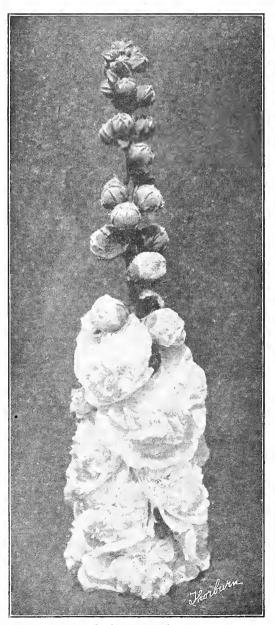
HELIPTERUM. Half-hardy annuals, with dense
masses of flowers; resemble Helichrysums, and
useful in the same way as "Everlasting" flowers;
1 ft. Pkt.
corymbiflorum. White66530 5
Sanfordii. Yellow66540 5
HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose). These well-
known, Spring-flowering, hardy perennials
thrive finely in any common soil, in a sheltered,
semi-shady situation; 1 ft. Pkt.
Mixed Hybrids. Very fine66570 25
HESPERIS. See Rocket.
HEUCHERA. Compact-growing, hardy peren-
nials, with erect spikes of brilliant flowers;
fine for the border, blooming all Summer;
fine for the border, blooming all Summer; nothing more desirable for cut-flowers; 1 ft.
sanguinea. Crimson; fine for pots and Pkt.
cutting
" splendens. Dark red; splen-
did
" hybrida, Mixed. Many ef-
fective varieties 66620 15
HIBISCUS (Mallow). All the species bear very showy flowers and are
very showy flowers and are
easily grown; should be employed largely in
every garden.
africanus (hA). Free flowering, fine an- Pkt.
nual; flowers yellow and purple; 2 ft66640 5
Crimson Eye (†hP). White and crimson;
splendid in borders; 4 ft66650 10
syriacus, Double (hS). Pink and white.
This is the Rose of Sharon: 6 ft 66660 5



Gypsophila paniculata

HOLLYHOCKS (Althæa rosea). Although Hollyhocks are

very permanent and hardy for the first Winter, it is advisable to sow seed every year of these splendid, hardy perennials, as the flowers on young, vigorous plants are much finer than on old ones. Sowings should be made in April or May, and not later than June, to flower the next year. In final transplanting give each seedling a foot or more space each way for development. They succeed best in an ordinary deep, rich soil. They make a glorious show in the garden with their splendid spires of flowers. Water well in dry



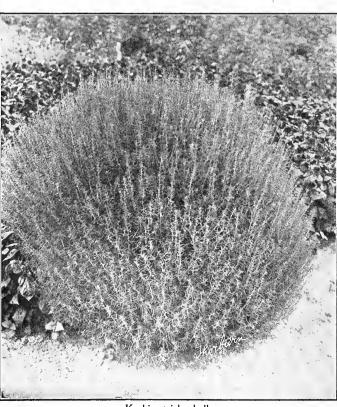
Double Hollyhocks

BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK
weather. Average height 6 ft. Our seed is of magnificent, double varieties, grown from Chater's celebrated collection, which has revolutionized the popular estimation of the Hollyhock. Bright Rose. 1/4 oz. 60c. 66720 10 Chamois Rose. 1/4 oz. 60c. 66750 10 Salmon. 1/4 oz. 60c. 66790 10 Snow White. 1/4 oz. 60c. 66800 10 Yellow. 1/4 oz. 60c. 66810 10 Mixed Double. 1/4 oz. 50c. 66820 10 "Allegheny, Fringed. 1/4 oz. 75c. 66830 15 "Single. 1/4 oz. 50c. 66840 5
HONESTY (Lunaria biennis). Hardy biennial, with silvery seed for Winter decorations; 2 ft.
PRt.
Purple
HORNED POPPY. See Glaucium.
#HUMULUS (Climbing Hop). The well-known, fast-growing, hardy annual climber; 15 to 20 ft.
annual climber; 15 to 20 ft. japonicus (Japanese Hop). Beautifully cut Pkt.
green foliage; makes fine shadeoz. 40c66960 5
" variegatus. With white-varie-
gated leaves; fine. ½ oz. 20c., oz. 50c 66970 10
HUNNEMANNIA fumariæfolia. Very showy, hardy annual, with large, golden yellow flowers and feathery, glaucous foliage;
1½ ft
HYACINTHUS candicans. Favorite, hardy, Pkt. bulbous plant; white, bell-shaped flowers; 4 ft
HYPERICUM elegans (St. John's Wort). An elegant, hardy perennial; blooms all
Summer; yellow flowers; 1½ ft67010 10 IBERIS. See Candytuft.
ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum). Half-hardy annual; its succulent leaves are covered with watery vesicles resembling pieces of ice; white flowers; 6 in67040 5ee, also, Mesembryanthemum.
IMPATIENS (Touch-Me-Not). Charming green-house and window-garden plants that bloom profusely and almost continuously. Good also for bedding; 1 to 1½ ft.
Holstii nana Liegnitzia. New, scarlet, Pkt. very dwarf
Sultani. Bright, rosy carmine; fine for
pots
*INCARVILLEA. Ornamental, hardy perennials, with brilliant, Gloxinia-like flowers; continuous
bloomers; succeed well in any situation, and make a fine show in the garden; 2 to 3 ft.
Delavayi. Rosy carmine; splendid border Pkt.
plant

CATALOGUE OF H	IGH-CLASS SEEDS 101
INULA glandulosa grandiflora. Splendid, Pkt.	
hardy perennial, with large, orange-yellow	
flowers borne on erect stems; in bloom all	
Summer; 2 ft	Su Su
†IONOPSIDIUM (Diamond Flower) (hhP).	
acaule White. Pretty67180 25	
" Lilac67185 25	
TIPOMOEA (Moonflower; Morning Glory; Cypress Vine). Of all climbers	
Cypress Vine). Of all climbers	
for garden and greenhouse these are the quickest and most luxuriant in growth. Ipomœas	
grow so easily from annual sowings that it is	
no longer thought necessary to Winter over	
roots or young cutting plants under glass.	
The large, thorny seeds of some varieties should be soaked in hot water before planting.	
For early flowers sow in hotbeds, or pots and	
boxes under glass, and transplant to rich, deep	
soil in Summer quarters as soon as danger of frost is over, when sowings may also be made	10 L
in the open ground. Nothing finer for porches,	
trellises, etc.	
*These are very hard-seeded, and in order to hasten germination,	
a notch should be filed in the seed before planting.	
ANNUAL VARIETIES. From early sowings these begin to bloom about Midsummer, and	
are full of beautiful flowers all the season,	
often blooming freely until cut down by frost.	Company of the second of the s
*bona nox (Good Night, or Evening Pkt. Glory). Large, blue flowers open in the	Incarvillea Delavayi
evening; 15 ft	IPOMOEA—Continued
coccinea. Scarlet flowers; 10 ft67210 5	
" lutea. A yellow-flowered va-	flower from about Midsummer until frost. Pkt. Flowers remain open all day; 15 to 18 ft.
riety	67390 15
sky-blue flowers with white margins;	Quamoclit (Cypress Vine; Star Flower).
15 ft	A tender annual, with finely cut leaves and
IMPERIAL JAPANESE MORNING GLORY.	small, star-shaped flowers. This, the type, is scarlet flowered; 10 ft 67430 5
The leaves are mostly plain green, but some	
are oddly blotched with white or yellow. Flowers vary from pure white to carmine,	QUAMOCLIT HYBRIDA—CARDINAL CLIMBER. One of the
through blues and purples of every shade;	best annual climbers in-
30 to 40 ft.	troduced for many years.
Finest Single Mixed. Large flowered; Pkt.	Rapid grower, with branch- ing habit; flowers all Sum-
all colors	mer in fiery cardinal-red
fully fringed	clusters; 25 ft 67440 25
Double-flowered Mixed. Superb mix-	" White
ture of double sorts	Greenhouse Climbers. These handsome vines
limbata. Violet and white; 5 ft67320 5	grow nicely in open ground, but bloom almost
*mexicana grandiflora alba. The great	too late to be very useful there, in all except
white Moonflower; 15 ft 67330 10	warm climates. Grown in pots, tubs or green-
67330 10 "grandiflora hybrida alba.	house beds they flower grandly between October and Spring.
Flowers very large and numer-	setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory). This Pkt.
ous; 15 ft 67340 10	vine makes an immense, thick growth
" grandiflora hybrida. Pink. (Giant Pink Moonflower)	of great, lobed leaves lighted by a pro-
67345 10	fusion of large, rosy flowers, with a satiny pink star in the centers. The
rubro-cærulea, Heavenly Blue. The very	red pubescent stems and seed-pods add
large, clustered flowers of beautiful sky	very much to its attractiveness; 10 to
blue open early in the morning. Unusually distinct and handsome; 10 ft. Sow	20 ft
early	iPOMOPSIS. Showy and beautiful, tender
rubro-cærulea alba. White; 8 ft67380 10	biennials; the seeds should be started in the house; flowers very bright in color; 2 ft. Pkt.
rubro-cærulea grandiflora. Early flower-	elegans, Mixed
ing. Produces gorgeous sky-blue flowers with rose-colored markings, from 4 to 5	
inches across, in great abundance. Rapid	IRIS Kæmpferi. These most desirable, hardy, herbaceous perennials begin to
grower. If sown in boxes or hotbeds the	bloom the second year from seed. Our
young plants may be set out in April or	assortment is saved from a fine collection; 2 ft
May in a sunny situation, where they will	2 ft67620 10

JACOB'S LADDER (Polemonium). Beautiful, old-
fashioned, hardy perennial border plants; flowers in clusters; 2 ft. Pkt.
Blue67650 5
White67660 5
JACOBAEA (Senecio). Very free flowering, hardy annuals of easy culture; good for both pots and bedding; 1 to
1½ ft. Pkt.
elegans fl. pl., Tall Double, White 67680
" " " Tall Double, Purple. 67690 5
" " " Tall Double, Mixed. 67700
JOB'S TEARS. See Coix Lacryma, page 129.
JOSEPH'S COAT. See Amarantus
KAULFUSSIA. Hardy annual, succeeding well in any good soil; fine for edgings and pots; good habit and bright colors; 1 ft.
amelloides. Blue67770 10
" Kermesina. Violet red.
67790 10
" Mixed67800 10
KENILWORTH IVY. See Linaria.
KOCHIA trichophylla (Improved Summer Cypress). A rapid-growing, hardy annual; foliage green, turning to fiery red in Autumn; very ornamental on the lawn; 2 to 3 ft. in

height.....oz. 30c...67860



KUDZU VINE (Pueraria hergiana). A peren-Thun- Pkt. nial climber from Japan; fine when once established, often growing 40 ft. in a season. Purplish violet, fragrant, Wistaria-like flowers; good foliage....67880 †LANTANA Fine Mixed Rapid-growing, tender perennial, bushy shrubs; fine for bedding and pot culture; 2 ft.....67930 LARKSPUR. See Delphinium. LATHYRUS latifolius (Perennial Pea) (hP). These have not the fragrance of Sweet Peas, but bloom through a long season; are hardy and will live for years; they make a beautiful screen for rocks, stumps, fences, etc.; 4 to 8 ft. Beautiful shade. oz. 50c. 68000 10 Crimson. Pink Beauty. Blossoms white, veined, edged and shaded pink..oz. 50c...68010 White. Valuable for cut-flowers in Midsummer.....oz. 50c...68020 10 Mixed.....oz. 50c...68025 LAVATERA Very showy and free flowering; splendid for large beds in the garden, where they bloom all Summer; fine for cut-flowers. trimestris (hA). Red; makes a brilliant show in the garden; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 68080 **alba (hA). White.....**68090** arborea (Tree Mallow) (hB). Purple; 6 ft......**68100** LAYIA elegans. Pretty, dwarf-growing, hardy annual with yellow-and-white flowers; of easiest culture; 1 ft. 68140 10 LEMON VERBENA. See Verbena. LEPTOSIPHON. Elegant, hardy annuals, and should be in every garden; fine for edgings or rockeries; blooms in masses; 1 ft. androsaceus. Lilac....68200 10 albus. White 68210 aureus. Orange......68220 10 densiflorus. Blue....68240 albus. White 10 10 68250 Mixed...68270 LEPTOSYNE. Fragrant, half-hardy annuals; large Marguerite-like flowers on long stems, good for cutting; 1 to 2 ft. Pkt. Yellow....68290 10 maritima. Stillmanii. Golden yellow; blooms six weeks after sowing......**68300** 10 LIMNANTHES Douglasii. A vigorous, dwarf-growing, hardy annual, with yellow and white, fragrant flowers; 1 ft.........68350 10 LINARIA (Toad Flax). Snapdragonshaped flowers fine for cutting. The dwarfer-growing varieties are desirable for edgings and rockwork; all of the easiest culture. bipartita alba (hA). White; Pkt . . 68380 1 ft.... elegans (hA). Purple; 1 ft...68390

Fine Mixed..68405

Kochia trichophylla

CATALOGUE OF	Н	I
LINARIA—Continued	Pkt. j	‡
maroccana (hA). Purple: 9 in 68410	5	
" Mixed Hybrids (hA). Very fine: 9 in	10	
fine; 9 in	10	
Charming, hardy perennial, trailing plants for baskets, rockwork, etc68430	10	
[[[[Flax]. Pretty, free-flowering gard	den	
LINUM (Flax). Pretty, free-flowering gard plants of easy cultivation. flavum (†hhP). Yellow; fine; 1 ft68470	Pkt. 5	
grandifiorum rubrum (hA). The fa-		
vorite Scarlet Flax. Large flowered; 1 ft	5	
1 ft	5	
LOASA. Curious, prickly annuals, with singu		
flowers and stinging foliage; do well in co	m-	
mon soil. aurantiaca (lateritia) (hhA). A twining I	kt.	
climber with brilliant, orange-red flowers; 6 ft	10	
tricolor (hA). Orange, red and green; 2 ft.	10	
68540	10	
LOBELIA The Erinus varieties bloom v quickly from seed and flo	ery wer	
all through the season. For beds, edgir baskets and pots there is nothing prett	igs,	
Sow outdoors in early Spring where the pla	nts	
are to grow, and thin moderately; or tra plant several inches apart in rich, open s	ns-	
plant several inches apart in rich, open s Some stimulant given when they are	oil. in	
bloom greatly improves the flowers. Alm	ost	
all are also good Winter conservatory pla of trailing habit. The perennial or tall va	nts	
of trailing habit. The perennial or tall va	rie-	
ties are handsome, showy plants and will found quite effective for backgrounds a	and	
grouping.		
ERINUS VARIETIES (tA)— gracilis. Blue; trailing; beautiful for 1	31-4	
baskets	5	
speciosa, Crystal Palace. A favorite blue-flowered edging plant; 6 in. 68580	10	
alba. White flowers	10	
kermesina. Crimson68620	10	
Lindleyana. Rose, white eye 68630	10	
Paxtoniana. Blue and white68640	10	
Barnard's Perpetual. Deep blue, with white eye; very fine68650	10	
Royal Purple. Deep blue, with a distinct		
white eye	10	
Mixed	10	
Dark blue; for bedding; 6 in.	1	
68690	20	
" Emperor William. Light blue; very fine	20	
PERENNIAL VARIETIES-		
cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Standing		
bold and erect with its crimson-scarlet flowers, this		
handsome, native perennial		
Lobelia is invaluable for the border or grouping among		
evergreens; 2½ ft 68780	10	
" fulgens (Queen Victoria).		
Intense vermilion scarlet, dark leaves; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft68790	25	
ramosa. Blue; flowers profusely in Fall;		
$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft	10	
perennial suitable for border; height		
8 to 10 feet	15	1

‡LOPHOSPERMUM scandens. A splendid, Pkt. tender annual climber, with trumpet-shaped, dark rose flowers; 10 ft....68840 10

LOVE-IN-A-MIST (Nigella). Pr	etty ital.
hardy annuals, with feathery fennel-like age and curious flowers; of easiest culti	foli-
Also called "Devil-in-a-Bush"; 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	
Double White	5
Miss Jekyll. Beautiful; double; Cornflower blue68910	10
White Spanish	5
Mixed Spanish	5
Mixed, All Sortsoz. 30c68970	5

$LUPINUS \ (Lupine).$

ANNUAL VARIETIES. These garden favorites are among the most beautiful of our hardy annuals; extremely varied in color, of the easiest culture and bloom all Summer. Splendid for beds, borders, and backgrounds; 2 to 3 ft.

Cruiksha	nksii. Blue, white and yellow.	Pkt.
	69000	5
Hartwegi	i. Blue	5
	albus. White69020	5
"	roseus. Rose69030	5
hirsutus.	Blue; large flower69050	5
44	albus. White69060	5
**	ruber. Red69070	5

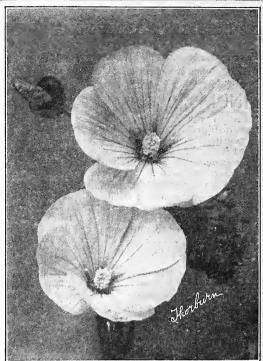


Lupinus Nanus-See page 104

LUPINUS, Annual Varieties—Continued	Pkt.
hybridus roseus. Rose69080	10
mutabilis. White, yellow and violet;	,
sweet scented	5
front of tall sorts. See cut p. 103.69110	5
PERENNIAL VARIETIES. The hardy pe	ren-
nial varieties of the Lupines are extremely handsome and stately, bearing beautiful for	nely
ers of rose, white, blue and yellow in co	iow-
borne on erect, graceful spikes that are n	ore
than a foot in length. They are certa	inly
among the most striking of hardy perenni	
grow very compactly about 3 to 5 ft. in hei and bloom continuously and profusely du	ght,
the Summer. They are excellent for group	ning
or massing in separate colors, and they	suit
themselves to almost any position in the bor	der,
making a good cut-flower, and of easy cult	ure,
requiring ordinary moist soil, deep as possi but well drained, with plenty of old sta	ble,
manure, in any open, sunny position.	Sow
seeds in April in their permanent pla transplanting or thinning as may be requi	ces,
transplanting or thinning as may be requi	red. Pkt.
polyphyllus. Blue	5
" albus. White69210 " Moerheimii. Rose and	5
white of rather dwarf	
habit; very beautiful	
69230	25
" roseus. Rose; magnificent.	25
" Mixed69260	5
tricolor elegans. Orange, rose and white.	•
69280	5
†LYCHNIS. Free-flowering, hardy perennials,	with
brilliantly colored flowers; excellent for mas in beds and borders.	
chalcedonica. Scarlet; 2 ft69330	Pkt 5
" alba. White69340	5
Haageana, hybrida Mixed. Fine colors;	
1 ft 69360	10



Lychnis, chalcedonica



Malope Grandiflora
MALOPE Very pretty, free-blooming, hardy annuals with Mallow-like flowers. Sow the seed early; good for beds and borders; 2 to 3 ft. grandiflora alba. White
" rosea. Rose
" Mixed
MALVA. Handsome garden plants that bloom continuously all Summer and are very fine for cut-flowers. miniata (tA). Scarlet; carried on long, Pkt. strong stems; 3 to 4 ft
riety; fine
MANDEVILLEA suaveolens (gP). This fine greenhouse climber has deliciously sweet and beautiful, snowy white flowers; 10 ft
MARIGOLD (Tagetes). These, like the Calendulas, are valuable be-
cause they light the garden with such a grand glitter of yellow far into the frosts of Autumn.

Cause they light the garden with such a grand glitter of yellow far into the frosts of Autumn. The dwarf varieties make a fine border for taller sorts, and both are effective when planted in groups or in garden borders. Hardy annuals. Average height, 1 to 2 ft. All our own special strains, vastly different from the ordinary sorts commonly sold.

AFRICAN VARIETIES—

- 3	Delight of the Garden. Dwarf; large-	Pkt.
	flowered; lemon yellow; double; fine for	
	edging large beds69560	10
-]	Eldorado. Large, quilled, perfectly	
	double; brilliant shades of yellow.	
	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c., oz. $60c69570$	5

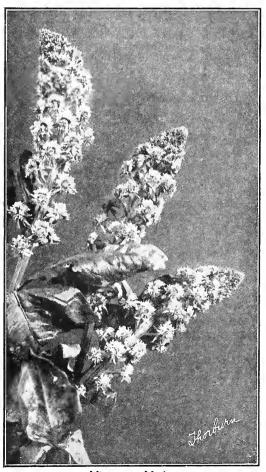


Marigold, Pride of the Garden

MARIGOLD, African Varieties—Continued	
Pride of the Garden. Extra-large,	Pkt.
double flowers of richest yellow; dwarf	
and neat	10
Prince of Orange. Beautiful orange	
color	5
Mixed Double.	-
½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c 69620	5
FRENCH VARIETIES—	
Tall Dark Brown. Reddish brown;	
extremely floriferous69640	5
Dwarf Striped. Flowers handsomely	
marked	10
" Dark Brown. Beautiful reddish	10
brown	10
" Legion of Honor (Little	
Brownie). Single; golden yel-	
low, marked velvety red. 69670	10
Tall Mixed, Double.	10
½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c69680	5
Dwarf Mixed, Double.	·
½ oz. 20c., oz. 50c69690	5
Collections of Marigolds, Imported,	U
Including—	
12 vars. Double French69710	45
	$\frac{45}{25}$
6 vars. Double French69720	30
6 vars. Double African69730	30
See, also, Calendula.	

	MARTYNIA. Curious and hand- some, half-hardy annuals for the border, with bright flowers, borne in profusion, and fol- lowed by quaint pods which are used for pickling; 1½ ft.
E.	lutea. Yellow69780 5 proboscidea. Reddish white69790 5 MARVEL OF PERU. See
ا سر	Four O'Clock.
	MATHIOLA bicor-
	charming, little annual of no particular beauty, but it has a most delicious odor perceptible at a consider- able distance and in the evening permeating the whole of the atmosphere
	surrounding it with its delightful fragrance
1.	69820 10
	MATRICARIA. Free-flowering, hardy annuals, with a profusion of dainty flowers; bloom all Summer; good for bedding or pots; 1½ ft.
	capensis fl. pl. (Feverfew). Small, double, white flow- Pkt.
	ers; pretty and neat
	eximia, Golden Ball. Gold-
· .	en yellow; fine for pots 69840 15
14	" fl. p l. Double; white69850 5
	t†MAURANDYA. Rapid-growing, half-hardy perennial climbers
	that can be treated as annuals.
(A)	Fine for garden or greenhouse; bloom all Summer in hanging
	baskets and vases or on trellises; 10 ft. Pkt.
Barclaya	na. Blue
Emeryan	a rosea. Rose69900 10
	a grandiflora. Purple69910 10
annual flowers;	JS cærulea. Ornamental, hardy like the Lotus; sweet-scented, blue good for bees; 2 ft69970 5
hardy a	.IA scabra. An interesting, half- nnual tropical vine with light blue 10 ft
MESEM	BRYANTHEMUM The se beauti-
ful, half and sur 6 in.	i-hardy annuals flower profusely in dry any situations; fine as edging plants;
foliage; carpet l	wery dwarf; a fine variety for bedding or for edging and for rock-
work	
succuler	nt leaves covered with sparkling globules
tricolor.	Crimson, pink and white; fine in dry situations
**	album. White70040 5

N	MIGNONETTE (Reseda odorate Seed of this popula	a).
	hardy annual can be sown at any time, and successive sowings are made its fragra modest-colored flowers may be gathered or doors until November. Sow in pots or bounder glass in February or March, and thin pot off the seedlings to make good plants bedding out in April. Sow outdoors in reabout April 1st, and again regularly at int vals of about three weeks till August, a row two at a time for succession. The July sow will make good Winter-flowering plants; 1	l if nt, ut- xes or for ows er- or ing
	Reseda odorata grandiflora (Sweet Mignonette)oz. 25c70060	Pkt. 5
	Allen's Defiance. Spikes of great length; very fragrant and fine for cutting; 1½ ft. ½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c70070	10
	Crimson Giant (ameliorata). Red flowered70080	5
	Diamond. Pure white flowers; fine; very sweet scented	10
	Giant Pyramidal. 1½ ft70110	10
	Golden Queen. Golden yellow70120	10
	Goliath. Red; enormous spikes; striking; very sweet scented	15



Mignonette Machet

MIGNONETTE—Continued	Pkt.
Machet, Dwarf. Deep red70140	10
" Bismarck. Improved	10
Machet. Large spikes	
of golden yellow flowers.	
70150	10
" " Golden70160 " " Ruby (Rubin). Very fine	10
" Ruby (Rubin). Very fine	
strain of the Machet,	
with coppery scarlet	
flowers	10
" White Pearl. The best	
white variety70180	15
Miles' Spiral. 1 ft70190	5
Paris Market (Crimson Queen). Crimson.	10
Parsons' White. White and buff; 9 in.	10
70210	10
Victoria. Compact; bright red; 6 in. 70220	10
MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A curious and interesting, half-	
hardy annual, with pinkish flowers; leaves	
close when touched; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft70280	10
†MIMULUS (Monkey Flower). Showy, h hardy perennials; do best in a moist situat	alt-
hardy perennials; do best in a moist situat	
	Pkt.
cardinalis. Scarlet70300	10
cupreus, Mixed70310	10
moschatus (Musk Plant). Yellow; fra-	
grant foliage70320	10
" compactus. Yellow; dwarf.	
70330	15
Roezlii. Golden yellow; dwarf70340	25
tigrinus. Tigered and spotted varieties.	
70350	10
	10
" grandiflorus (Queen's Prize). Large-flowered variety of above.	
70360	25
†MINA lobata. A beautiful and free-flowering, half-hardy annual	
climber, with scarlet-and-yellow flowers;	
15 ft. 70380	10
MIRABILIS. See Four O'Clock.	
†MOMORDICA. Handsome and ornamen	tal,
climbing, half-hardy annuals with yel	low
flowers; fine for covering rockwork, trelli	ses,
etc.; 1 0 ft.	
Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Apple-shaped	Pkt.
fruit; glossy, green foliage. Often used for	
its medicinal qualities 70420	5
Charantia (Balsam Pear). Pear-shaped	
fruit; heavy green foliage70430	5
Elaterium (Squirting Cucumber). The	
oblong fruits eject their seed at the	
slightest touch	5
MONARDA didyma (Oswego Tea). Very	
ornamental and beautiful, hardy perennial,	
with bright scarlet flowers; 3 to 4 ft.	
70460	2 5
MONK'S HOOD. See Aconitum.	
MONKEY FLOWER. See Mimulus.	
MOONFLOWER. See I pomæa mexicana.	
MORNING-GLORY. See Convolvulus and I	po-
mea.	-

MUSK PLANT. See Minulus moschatus.

MYOSOTIS. See Forget-me-not.

NASTURTIUM

We do not sell less than one ounce of any one kind by weight

A marvelous range of new colors has been developed in this favorite flower which, for three or four months of the season, makes a better display than almost any other plant. No other hardy annual will produce such a lavish profusion of flowers for so long a time with the same small outlay of time and labor. The maximum of bloom is produced on thin soils, and never flags through the hottest weather. In soils too rich, leaves predominate, and the plants are apt to rot off in wet weather, especially if standing too close.

For the celebrated Lobb's Climbing Varieties, see next page

We can supply most of the Dwarf Varieties Nasturtium at 30c. per oz.



Nasturtium (Tropæolum)

DWARF or TOM THUMB (Tropaeolum nanum)

These have a neat, compact habit and attractive foliage; they bloom in two months from sowing, and most profusely the whole season; 1 ft.

Anna Groot. (Spencer.) Purple-scarlet	Pkt.
flowers on long stems; dark foliage70570	15
atrococcineum. Brilliant scarlet; fine. 70580	10
Aurora (Terra-cotta). Fine70590	10
Beauty. Yellow and scarlet70600	10
Bronze-color. Distinct70610	10
Chameleon. Mottled crimson, bronze and	
yellow; very fine	10
cæruleo-roseum. Bluish rose70630	10
Crystal Palace Gem. Yellow and carmine.	
70640	10
Empress of India. Deep crimson; fine dark foliage 70650	
foliage	10
foliage	10
foliage	10
foliage	10 10
foliage	10 10
foliage	10 10 10
foliage	10 10 10

Miss Mina Groot. (Spencer.) Deep scarlet I flowers; light green foliage; pretty70710	kt. 15
Prince Henry. Light yellow, marbled scar- let	10
Queen of Tom Thumb. (Original Queen.) Brilliant Crimson with white veined variegated-leaved foliageoz. 30c. 70725	10
Chameleon. Variegated leaves, developing bright yellow, later on changing into different shades, producing a magnificent display of colors	10
Golden Yellow. Variegated leaves70740	10
Orange-Scarlet. Variegated leaves 70750	10
Mixed. Splendid range of colors of variegated-leaved sorts	10
Riemke Groot. (Spencer.) Odd, wavy, dark green foliage; bright scarlet flowers70770	15
Ruby King. Ruby-red; large flowers; dark-leaved; fine and very profuse70780	10
Vesuvius. Salmon-rose; extra large flowers in	

J		
DWARF NASTURTIUM—Continued		Pkt.
White, or Pearl (Moonlight)	.70800	10
Yellow. Very fine	.70810	10
Mixed, Golden Leaved Sorts	.70820	10
" Spotted Varieties. Spotted, b	lotched	
and marbled sorts	. 70830	10
" All Sorts. Per oz. 20c., 1/4 lb.	$30c., \frac{1}{2}$	
lb. 55c., lb. \$1.00	70840	10
TALL or CLIMBING (Tropa maj	eolum ius)	
Besides their ordinary garden use for t		over
fences, trellises, stone walls, etc., these	can also	o be
grown as pot plants for Winter flowering	, as scre	ens,
or as trailers for hanging baskets and va		
ft.	Oz.	Pkt.
Chameleon. Various colors70910	20	5
Dark Crimson	20	5
" Golden-leaved.	00	_
70930	20	5
Edward Otto. Brownish lilac. 70940	20	5
Fashion. Light crimson-rose, veined	90	-
old-rose	$\frac{20}{20}$	5
Golden-leaved Scarlet70960	20	5
hemisphæricum. Orange70970	20	5
Jupiter. Giant-flowered; beautiful	20	-
golden yellow	20	5 5
Moltke. Bluish rose71000	$\frac{20}{20}$	5
Pearl (Moonlight). Whitish71010	$\frac{20}{20}$	5
Scarlet	20	.5
Scheuerianum, Spotted71030	20	5
" coccineum. Scar-	20	J
let striped71040	20	5
Schillingi. Yellow, maroon-blotched.	-	_
71050	20	5
Schulzi. Darkest-leaved scarlet.71060	20	5
Sunlight (Dunnett's Orange). Rich		
golden yellow; flowers nearly 3		
inches across	20	5
Vesuvius. Large flowers; salmon;	00	_
dark-leaved	20	5 5
Yellow (Luteum)71090	20	9
Variegated-leaved, Mixed. Beauti-		
fully variegated foliage; distinct and charming71110	20	5
Fine Mixed.	20	U
1/11 00 1/11 25 11 60 71120	10	-

LOBB'S CLIMBING (Tropaeolum Lobbianum)

10

5

 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35c., lb. 60c. .71120

This class is remarkable for the intensely brilliant colors of its flowers, which are a trifle smaller than those of other sorts. In moderately rich soil they climb high and bloom brilliantly. Average height, 6 ft.

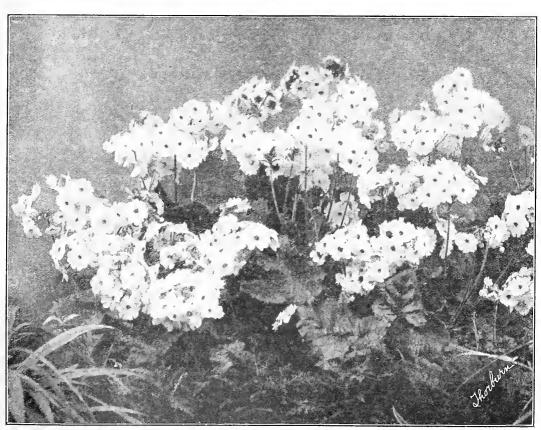
Asa Gray. Yellowish white, handsome flowers	Oz. 20	Pkt. 5
atropurpureum. Dark purple; dark-		
leaved	20	5
Chaixianum. Yellow, spotted red.		
71180	20	5
Crown Prince of Prussia. Blood-		
red	20	5
Crystal Palace. Scarlet; large flow-		
ers; fine foliage71200	20	5
Firefly. Dark orange-yellow, spotted		
bright scarlet; dark-leaved71210	20	5
fulgens (Brilliant). Bright scarlet;		
dark-leaved	20	5

LOBB'S CLIMBING NASTURTIUM	1 —Conti	nued
Geant des Batailles. Sulphur and red71230	Oz. 20	Pkt.
Golden Queen. Fine yellow; contrasts effectively with foliage .71240	20	5
Ivy-leaved Scarlet. Dark leaves, like ivy; deep scarlet flowers71250	40	
	40	10
Ivy-leaved, Mixed71260 Lilliput, Baby Rose. White and	40	10
soft pink. A splendid variety.71270	35	10
Lilliput, Snow Queen. Creamwhite, very delicate tint71290	35	10
Lily Schmidt (Victoria). Scarlet.		
71280 Lucifer. Dark scarlet; dark leaves.	20	5
71300	20	5
Spitfire. Brilliant scarlet. Very	20	5
fine	20	3
Lobb varieties. The foliage is veined		
and marbled white, setting off the rich rosy scarlet flowers to great ad-		
vantage. One of the most effective		_
of the list	25	5
French strain noted for wide range		
of colors	20	5
mixed. 1/4 lb. 30c., 1/2 lb. 55c.,		
lb. \$1.00	20	-5
Finest Mixture. 1/4 lb. 25c., 1/2 lb. 40c., lb. 75c. 71350	10	5
NÆGELIA hybrida (†øP) Orn	amental	Pkt.
greenhouse plants; beautifully ma liage. Many varieties, mixed; 1 ft	rked fo-	30
NEMESIA. Very pretty and neat-flo	wering h	ardy
annual for edgings; attractive, b flowers; 1 ft.	right-co	lored
compacta alba. White; attractiv	e, fresh 7146 0	Pkt.
strumosa Suttonii grandiflora.	Many	
rich and rare colors; flowers large beautiful	; foliage	25

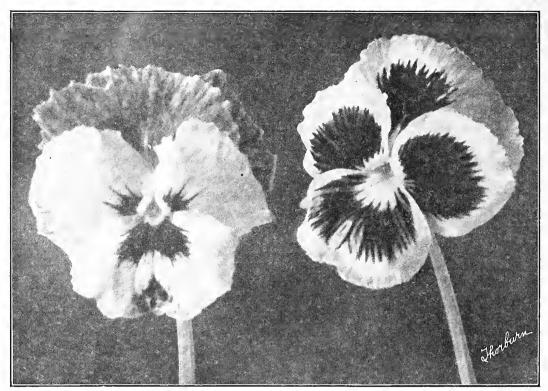


Nemesia strumosa Suttonii grandiflora

NEMOPHILA Very pretty, dwarf-growing, hardy annuals of easy	NIEREMBERGIA. Pretty half-hardy perennial
ing, hardy annuals of easy	of slender growth that bloom freely the first
culture; continuous bloomers; cup-shaped flow-	year from seed; cup-shaped flowers. Fine for
ers of brightest colors. Good in pots, edgings,	edgings or hanging-baskets; 1 ft. Pkt
rockeries or beds; moist soil and partial shade	gracilis. Lilac and white
is favorable for them; 1 ft. Pkt.	frutescens. White, tinted with lilac.71720 10
atomaria. White and purple71500 5	NIGELLA. See Love-in-a-Mist.
crambeoides. Pale blue	NOLANA. When in flower these hardy annuals are
discoidalis. Black-brown, white-margined.	very showy, and are fine for the garden border
71520 5	of trailing habit; 1 ft. Pkt
insignis. Sky-blue	Mixed71780 5
" alba. White	NYCTERINIA. Pretty half-hardy annuals, form
maculata. Lilac-white, brown-spotted.	ing dwarf, compact plants; excellent for bed
71560 5	and borders; 9 in. Pkt
Mixedoz. 30c71580 5	capensis. White; fragrant in evening.71810 10
	selaginoides. White, flushed lilac; graceful.
	71820 10
NICOTIANA Species of tobacco. Showy and free-blooming, half	ŒNOTHERA. See Evening Primrose.
and free-blooming, half	ORCHIDS, Mixed Varieties. Hardy peren-
hardy annuals; great garden favorites; in	nial sorts for open ground; 1 to 2 ft. 71850 28
flower all Summer; tubular-shaped flowers; 3 ft.	PÆONIA. Among hardy perennial plants none
affinis. White; very fragrant71650 5	are more prized than the Peonies with their
	large and handsome blooms; 2 to 3 ft. Pkt
" hybrida. Beautiful shades, mixed.	officinalis. Red; single-flowered 71960
71660 10	chinensis, Mixed. Fine double varieties.
Sanderæ Hybrids. Many brilliant colors.	71970 10
71680 10	PALAFOXIA Hookeriana. Ornamental half-
" Purple carmine71685 10	hardy annuals of easiest culture. Good
sylvestris. Large clusters of white flowers,	"Everlasting" flowers, carmine-rose in
sweet-scented; 4 ft	color. They grow 2 ft. in height72000 10
,	, ,



Primula Obconica grandiflora gigantea—See page 118



Pansy, Thorburn Superb

PANSY (Viola tricolor; Heartsease)

Our strains have never been excelled

The Pansy is a plant that we all delight to grow in plentiful supply for flowers all the year. For very early outdoor bedding the seed is sown from August to October, in a coldframe, or in rich, moist garden beds, from which the plants can be transferred to a coldframe, setting them 2 to 3 in. apart each way before severe Winter weather begins. In Spring three-fourths of them can be lifted out for bedding and the rest left to bloom in the frame. For Winter blooming in a frame set the plants about twice as far apart, and thin out half of them in the Spring. Cover the blooming plants with sashes, adding a covering of matting or straw in very cold weather. In mild weather remove the mats and tilt the sashes to admit light, heat and fresh air. In outdoor beds, raised a few inches above the ground, with a mulch of dry leaves and some brush to hold them in place, Pansies will often Winter nicely and bloom until Midsummer, when a relay of young, vigorous plants should be ready to replace them. Spring sowings should be made early so as to secure good flowers during the early rains. Seed sown in a cool, moist place in June and July, and well tended, will give good flowering plants for Fall. If they come into bloom in the heat of the Summer, the flowers may be small at first, but, as the weather becomes cooler they will increase in size and beauty, and make a glorious show in the garden. Through Summer heat the flowers are finer in a somewhat shaded place, but in almost any situation good Pansy seed will give fine flowers in Spring and Fall. Early Fall sowings give the finest flowers in Spring, and a bed of Pansies is one of the most beautiful sights a garden can show. The higher-priced sorts produce the largest flowers and the most brilliant colors. This should be borne in mind when ordering.

We do not sell less than 1/4 ounce of a kind by weight

Thorburn Superb. The richest and most choicely varied mixture possible. It produces only the finest colors, largest flowers and most beautiful forms. 72030			Oz.	Pkt. \$0 25
Bugnot Superb Blotched. An exceedingly large, three-blotched strain, with upper		10	ΦΟ ΟΟ	φU 2J
petals finely lined; great diversity of finest colors		25	4 00	25
Cassier, Finest Mixed. Flowers of grand size, beautifully spotted72050	1	25	4 00	25
Masterpiece. Curled, wavy petals; splendid colors; distinct		7 5	$2\ 00$	25
Masterpiece. From the originator	1	7 5	6 00	35
Parisienne, Mixed. Handsome, large-flowering strain		60	$2\ 00$	15
Fine Large English. All colors mixed		45	1 50	10
Mixed. Ordinary strain		20	75	5
Azure Blue. Very fine color		35	$1\ 25$	10
Black (Faust; King of the Blacks). Almost coal black		35	1 25	10

PANSY—Continued			
Bronze. Golden bronze	\$0 45	Oz. \$1 50	Pkt. \$0 10
Cardinal. Brilliant red; very fine	85	3 00	25
Coquette de Poissy. Distinct mauve, shading to white on the petals72210	35	1 25	10
Emperor William. Splendid; ultramarine blue; very showy	35	1 25	10
Fairy Queen. Light blue, with white border	35	1 25	10
Fawn Color (Prince Bismarck). Quaint and pretty	35	1 25	10
	35	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{25}{25}$	10
Fire King. Golden yellow, upper petals purple			
Golden Queen. Pure yellow (Yellow Gem)	50	1 75	10
Light Blue. Lovely sky blue	45	1 50	10
Lord Beaconsfield. Deep purple violet, shading to light blue	35	1 25	10
Meteor. Bright yellow and brown, attractively blotched and margined 72320	35	1 25	10
Odier, Five-blotched, Improved. Extra choice strain	1 00	3 50	25
Orange. Very fine	60	2 00	15
President Carnot. Pure white petals, each with a deep blotch72360	85	3 00	25
Rainbow, or Pheasant's Eye (Quadricolor). Very fine strain72370	35	1 25	10
Snow Queen (Candidissima). Pure satiny white	45	1 50	15
Yellow, with Black Center. Splendid	45	1 50	15
Yellow, Maroon Eye. Large flowers of distinct coloring72430	45	1 50	15
TRIMARDEAU GIANT. This strain has remarkably large flowers, carried well above their leaves, and generally marked with large blotches; plants are extra vigorous and compact.			
Giant Adonis. Light blue; splendid	75	2 50	25
" auriculæflora. Beautiful shades	45	1 50	15
" Azure Blue (Light Blue). Pure color	60	2 00	20
72510 "Emparar William Cornflower blue 72515	75	2 50	25
" Emperor William. Cornflower blue. .72515 " Fire King. Very showy. .72520	$\frac{45}{60}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{15}{20}$
" Hortensia, Red. Splendid	75	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{20}{25}$
" Indigo Blue. Very rich color	75	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{50}$	$\overline{25}$
" Lord Beaconsfield. Lavender and purple	60	$2\ 00$	20
" Psyche. Velvety violet with broad white edge, beautiful]72556		2 50	$\frac{10}{25}$
" Prince Henry. Darkest blue; splendid	7 5	2 50	25
72570	75	2 50	25
" Striped	75	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{50}$	$\overline{25}$
" White	45	1 50	15
" White, with Dark Eye	60	2 00	20
"Yellow. Dark center	45 60	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{15}{20}$
" Mixed	45	$\frac{2}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	15
Choice Collections of Giant Pansies, or Heartsease, Imported—	20	1 00	Pkt.
24 varieties 72680 \$1.50 8 varieties		72710	\$0.50
18 varieties. 72690 1 25 6 varieties. 12 varieties. 72700 65 10 varieties. <i>Pictorial pac</i>		72720	40
12 varieties	kets	72730	65

Pkt.

PARIS DAISY. See Chrysanthemum frutescens.

‡PASSIFLORA (Passion Flower).

cærulea (hhP). Blue.....72780 10 PEAS (Sweet Peas). See page 74.

PELARGONIUM (gP). Beautiful and well known plants for greenhouse and house culture. Popularly called "Lady Washington Geraniums"; 2 ft.

Show Varieties, Large-flowered, Mixed. Pkt. 72840 50 50 Odier (Blotched), Superb Mixed..72850

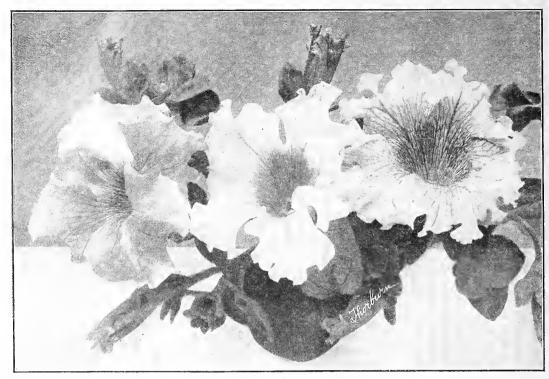
PENTSTEMON Beautiful herbaceous perennials; very hardy and free flowering; fine for beds and borders or rock gardens; excellent cut-flowers.

antirrhinoides. Lemon yellow; 1½ft. **72870** 25

PENTSTEMON—Continued. centranthifolius. Bright scarlet; 2 ft. 72880 Cobæa. Large, white flowers, shaded with †Hartwegii grandiflorus, Mixed. Largeflowered varieties; most brilliant colors; 10 Murrayanus grandiflorus. Scarlet 10 Mixed Large-flowered Varieties. 3 ft. 72930 *PERILLA. An ornamental-leaved, half-hardy annual; for ribbon-gardening and beds; resembles the Coleus; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. *nankinensis. Dark, bronzy purple fo- Pkt.

laciniatis. Foliage extra dark purple; beautiful.

72960



Petunia, Thorburn's Century Prize

PETUNIA HYBRIDA (hhA). Once fairly started,

Petunias grow almost as easily as weeds and furnish a glorious succession of bloom from early Summer until frost. The large-flowered strains are very beautiful and of almost endless variety. Seed of the Double and Giant-flowered Petunias is made expensive by the great amount of labor involved in hand-fertilization, and it is well to handle seed and tiny seedlings with some care. Sow in hotbed, coldframe or in boxes of fine soil in the sunny windows of a warm room in April or May, and transplant about 1 ft. apart in garden beds. Seed of the double varieties has not so much vitality as that of single sorts and needs a little more care in watering to be sure of germination. We have no better plants than the Petunias for beds and masses, borders, window-boxes, baskets and vases. They will grow in almost any soil and bloom profusely through long droughts. The newer varieties are of brilliant colors. The highest priced sorts produce the finest and handsomest flowers, and those we offer are from the most carefully selected strains, saved at great expense. Apparently similar sorts offered at lower prices are not to be compared with those we offer. Average height, 1½ ft.

SINGLE LARGE-FLOWERED. These have flowers 4 or more in. across. Our strains are superb and the collections offered contain only the finest varieties.

Purple King. Royal in color and size. 73000

3000 25

PETUNIA HYBRIDA—Continued

Brilliant rose; a charming shade. Pkt. Rose. 73010 superbissima. Choicest Mixed. Grand flowers of various col-ors with richly tigered throats: exceedingly free flowering...73020 Mixed. Large, yellowthroated varieties; they make a brilliant show in the garden...73030 50 White. Clear, paper-white flowers of 25 Superb Single Mixed. Offers a grand 30 FRINGED, LARGE FLOWERING. have deeply cut and fluted margins. These Pkt. A very rich color.....73390 Ruffled Giants. Extra-large flowers, beautifully ruffled, fluted and fringed. 50 73400 Thorburn's Century Prize. An unrivaled strain of fringed, ruffled, giantflowered sorts in most beautiful colors. Thorburn's Superb Giant. A strain of surpassing beauty, with extremely large, deep-throated flowers, some exquisitely penciled and elegantly fringed. 73420 50 White (Snow Storm). Finest white. 73430 Perfection Mixed. Choicest fringed 25

PETUNIA—Continued

pouble Large Flowering. Our seed will produce flowers large, fragrant, elegantly formed and beautiful either for house, garden or conservatory. Only a small proportion of the double strains bear double flowers. The reason of this is the fact that the seed must be selected from single flowers, the double ones not producing seed. The single flowers must be pollinated with pollen from the double ones. Cuttings may be made from double-flowered plants and inserted in light, sandy loam for
rooting, thus increasing the percentage of
double-flowering plants. Pkt.
Double Large-flowering, Mixed73470 50 "Fringed Crimson. Gorgeous colors; extra large flowers
73480 75
" Fringed Heliotrope. Mauve and heliotrope colorings. 73490 75
Fringed Lady of the Lake. Exquisite flowers of finest size and purest white73500 75
"Fringed Perfection, Mixed. Flowers large and much beruffled73510 75
SINGLE BEDDING VARIETIES. Smaller- flowered sorts, found most valuable for beds and masses; 1 ft.
Countess of Ellesmere. Dark rose, with Pkt. fine white throat

white star in center; very showy.. 73550 10

Phlox Drummondii, Assorted

PETI	INI	A C	ontin	ned

ETUNIA—Continued
Single Bedding Varieties—Continued
Rosy Morn. Bright, rosy pink, with Pkt.
white throat; very charming, compact, and free flowering; for bedding 73560 15
venosa. Variously colored, beautifully veined
White. Pure white; compact grower. 73580 10
Inimitable Dwarf. Mixed. Compact
grower, star-shaped flowers.
73585 10
" Mixed. Striped and spotted. 73590 10
Mixed Single. Fine colors.
1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 85c73600 10
PHACELIA. Showy, hardy annuals of easy culture, doing best in a sunny situation; bell-
shaped flowers; excellent for bees.
campanularia. Rich, deep blue; 9 in. Pkt. 73690 5
Parryi. Dark violet blue; 1 ft73710 5
Dill Old DDILL (China)

PHLOX DRUMMONDII Flower.)

The hardy annual Phloxes are dazzling in effect, particularly so when sown in masses or ribbon beds of contrasting colors. Few flowers are so easy to grow from seed, so pretty and compact in habit, so quick to bloom, or give such a brilliant display of color for so little cost and care. There are few desirable colors beyond their range, and if given good soil and planty of water, they furnish a long supply of delicate flowers. For pot culture,

as trailers, and as an undergrowth for tall, bare-stemmed plants they are also valuable. The first. sowings should be made as soon as the frost is out of the ground in Spring, later ones in May, either where the plants are to bloom, or in a seed-bed, as the Phlox transplants readily. In transplanting set the taller kinds about a foot apart; if planted too thickly they suffer from mildew. Cutting away the flowers and seed-pods makes the plants more bushy and compact, and lengthens their blooming time. Average height, 1 ft.

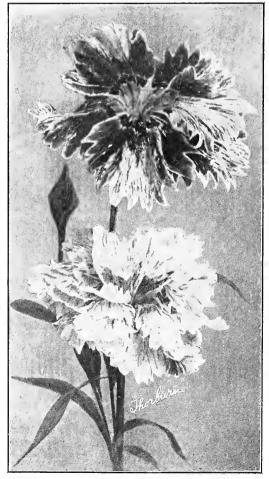
GRANDIFLORA. This section has beautiful, round-petaled flowers, larger than in the older sorts; showy and constant, blooming in the greatest profusion from early Summer to frost. Our strain is far superior to that ordinarily sold.

Pure white flowers Pkt. alba. borne in profusion all Summer. . 73770 10 oculata. White, with violet eye....73780 atropurpurea. Dark pur-

10 Chamois Rose. A soft

coccinea. Large; brilliant scarlet; very free flowering......**73810**

HLOX Drumondii Grandiflora—Continued	Pkt.
Crimson. Bright color73820	10
Isabellina. Yellow	10
kermesina splendens. Vivid crimson;	
extra-large flowers	10
rosea. Rose	10
stellata splendens. Star-like; crimson.	
73860	10
Mixed. Splendid, large-flowering sorts.	
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c., oz. 85c73870	10
SMALL-FLOWERED VARIETIES— hortensiæflora, Mixed. Semi-dwarf; very floriferous	10
DWARF VARIETIES. Plants of this charm section grow only 6 to 8 in. high, and f dense masses of bloom all Summer. They especially useful for beds, edgings, pots,	orm are
Chamois Rose. Very fine73950	15
Fireball. Flame red; fine for pots and	10
for edging	15
Snowball. Pure white; fine for pots.	
73980	15
grandiflora nana compacta (Cecily	
Phlox). Mixed	10
Fancy Mixed	10
,	

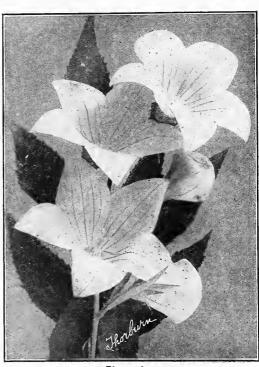


Dianthus Plumarius

PHLOX Drummondii—Continued
cuspidata (Star of Quedlinburg). Star Pkt. shaped; many colors
for cutting; 3 ft. Pkt. grandiflora virginica. Rosy pink
PICOTEE (Picotee Pink). These beautiful greenhouse varieties have richly colored edged flowers and are finely perfumed; very attractive; 1½ ft. Pkt. White Ground. Colored edges74230 50 Yellow Ground. Very desirable74240 50 Extra Fine, Mixed. Show varieties74250 50 See, also, Carnation and Pinks.
PINKS (Dianthus). In this large and greatly varied genus are some of our most beautiful and best-loved flowers, unsurpassed for color and fragrance. They are hardy biennials that bloom finely the first season, remaining green all Winter and blooming the next year also, if lightly protected. Old plants flower the earliest, but as young ones give the largest, finest flowers, sowings are made every year. Seed can be sown under glass in the Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. The seedlings are easily transplanted and should stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about 6 in. If especially large, brilliant flowers are desired a bed of well mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold and well decayed manure should be prepared for them. Average height, 1 ft.
CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pinks). The flowers of all are double and showy. Double White China Pink74280 "Mixed China Pink. All best colors. 1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 75c74290 "White Mixed (Nariose)
"Very Dwarf, Mixed (Narcisse). 74300 10 HEDDEWIGH (Japan Pinks). Unusually large and brilliant; often oddly edged, striped and ringed.
Single, The Bride (Little Gem). White, Pkt. with purple center74320 10 "Crimson Belle. Flowers large and handsome; dark red; on
long, stiff stems
striped and stained74340 10 "Queen of Holland. Splendid; white
" Mixed. ½ oz. 25c., oz. 75c 74360 5
" Mixed, Giant Flowered 74370 10

PINKS, Heddewigii—Continued	. 1
	Pkt.
Single mixed nobilis (Royal Pink). Large, frilled and fringed flowers of a glowing blood-red, shad-	
ing to carmine and pink and even white; vigorous and tall-	
growing; abundant, continuous	
bloomer; fine flower for cutting. 74380	
Double, Mixed. A splendid assortment. \(\frac{1}{4} \) oz. \(40c., \) oz. \(\$1.0074385 \)	
" diadematus fl. pl. (Diadem Pink). Double; magnificent	
in color and variety74390 " Fireball. Brilliant scarlet; very	
compact and floriferous vines; for massing	
" Archduke Francis Ferdinand. Very double lilac flowers, with	
deep black zone, new74395 "Mourning Pink. Very large,	25
" Mourning Pink. Very large, double flowers of blackish crimson, fringed white; very	
effective, and a handsome cut- flower	10
LACINIATUS, mirabilis, Single, Mixed. Quite distinct, narrow foliage; on long stems; fine for cutting	:
" Oriental Beauty. Petals wide, crinkled, richly marked with pink, white, etc	
" punctatus. Dark-shaded Princess Pink. Quite pecu- liar colors, such as purplish	
violet, blood-red, dark salmon, etc74450	15
rosy salmon; handsome single flowers74460	e 0 10
" Snowball. Large; double white	; 0 10
'' Snowdrift. Very large dou- ble flowers, beautiful. 7447 5	
" Snowflake. Pure white; fine	9
single	
flowers of all colors. 1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 75c 7450 0	10
" Double, Mixed. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 c74510	10
IMPERIALIS FL. PL. (Double Imperial P Robust, bushy grower, with large, do flowers.	ink). ouble
Double, Mixed	10
74550	10
" Dwarf White. Great snowy flowers; grows 9 inches high. 74570	
PLUMARIUS (Sweet May Pinks.) These fine, fragrant, hardy perennials of the old	-time
gardens, still reckoned among the most l tiful for massing and cutting.	
Pheasant's Eye. Pretty fringed flowers	
scoticus (Double Scotch Pink). A serie of exquisite colors; ours is the fines	S
strain	

PINKS, Plumarius—Continued	
semperflorens (Perpetual Pink). Dou- ble, semi-double and single; of various	
colors	15
Single Pinks, Mixed. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c74650	10
Double Dwarf, Mixed. Extra fine.74670	10
Double and Semi-Double Grass Pinks.	
Pretty flowers of delicate colors74680	15
Double Mixed. Extra fine74690	15
PLATYCODON (Wahlenbergia; La Chinese Bellflow Handsome, hardy perennials that do best light, dry situations; bushy growth; bear lar bell-shaped flowers in great profusion. See	in ge,
grandiflorum. Deep blue; 2 ft74800 "album. White; 2 ft74810	10 10
Mariesii. Dark blue; dwarf, compact habit; 1 ft	10
See also Campanula.	
POLEMONIUM. See Jacob's Ladder.	
†POLYANTHUS (Primula elatior). Fine Spri blooming and free-flowering, hardy perennia alike suitable to pot or garden culture; 9 in	als;
Mixed74900	10
Large Flowered, Finest Mixed. Fine	10
collection	25
Gold-laced. Very attractive and showy.	25



Platycodon

POPPY (Papaver). Before Tulips are fairly gone our gardens begin to be gay with Poppies. Few flowers have the same grace of stem, airiness of poise and delicacy of tissue. For beds and borders with a background of green there is nothing finer; some sorts are admirable for naturalizing in open wooded grounds; others, like the Shirley, are beautiful for cutting. A sandy loam suits Poppies best, and, as their strong tap-roots are difficult to transplant, it is well to sow seed where the plants are to bloom. Sowings made in Fall and at intervals in Spring will provide a long succession of flowers. Sow thinly, covering very lightly, and thin the plants to stand about a foot apart. The best plants are those grown from early sowings while the soil is cool and moist.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES. Tall, large flowered and showy; average height, 2 to 4 ft.

orientale. Enormous flowers of deep, flashing scarlet, with black spots in center; entirely hardy anywhere; fine for cutting; 3 ft.......74960 10



Oriental Poppy

POPPY, Perennials Varieties—Continued	
orientale. Brilliant. Vivid scarlet; beautiful74970	Pkt. 10
" Mixed Hybrids. Finest shades	10
nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). These dwarf, bright yellow Pop- pies form one of the chief attractions of the garden	10
attractions of the garden through several months. They are most beautiful when grown in masses from seed sown every year; if sown very early they bloom same season; 1 ft 75030	10
" aurantiacum coccineum. Orange red. All of this class have crimped petals	
and peculiar grace75040	10
" album. Pure white 75050 " Mixed	10 10
ANNUAL VARIETIES. This section incl	udes
fine double and single flowers of greatly ving sizes, self-colored and daintily edged. are easily cultivated and greatly admired. erage height, 3 ft.	All
Thorburn Giant White. White flowers of grand form and size, with silky	Pkt.
petals; 3 to 4 ft	5
white cross at base of petals75100	5
English Scarlet Field Poppy. oz. 50c75110	5
Flag of Truce. Pure white; large and showy flowers	5
Maid of the Mist. Pure white; single; very large; deeply fringed; 3 to 4 ft. 75130	5
Mephisto. Beautifully fringed; varies from red and black to rose and white.	
75140 Mephisto rosea. Fine Single75145	5 5
Miss Sherwood. Large; single; satiny white, with upper half of petals chamois	J
rose	5
bright, dainty and gauzy; a favorite for cutting. (See Illus-	
tration, page 117). oz. 25c. 75160 Santa Rosa Hybrids. Beau-	5
tifully crimped petals; shades of blue, lavender, salmon, etc.	
75170	10
glaucum (Tulip Poppy). Striking, Tulip- shaped flowers of intensely brilliant scarlet; dwarf	10
<pre>lævigatum. Scarlet, with white marks at petal bases; very showy75190</pre>	5
pavonium (Peacock Poppy). Intense scarlet, with broad bands of purplish black	10
Pæony-flowered Admiral. Pure white, margined with brilliant scarlet; very fine	5
Virginia Poppy, Carnation Flowered, Single. Large, white flowers, with fringed soft pink edges; fine for cutting. 75210	15
19210	10

Double,	American Flag. White, bordered with scarlet, and exceedingly brilliant flowers75220	Pkt.
44	Cardinal. The immense scarlet flowers last unusually well.	
	75230	5
44	Cardinal, Mixed75240	5
44	Carnation-flowered Hybrid, White Swan. Pure white. 75250	5
44	Carnation-flowered, Mixed.	
	Very double, fringed. oz. 25c 75260	5
"	Mikado. Large, white flowers, attractively fringed with rose. 75270	5
46	Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Fire-ball. Deep scarlet; very large flowering75280	5
	Pæony-flowered, Snowball. Pure white; very large flowering	5
44	Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Mixed Hybrids. Hybrids of com- pact growth; splendid75300	5
***	Pæony-flowered, Mixed. Large, handsome flowers of many colors	5
44	Ranunculus-flowered, Mixed. Flowers small, finely formed, doubleoz. 30c75320	5
4.6	White75330	5
4.4	Mixed, All Sorts. oz. 25c75340	5
PRTU	LACA This charming, line hardy annual is for brilliancy among plants of	ttle, un-
growth, a all condi	and, though it flourishes under alm tions, hot sun and a light, sa	nost .ndy
soil suit i edgings,	t best. Nothing is prettier for b rockwork, etc. As an undergro	eds.

POPPY, Annual Varieties-Continued

PORTULACA
This charming, little, hardy annual is unrivaled for brilliancy among plants of low growth, and, though it flourishes under almost all conditions, hot sun and a light, sandy soil suit it best. Nothing is prettier for beds, edgings, rockwork, etc. As an undergrowth for taller plants it is also valuable. Through the driest, hottest seasons it flourishes amazingly, carpeting the ground with a mat of succulent foliage that, in the forenoon, is hidden by gayest flowers. The seed does not germinate until hot weather, and should be sown late. This plant requires little care and can be transplanted in full flower. Average height, 6 in.



Shirley Poppies

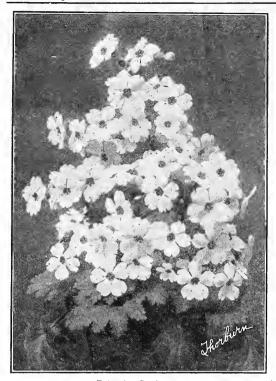
PORTULACA—Continued

and perfect as to resemble tiny Roses. Toward the close of the season they will increase in size and beauty. As the full, double flowers do not produce seed, it must be saved from the semi-double flowers growing with the full-doubles. The product of that seed will produce many single flowers. As these bloom earlier they can be pulled out like weeds. When the full-doubles appear cuttings can be made from them and the bed extended indefinitely with only full-double flowers. Our strains must not be confused with the ordinary, cheap seed usually sold.

Pkt.

indefinitely with only full-double flower	ers.
Our strains must not be confused with	
ordinary, cheap seed usually sold.	Pkt.
Double Bright Red75510	20
" Golden, Red Striped75520	20
" Rose	20
" Rose Striped75540	20
" Salmon	20
" Scarlet	20
" Sulphur Yellow75570	20
" White75580	20
" Yellow75590	20
" Mixed. Grown from cuttings; a splendid assortment of colors. 75600	20
POTENTILLA. Handsome and brilliant	in
flower are these desirable, hardy perennia Foliage ornamental; bloom all Summer; the easiest cultivation; 2 ft.	
atrosanguinea. Dark red; especially fine F	'kt·

Mixed. Brilliant colors...........75690



Primula Stellata

PRIMULA

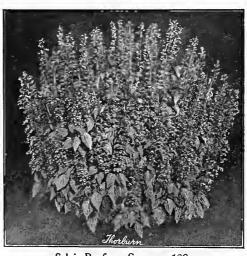
CHINENSIS (Chinese Primrose) (gP). Primula, or Chinese Primrose, stands in the first rank among greenhouse plants, and is fine for Winter and Spring blooming. It is free flowering and is especially valuable for cutflowers and for house and window culture. A cool place suits it best. Sow the seeds in drills in a light, rich soil, in shallow boxes, at any time from the middle of March to the end of May; the earliest sown seed will naturally produce the earliest bloom. Cover the seed about an eighth of an inch and press the soil on them with a board or the bottom of a pot. Water moderately; avoid forcing the seed. The plants must be well ventilated, well watered, and slightly shaded. Average height, 9 in.

fimbriata alba. White; fringed75720	25
" alba magnifica. Pure white; fringed; extra choice75730	35
" Bright Rose. Dainty fringed flowers	35
" coccinea. Bright red; fringed. 75750	35
" cærulea. Blue; fringed. 75760	35
" kermesina splendens. Crim- son; fine shade; fringed.	
75770	35
" rubra. Red; gracefully fringed flowers	25
" Extra Fine Mixed. Fringed. 75790	25

PRIMULA Chinensis—Continued	
Cl	21
fimbriata filicifolia. All these are 1 fringed and have fern-like foliage.	Pkt.
alba. White 75810	50
Mixed75830	50
" globosa. Fringed; globe-	
shaped flowers. rubra. Red75840	25
alba. White75850	$\frac{25}{25}$
Mixed	25
" plena. Beautifully fringed,	
double flowers.	
rubra. Red75870 alba. White75880	50 50
Mixed 75890	50
stellata, Mixed (Star Primulas). Verv	
stellata, Mixed (Star Primulas). Very floriferous	50
OBCONICA (gP). For open border, also do v	vell
in the house window-garden. Continuous a	and
free bloomers during the Winter months.	Pkt.
grandiflora alba. White76000	25
" carminea. Carmine. 76010	25
" rosea. Rose76020 hybrida, Mixed76030	25 50
" gigantea, Mixed. Giant	90
flowering. (See illustration	
page 109.)	50
Forbesii (Baby Primrose) (gP). Rosy lilac,	
very free flowering and fragrant; fine for	25
pots	20
ers: fragrant: strong grower	30
malacoides (gP). Dainty, soft lilac pink;	
fine for pot culture; 18 in	25
HARDY VARIETIES. The hardy Primre are among the most prized of our Spri	oses
are among the most prized of our Spri blooming plants. A slight protection, w	ing-
not always needed, will be found benefic	ial:
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	,
4 1 D) D 4 1 1 1	Pkt.
sort	10
farinosa (Bird's-Eye Primrose) (hP).	25
Rose	25
japonica (Japanese Primrose) (hP). Pur-	
ple; called the "Queen of Primroses;" 1½ to 2 ft.76220	10
" hybrida, Mixed (hP). From	
a fine collection76230	25
verticillata (hP). Golden yellow, pyram-	0.5
idal habit	25
PRIMROSE (Evening Primrose). The Œnoth	era,
or Evening Primrose, blooms all Summer v	реп
freely; the bright, Poppy-like flowers o early every evening and last well into the r	ext
day; of the easiest culture in sunny situation	ons.
Enothera acaulis alba (hA). Silvery	Pkt.
white flowers; 6 in	10
bistorta Veitchiana (hA). Dwarf; yellow; 1 ft76300	5
" Drummondii (hA). Light	J
vellow: 1½ ft76310	5
" Lamarckiana (†hB). Large yellow flowers; 3 ft76320	10
" rosea (mexicana) (hA). Bright	10
rose; 6 in	10
" tetraptera (hA). White; 6 in.	
76340	5
" Mixed Annual Varieties. 76370	=
PUERARIA Thunbergiana. See Kudzu Vin	5 1e.

DVDETUDINA Showy hardy perennial	le l
PYRETHRUM Showy, hardy perennial growing about 2 ft. is height, with most brilliant and lasting flowers	n
height, with most brilliant, and lasting flowers	s.
The dwarf Golden Feather is the well-know	n l
variety used for carpet bedding, edgings an	d l
borders. Pk	
	öΙ
" hybridum, Double, Mixed.	
76410 2	5
†parthenifolium aureum (Golden Feath-	
er). Yellow, fern-like	
leaves; fine for edgings;	- 1
6 to 8 in 76460	5
" aureum selaginoides.	
Bright yellow leaves;	
	0
aureum, Golden Gem.	ı
Fine, golden foliage;	ا ۸
	0
Tchihatchewii. White and yellow; for	0
	۱۳
REHMANNIA angulata. Splendid, half- hardy, herbaceous perennial, with beau-	- 1
hardy, herbaceous perennial, with beau-	
tiful, large, rosy purple flowers, similar	
tiful, large, rosy purple flowers, similar to those of Incarvillea Delavayi. For pot culture or outdoors in sheltered situa-	
pot culture or outdoors in sneltered situa-	_
tions; 3 ft	
*RHEUM (Ornamental Rhubarb). Ornamenta	1,
hardy perennial, foliage plants, valuabl alike for planting as single specimens or i	e
alike for planting as single specimens of i	\mathbf{n}
groups; 3 to 5 ft. Collinianum. Enormous leaves; fine. Pk	.
	5
	-
RHODANTHE Beautiful, delicate-looking Everlasting flowers	ζ-
much prized for Winter bouquets. Thes	s,
much prized for winter bouquets. Thes	e
half-hardy annuals are also valuable garde plants. Glaucous gray foliage; 1½ ft. Pk	
	- 1
27140414141	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
	0
Manglesii. Rose; very fine	ŏ
	۲
RHODOCHITON volubile. An elegant	
greenhouse climber, with abundant purplish-rose flowers; 10 ft	5
RHODODENDRON arboreum hybridum. The well-known, hardy evergreen shrub.	-
Mixed varieties; 10 ft	5
RICINUS (Castor-Oil Plant). Pictur	
	ie
Ricinus gives to the garden magnificent sem	1-
tropical effects. Grown as a specimen it make	S
a perfect pyramid of gigantic leaves; a doze plants in a large bed show a glorious mound of	t
glistening colors and may be admired from	<u>" </u>
long distance; planted thickly it soon forms	2
handsome screen or hedge; the lower-growing	,
dark-leaved sorts are beautiful for dottin	0'
here and there among Cannas, scarlet Pelar	
goniums, etc. Tall varieties grow from 8 to 1	οl
ft. high, with leaves several feet across an	$d \mid$
it. high, with leaves several feet across an	1
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals.	i i
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals.	,
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk	
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	t. 5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5 0
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5
beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. borboniensis arboreus. Green foliage; Pk 15 ft	5 0

Continued Continued	
Collections of Ricinus, Imported, including	g— Pkt.
12 vars. choicest sorts	
ROCKET (Sweet Rocket; Hesperis). Spr flowering, hardy herbaceous perennials; grant; easily grown in light soil; transplant quently; very free blooming.	ra-
matronalis. Purple: 3 ft.	Pkt.
14 oz. 20c., oz. 50c76880 " alba. White; fine cut-flower;	5 5
3 ft	•
white; very compact; early flowering; 1 ft 76900	10
ROMNEYA Coulteri (California Tree, or Matilija Poppy). This beautiful, half-hardy, perennial Poppy should have a sheltered position in the garden. Fine, fragrant, white flowers; 4 ft76930	25
POSA polyantha nana multiflora (†hP). Dwarf, compact bushes covered with small, single and double blossoms in various colors. These Roses flower the first season from seed; 2 ft. 76960 ROSE CAMPION. See Agrostemma coronaria ROSE OF HEAVEN. See Agrostemma Cali-rose ROSE OF SHARON. See Hibiscus syriacus.	
RUDBECKIA (Coneflower). Attutive and compact-grow	ac-
plants, most suitable for beds and borders clumps among shrubs; showy, large, yel flowers with dark central cones; easily gro	or low wn.
amplexicaulis (hA). Pure golden yellow; 2½ ft	Pkt. 5
stems; 2 ft	5
shades; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10
3 ft 77030	10
SAINTPAULIA ionantha (The Usambara Violet). A lovely greenhouse perennial, Violet-like in appearance; large, deep blue flowers; 6 in	25



Salvia Bonfire-See page 120

j. M. THORBURN & CO., 55	•
SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue).	
These showy, half-hardy annuals bear beautiful, funnel-shaped flowers having dark veins on a ground which varies from white to crimson, yellow, orange, etc., and intermediate shades. They	
are easily grown, require a light, rich, sandy loam and will respond to liberal treatment. Bloom from late Summer until frost; 2 ft. grandiflora violacea aureo-venosa. Pkt.	は 一般の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本
Lilac, veined golden yellow; fine large flowers	100 C
"Extra Choice, Mixed. A fine assortment of colors77160 10	のでは、大学の場合のでは
" superbissima, Yellow. Cheerful flowers. 77170 15	ACCOUNTS OF
" superbissima, Light Blue77190 15	200
" superbissima (Emperor), Mixed. Finest strain of very large flowers77210 15	100 CO
Tall Mixed	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
SALVIA (Flowering Sage). The Salvia splendens is a standard bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until late in Autumn For pot culture	STATE OF THE PERSON OF THE PER
late in Autumn. For pot culture, for cutting and for borders, etc., it is very valuable. In this climate sow seed in window-boxes or frames in March or April, and set the plants outdoors the latter part of May; or sow outdoors not before June 1, and protect from heavy rains and strong winds. The plants grow and bloom profusely in any light, rich soil. Both the tender and hardy perennial sorts bloom the first year, and all are treated as annuals.	
argentea (hP). Silvery leaved; flowers Pkt. white; blooms in Spring; 3 ft77300 5 farinacea (hA). Light blue flowers in great	
abundance; good for cutting; forms a neat bush; 3 ft	
with erect spikes of rich, blue flowers; fine for borders or the greenhouse; 2 ft 77330 25	
SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage) (hhP). These are the well-known bedders, single plants of which carry many long, flaming flower spikes open at one time, keeping up the display until frost.	
grandiflora, Scarlet. A rich-flowered Pkt. bedder; long spikes; 3 ft77360 10 Ball of Fire. Very dwarf and compact, ball-shaped variety, especially suitable for pot culture. The plants are about	
2 ft. high to the top of the flower spikes, and about the same in diameter. Color dull red; large spikes, similar to No. 77410.	

Bonfire. Our well-known, compact Salvia

—the freest blooming of all, seemingly on fire all the time, with dense, flaming



Salpiglossis

SALVIA Splendens-Continued

Lord Fauntleroy. Only 18 in. high; very compact, with the brilliant scarlet flower spikes standing clear above the foliage. Fine for bedding in masses or for borders around beds of taller plants; also fine for pots. Very early flowering....77420

Ostrich-Plume, (see Novelties).77425 25

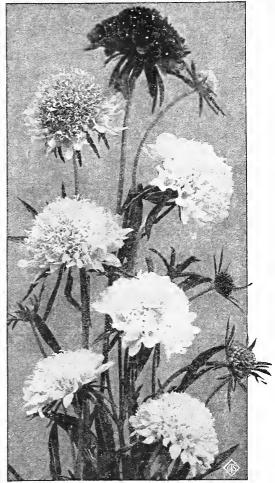
Scarlet Dragon. A superb bedding plant for Summer and Autumn; flowers are nearly twice the size of the old Scarlet Sage; when full grown the plants form bushes about 3 ft. in height, and the same in diameter, and are a mass of bloom. The brilliant scarlet effect is gorgeous.

Silverspot. Rich, green leaves elegantly spotted with yellow. The intense, bright scarlet flowers are large and lavishly borne; neat and compact; 2½ ft.......77440

santolina. Valuable for its distinct foliage and is used for large specimens in shrubberies or as a carpet-bedding plant.

Chamæcyparissus (Lavender Cotton). Pkt. (hP). Attractive, silvery gray foliage and yellow flowers; 1½ to 2 ft.......77460 10

SAPONARIA. Pretty, dwarf bedding plants, especially adapted for edgings and borders; long and profuse bloomers; 1 ft. Pkt. calabrica (hA). Red	
" alba (hA). White	
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	
CAVIEDACA Mixed Perennial Spe-	
SAXIFRAGA Mixed Perennial Species. Interesting little plants, especially prized for all kinds of rockwork; also for hardy borders; 9 in.	
SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride; Scabious, etc.). Well-established garden favorites. They grow about 2 ft. high, and flower through the Summer until frost. The flowers are borne on long stems and last a long time when cut. Fine for beds or borders.	
Sow seed outdoors in Spring when danger from frost is past.	4.1
caucasica (Blue Bonnet) (hP). This hardy Pkt. perennial should be in every garden. The flowers are large and semi-double, of	ALT
pale lavender color, growing on long stems; splendid for cutting77590 10	W/W
	7778
HARDY ANNUALS— candidissima fl. pl. (Snowball). Double;	
white	
minor aurea fl. pl. Double; golden yellow	
Tall Black Purple	A A A
atropurpurea maxima. Very double, mixed	
Mixed, Tall. Large flowers of bright colors	
Mixed Dwarf	
SCHIZANTHUS Very beautiful and showy, hardy annu-	No. Superior St.
als, fine for beds and borders in the Summer garden; grown in pots in early Spring in the	SEDUM—Continued
greenhouse they become elegant foliage	cæruleum (hA). Maximowiczii (
plants, with masses of flowers; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	growth; 1 ft
Grahamii. Light red	Mixed (hP). Ma
papilionaceus. Purple, yellow and crim-	SENECIO. See J
son	SENSITIVE PLAI
retusus. Red; splendid	SILENE (Cat
" albus. White, inside yellow; very	
fine	able for rockwo
white and golden yellow; large	light, loamy so
flower	Armeria. Red.
Wisetonensis. Light shades; long and pro- fuse blooming; fine pot-plant77810 25	pendula. Red.
Mixed	" " Doub
	" Bonne sten
SEDUM (Stonecrop). Showy and useful little plants for carpet bedding, edgings, rockwork,	" Mixed
stone walls, etc. Will do well in any soil and dry situations.	‡SMILAX (M
acre (Golden Moss) (hP). Green foliage; Pkt. yellow flowers; good for covering graves;	house climber foliage; of grea
4 in	I and the second



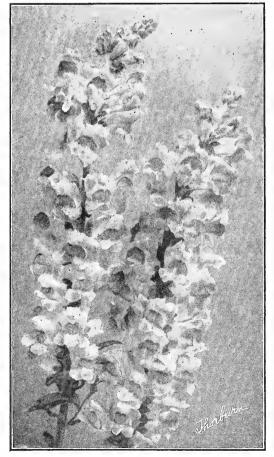
Scabiosa

cæruleum (IIA). Blue; 4 III	10
Maximowiczii (hP). Yellow flowers; erect growth; 1 ft	10
Mixed (hP). Many species; 9 in77930	5
SENECIO. See Jacobæa.	
SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa pudica.	
SILENE (Catchfly). Bright-colored free-flowering hardy annuals, able for rockwork or garden beds and bord blooming all Summer; succeed finely in light, loamy soil; 1 ft.	ders,
Armeria. Red	5 5
pendula. Red	5 5
 Bonnettii. Dark purple; dark stems	5 5
SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum aspara- goides). A well-known green-	
house climber, with small, dark green foliage; of great value in floral work; 8 ft. 78050	

SNAPDRAGON (Antirrhinum). The Snapdragon is one of

our finest perennials, flowering the first year from seed. Its bright-colored, curiously formed flowers always excite interest. The rich spikes are beautiful for cutting, and keep fresh a long time. Flower profusely through Summer until frost. For early flowers, sow under glass in February or March, and transplant into beds of warm, dry soil moderately enriched. The Snapdragon is treated as an annual and the seed sown every year. Average height, 2 ft.

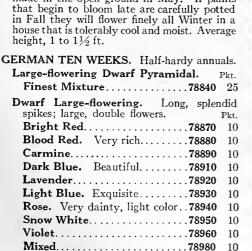
TALL VARIETIES—	
	Pkt.
album. White	5
atrococcineum. Dark scarlet78090	5
Coral Red78095	10
Delicate Rose78100	10
Fairy Queen (Firefly). Orange, white	
throat	5
luteum. Yellow	5
Romeo. Violet rose with pale lip78140	5
picturatum, Mixed. Blotched78150	5
Mixed $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c., oz. 50c 78160	5



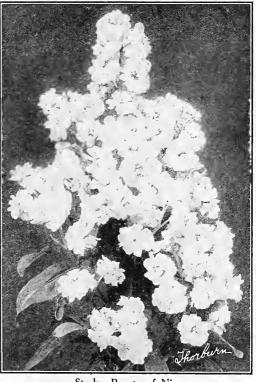
Snapdragon, Antirrhinum

SNAPDRAGON—Continued	
TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES.	
Blood Red. Fine color	
Galathee. Crimson and white78200 10 Queen Victoria. Pure white78210 10 Striped. Odd and pretty78220 10 Venus. Delicate pink, with white throat.	
78225 15 White. Beautiful for cutting78230 10 Yellow. A pure, soft color78240 10 Large-flowered, Mixed. Fine. ½ oz. 25c., oz. 75c78270 10	
SEMI-DWARF VARIETIES. Plants of this section make excellent bedders, as they bloom extra profusely and are only about 15 in. high.	
Black Prince. Nearly black78310 10	
BONFIRE. Lovely orange pink78320 15	
COTTAGE MAID. Pale coral pink, white throat	
color than Scarlet King	
78350 10 Queen of the North. Pure white; small	
leaved	
rose	
of flowers	
78390 10 Fine Semi-dwarf Mixed	
Collections of Snapdragon, Imported, including— 12 vars. Finest Tall	
6 vars. Finest Tall	
SOLANUM (gP). The Solanums are very ornamental, fruit-bearing plants, and thrive best in light, rich soil. Fine for Winter decoration in the house or conservatory. If used in Summer garden give	
very warm situation; 1 to 3 ft. capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry). Scarlet, Pkt.	
globular berries; fine for pots; 1 to 1½ ft. 78480 10	
giganteum. Small, round, red berries; large, handsome variety78490 10	
Hendersoni. Orange-scarlet berries of olive form; fine	
Seaforthianum. Beautiful climber; egg- shaped, yellowish red fruit; 8ft78510 10	
Warscewiczii. Pale yellow fruit; smooth and shining; handsome sort78520 10	
SPHENOGYNE speciosa. Elegant, hardy annual, with showy yellow flowers; 1 ft. 78560 10	
SPIRÆA (Astilbe) Davidii. Beautiful, hardy perennial, with tufted leafage and rose- purple flower spikes; very strong grower, easily raised from seed; flowers in	
eighteen months; 6 ft78580 25	

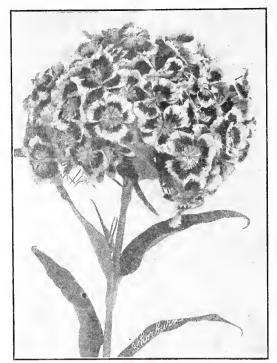
CATALOGUE OF H	IGH-CLASS SEEDS 123
STACHYS lanata (Lamb's Ears) Orna- Pkt. mental hardy perennial, with silvery white, woolly leaves; used for edgings and borders; easily grown; 1½ ft78600 5	STOCKS—Continued DRESDEN PERPETUAL OR BRANCH- ING.
STATICE (Sea Lavender). Pretty plants for the Summer garden in beds or borders; good for rockwork also; much valued when dried as Everlastings for Winter bouquets; 1 to 2 ft.	"Cut-and-Come-Again" ("Princess Pkt. Alice"), White. Profuse and perpetual-blooming; double, white flowers, fine for cutting
Bonduellii (hA). Golden yellow78630 5 sinuata (hA). Blue; very fine78640 5 "candidissima (hA). White; fine for edging78650 5 Suworowii (hA). Spikes of bright rose	cate silvery lilac flowers in magnificent trusses; of true pyramidal growth; height 24 in
flowers; free bloomer; very handsome. 78660 10 incana hybrida nana (hP). Dwarf; mixed colors	79150 25 WINTER "NICE" VARIETIES, LARGE- FLOWERING— Abundance. Carmine-rose; profuse. 79310 25
STENACTIS speciosa. Very showy, hardy perennial, bearing purplish lilac, Asterlike flowers with conspicuous orange centers; fine for cutting; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	Beauty of Nice. Flesh-color; extra-large flowers
A pretty, free-flowering greenhouse plant, growing readily in any light and rich soil; flowers scarlet; 2 ft	Queen Alexandra. Rosy lilac79350 25 Mixed
STEVIA serrata (†gP). Greenhouse perennial; bears very elegant sprays of tiny white, fragrant flowers which are splendid for cutting; 2 ft	tractive flowers resembling semi-double Asters; fine for cut-flowers; 2 ft. Pkt. Cyanea. Lavender-blue; handsome79610 10 Cyanea Mixed
STOCKS (Matthiola). Stocks have good habit, fine leaves, beautiful and fragrant flowers, a long season of bloom and adaptability to many conditions of culture. They are unsurpassed for bedding, edging, pot culture and for cutting. For fine early flowers sow under glass in March or April, transplanting the seedlings when an inch high into other pots or boxes, or into fine soil spread over some discarded hotbed. In May transfer to garden beds of deep, rich soil, setting the plants a foot apart. Trans-	STONECROP. See Sedum. SUMMER CYPRESS. See Kochia trichophylla.
planting several times in the early stages of growth tends to make them more dwarf and compact. For later flowers sowings may be made in the open ground in May. If plants	



height, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.



Stocks, Beauty of Nice



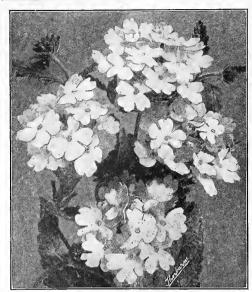
Sweet William (Dianthus Barbatus)

ellow	SUNFLOWER (Helianthus). hardy annuals, with great masses of years.
oack- iner, uali- They asma open tand	flowers. Among shrubbery, and for be grounds and screens, nothing could be for Their long stems and wonderful lasting quities make them valuable as cut-flowers. The said to be good for absorbing the mixed flow grounds. Plant the seed in the garden in Spring, and thin the plants to said to 4 ft. apart.
	argyrophyllus (Texas Silver Queen). Has handsome silvery foliage and a profusion of small, elegant, single flowers; 4 ft.79670
	cucumerifolius. Of pyramidal growth; small, bright orange, single flowers; 3 ft. 79680
	" Diadem. Light citron- yellow with black cen- ter; large-flowered. 79690
	"Stella. Handsome; large-flowered; primrose-yel-low79700
	"Orion. A very handsome variety, with petals twisted like those of the best Cactus dahlias; long, stiff stems; excellent for cutting 79710
10	" hybridus fl. pl. A splen- did mixture of double and semi-double sorts.

Single Fine Mixed. 1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 75c...79730 10

SUNFLOWER—Continued Double California. Dark yellow; 5 ft.	Pkt.
79740 " Dwarf. Beautiful, Dahlia-like	5
flowers, 3 in. across79750 "Dwarf Variegated-leaves. Foli-	5
age spotted with yellow; flowers bright yellow. Very fine . 79760	5
bright yellow. Very fine. 79760 "Globe-flowered. Ball-shaped; blooms late; 3 ft	5
tractive; 3 ft 79780	5
Primrose-colored. Graceful flowers of a lovely color; beautiful for cutting; 5 ft. 79810	5
Sutton's New Red. Of freely branching	Ü
habit, producing numerous well shaped, dark centered, brilliant flowers, banded	
with bright chestnut red, merging to yellow at tips of the petals79815	10
SWAINSONA (gP). Valuable greenhouse pl of easiest culture; do best in sandy, peaty	ants soil:
continuously in bloom; Sweet-Pea-like flo in sprays; 2 ft.	wers Pkt.
Mixed Species	10
SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea moschata.	
SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus batus).	Bar-
splendid old-fashioned hardy biennial, ducing large heads of beautifully cold	pro-
sweet-scented flowers in abundance; ea grown, flowering the second year from s	asily
1½ ft.	
Single Auricula-flowered oculatus mar- ginatus (Hunt's Perfection). Va-	Pkt.
rious shades, with white eye and white bordered79920	5
" Pink Beauty (roseus). Rosy	5
chamois	15
very fine	15 5
" Mixed	5
ginatus. Handsome flowers in	10
large clusters	10 10
" White80000 " Mixed80010	10 10
†TACSONIA manicata (Scarlet Passion Vine) (hhP). A magnificent perennial climber,	
producing an abundance of large scarlet blossoms. Start the seed in pots, and	
transplant; 25 ft80060	25
See, also, Passiflora. TACETEC (hA). Pretty, dwarf-grow	ing.
TAGETES (hA). Pretty, dwarf-grow single-flowering Marigolds; for beds and especially so for edgings.	fine
lucida. Yellow; fragrant; good for cutting;	Pkt.
1 ft	10
See, also, Marigolds.	10
TASSEL FLOWER. See Cacalia. TECOMA Smithii (gP). Splendid green-	
house shrub; winter blooming; fine for pots; large heads of innumerable flowers, lemon	
with orange; 6 ft80130	25

+THINDEDCIA alata, Mixed, A Plet	
THUNBERGIA alata, Mixed. A Pkt. very pretty, rapid-	
growing, tender perennial climber that	
is usually grown as an annual. Prized for	
window-boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, trellises, etc.; 6 ft80160 10	
TOAD FLAX. See Linaria.	
TORENIA. Beautiful tender annuals that, started	-
early in the Spring in heat, will bloom continu-	
ously all Summer until frost; fine for vases,	
baskets and the Summer garden; 10 in.	
Fournieri. Sky-blue, with purple spots Pkt and yellow throat80190 25	
and yellow throat80190 25 " alba, "White Wings." Pure	
white with yellow throat.	
80200 25	
Fine Mixed. Very choice.80210 25	
Baillonii. Golden yellow, deep red throat. 80220 25	
†TRACHELIUM cæruleum (hhP). An at-	
tractive late-flowering perennial suited	
to culture as an annual; pale blue flowers;	
good in garden or greenhouse; 1 ft80240 10	
TRACHYMENE cærulea (Didiscus). An erect-growing, half-hardy annual; clear	
blue flowers; continuously in bloom. Very	
distinct in beds or borders; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft80260 10	
‡TRICHOSANTHES colubrina (Snake	
Gourd, or Serpent Cucumber). Rapid-	
growing, climbing, half-hardy annual, with slender fruit, often 3 ft. long, turning	
carmine when ripe; 10 ft80280 5	
See, also, Cucumis and Gourds.	
TRIFOLIUM suaveolens (hA). An orna-	
mental, trailing clover with purple flowers;	
very sweet-scented; makes pretty beds. 80300 5	
TRITOMA (Red-Hot-Poker Plant).	
This splendid half-hardy per-	E. 22 SAR. E.
ennial is also well known as Torch Lily; has	Tritoma
gorgeous spikes of bloom; easily grown; should be largely planted. Fine in late Summer and	
Fall.	VENIDIUM calendulaceum. A graceful, Pkt.
Uvaria grandiflora. Fiery orange flower- Pkt.	single-flowered, half-hardy annual; covered for several months with black-eyed
spikes, large and showy; 3 to 4 ft80330 10	golden blossoms, resembling those of the
TROLLIUS Mixed Hybrids (Globe Flower). Desirable hardy perennial with large, but-	pot marigold. Fine for cutting; good in
tercup-like blossoms; free-flowering	pots as well as garden; 2 ft80500 10
through the early Summer; do well in any	
soil. Flowers vary from pale yellow to	VENUS' LOOKING-GLASS
deep gold, bordering on vermilion; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	
TROPÆOLUM. See Nasturtium.	(Specularia). A pretty little hardy annual, blooming profusely in Spring and Summer,
TROPÆOLUM canariense. See Canary-Bird	and desirable for edging flower-beds and
Flower.	borders; of easy culture; 9 in. Pkt.
†TROPÆOLUM (gP). Showy climbing vines;	Blue80530 5
bright-colored flowers; fine for culture in pots;	Double Blue. Gives about 50 per cent of
10 ft. pentaphyllum. Greenish red flowers; Pkt.	double flowers
fine80390 15	White
†TYDÆA hybrida grandiflora (gP). Well-	Mixed
known and very popular greenhouse	grandiflora, Mixed. Large-flowered 80570 10
plants allied to Gesneria and Achimenes.	VENUS' NAVELWORT (Cynoglossum lini-
Hybrids from a choice collection; 1 to 2 ft.	folium). An elegant hardy annual for
tVALERIANA (Valerian). Very hand-	beds or edgings; of easiest culture; glau- cous green leaves and white flowers;
some hardy perennials	blooms all Summer; 10 in80590 15
that have been too much neglected; bloom all	VERBASCUM pannosum. A stately and
Summer. Fine for borders, wild gardens and rockwork; of easiest culture; 2 ft. Pkt.	decorative hardy perennial, with large,
alba. White80460 5	white, woolly leaves and splendid spikes of
rubra. Red	sulphur-yellow flowers; fine for back-
Mixed80480 5	grounds; 4 to 5 ft



Verbena Hybrida

VERBENA (hhA). In rich soil, single plants of this pretty annual creeper will carpet a space 3 to 4 ft. in diameter. For beds, borders, mounds, windowboxes, etc., it is particularly fine, and is frequently used as an undergrowth to tall plants like Lilies. Plants raised from seed are cheaper, more vigorous and produce more flowers than those grown from cuttings. For early Spring bloom, sow under glass in February, for later flowers sow in March or April. Soak the seed a few hours in tepid water and sow in boxes filled with light, rich soil; cover one-fourth of an inch deep, press down firmly and water sparingly. When the seedlings are about an inch high, transplant into other boxes. Use a liberal amount of manure in the beds, and set out 10 to 15 in. apart each way in May in a sunny situation. The plants bloom from early Summer until frost.

	er until frost.	
hybrida	auriculæflora. Brill-antly colored	Pkt
•	flowers of fine size, each with a	
	large, white eye80630	10
44	Black-Blue, White Eye80640	10
"	candidissima. Large trusses of purest white flowers80650	10
"	cærulea. Bright blue in various shades80660	10
"	Defiance. Intensely brilliant scarlet; fine for bedding80670	10
÷4	italica striata. Brightly striped.	10
"	Scarlet. Different shades80690	10
44	Yellow. Primrose-color80700	10
44	Mixed. ½ oz., 25c80720	5
"	Finest Mixed. Extra choice.80730	10
"	Grandiflora, Helen Willmott. Bright salmon-rose with white	25
u	eye	∠ن
	produced in magnificent large	25

VERBENA—Continued	Pkt.
hybrida Mammoth, Blue80752 " Pink80754	25 25
" Scarlet Defiance. 80756	25
" " Striped80757 " White80758	25 25
" " Mixed. Plants and	20
flowers are unusually large; extremely floriferous, and borne in large heads	10
" Improved Mammoth, Mixed Auricula-flowered. Best of all80770	25
erinoides. Small, violet; heavy bloomer; pretty80810	10
" alba. Dazzling white; large; profuse bloomer; excellent.	10
venosa. Blue; fine for groups and for edgings	10
citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena). An attractive greenhouse shrub, grown for the delightful citron scent of its 'light green leaves	10
VERONICA (Speedwell), Mixed Perennial Species. Splendid, hardy border plants of	
the easiest culture; bear bright-colored flowers all Summer; 1 to 2 ft80890	10
Handsome, bushy bedding pleased that flower luxuriantly and most profusel Summer from seed sown in February or Min heat; fine also for pot culture in wingarden or greenhouse. 1 to 1½ ft.	y all arch
rosea. Red	
flowers	10
liant contrast with the dark green, shining foliage80960	10
" Mixed80970	10
VIOLET blooming. All the varieties have great bea are very fragrant and quite hardy; 6 Violet seed takes a long time to germinat	in.
Blue	10
The Czar. Very large; dark blue81010 White81020	10 10
(D) (1 D) (1 D)	_
tVIOLA cornuta (Tuffed Pansies) (III Splendid free-blooming plants partially shaded situations; with a little Wiprotection will be permanent for years; ble continually all the season until frost; 6 in.	for nter oom
cornuta, Purple Queen81040	10
" Mauve Queen	10
" White Perfection81060	10
" Mixed	10
pedunculata (California Yellow Violet). 81070	25

VIRGINIAN STOCK (Malcomia maritima).
Early and very free-flowering, dwarf, hardy
annuals of easy culture: bright blossoms: most
effective for edgings or beds; 1 ft. Pkt. Crimson King. Very fine
Red
White
Mixed81130 5
VISCARIA. Abundant-blooming, hardy annuals,
flowering all Summer until frost; very effective
for massing in beds and borders; easily grown; 1 ft. Pkt.
elegans picta. Rose and scarlet81150 5
oculata. Rose, with dark eve81160 5
" alba. White
" alba. White
· 81190 5
" Mixed. Bright colors81200 5
WALLFLOWER (Cheir anthus Cheiri). Well-known,
half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes
bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes
of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the
season in heat, protect by coldframes during the following Winter and plant out for bedding
in Spring. Fine also for blooming in green-
house; 2 ft.
SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—
Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, Pkt. bright chamois, changing to salmon red.
81240 10
Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 10
Golden King. Very large, golden yellow
flower
Linnæus. Fine; white
81270 10
Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color. 81280 10
Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze
White Dame. Large, creamy white
flowers of dwarf, compact habit81290 10
Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts Mixed.
Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture 81320 5
ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extra-
early flowering strain, if started early
in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to
1½ ft81340 15
DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—
Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25
WHITI AVIA Easily grown, hardy an-
nuals of compact habit;
excellent for beds or borders; bears in pro- fusion all the season pretty, bell-shaped flow-
ers; 1 ft.
gloxinioides. Blue, with white throat. Pkt.
81480 10 grandiflora. Blue
" alba. White81500 5
*WIGANDIA (hhP). Imposing decorative plants
with very large and beautifully veined leaves:
prized for subtropical gardening and groups on lawns. Start the seeds very early in the
season in heat to produce good plants for Sum-
mer beds; 6 ft. Pkt.
caracasana. Grand foliage81530 10

Vigieri. Very large leaved........81540

This well-known, XERANTHEMUM one of the oldest and prettiest of the "Everlasting" flowers, and in Winter bouquets retain their color and form for years. Fine for beds and borders; in bloom all the season until frost; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Pkt.

Double	Purple81570	10
44	Rose81580	10
44	White81590	10
4.6	Mixed	10

filamentosa (Adam's Needle). One of the best Summer ornamental, hardy perennial plants, when both foliage and bloom are considered; elegant spikes of creamy white, fragrant flowers; broad, sword-like leaves; 5 to

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age). Few flowers are so easily grown from seed, or bloom so abundantly and continuously, as this hardy annual. Sow the seed in the open ground early in Spring. From July until the first hard frost Zinnias are incomparably bright; the plants grow a foot or more in height and are covered with large, double



Wallflower

ZINNIAS—Continued	6)
flowers. Fine for beds and borders; in fact, in any location.	
TALL MAMMOTH FLOWERING DOUBLE. A distinct and splendid class of this ever- popular flower, producing extra large, double blooms; 2½ ft. Crimson	
TALL DOUBLE. For borders and groups; 2 ft.	
Carmine 81760 5 Crimson 81770 5 Flesh-Color 81780 5 Lilac 81790 5 Purple 81800 5 Rose 81810 5 Scarlet 81820 5 Striped 81830 5 White 81840 5 Yellow, Sulphur 81850 5 " Golden 81860 5 Mixed 81890 5 " Extra Selected 81910 10	The Bulling
DWARF DOUBLE. More compact and of neat-	Zinnias, Tall Mammoth Mixed
er habit than the tall varieties; 15 in. Pkt. Bright Scarlet	DWARF DOUBLE—Continued Pkt. Tom Thumb, Mixed .82030 10 Lilliput, Scarlet Gem .82050 10 "White .82060 10 "Mixed .82070 10 Mixed Pompon .82090 10 Haageana, Double Mixed 1½ ft.82110 10 Curled and Crested, Mixed 2 ft.82130 10
MIXED ANNUAL	
	hardy annuals in the greatest variety for sowing Oz. Oz. 82300 25 82320 25 82340 20 fine mixture of over 50 intermediate annuals in small gardens, composed of early flowering and
MIXED PERENNIAI	
Tall Hardy Sorts, Mixed	
PALM :	
Chamærops elegans argen- Pkt. 100 seeds tea. 15 seeds, \$0 10 \$0 50 excelsa. 30 " 10 25 Cocos australis. 15 " 20 1 00	Pkt. 100 seeds Latania borbonica
Corypha (Livistonia) aus-	Pandanus utilis (Screw Pine)
tralis (Cabbage Palm) 10 " 10 75 Dracæna australis 20 " 15 50 indivisa 25 " 10 25 Draco 30 " 25 50 Kentia Belmoreana 15 " 25 1 25 Canterburyana (Umbrella Palm) 8 " 50 Forsteriana 15 " 25 1 50	Phœnix canariensis. 15 " 10 40 dactylifera (Date Palm). 15 " 10 50 reclinata. 8 " 10 80 rupicola. 15 " 25 1 25 tenuis. 15 " 10 40 Seaforthia elegans. 8 " 10 75
	ACO DALM) sound 15 etc

CYCAS REVOLUTA STEMS (SAGO PALM) per pound 15 cts. We receive these throughout the year direct from Japan, in various sizes,

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The Ornamental Grasses are very attractive to use in mixed flower-beds or borders, and for grouping by themselves give fine effects. Many of them, if cut before they are entirely ripe, will be found very useful, when dried, in the formation of Winter bouquets, in connection with the "Everlastings."

Not less than one ounce of the cheaper sorts at ounce rate.

*AGROSTIS (Cloud Grass) (hA). Very fine for bases and bouquets.	*EULALIA (hP). Among the most beautiful and ornamental of the tall-growing Grasses; 4 to 6
nebulosa. Very delicate and graceful; Pkt. 18 in	ft. japonica. Long, dark green leaves; fine Pkt. for groups 4 oz. 20c 83030 10
*ARUNDO (Great Reed) (hP). Well adapted for large clumps; stately and ornamental; 10 ft.	" zebrina (Zebra Grass). The dark green leaves are barred with creamy white; variega-
Donax foliis variegatis. Green leaves Pkt. striped with white82660 10	tions run across foliage83040 10 FESTUCA glauca (Fescue Grass) (hP).
AVENA sterilis (Animated Oats) (hA). Drooping, curious and very graceful; 2 ft. 82680 5	Pretty, dwarf Grass; leaves silvery blue; fine for edgings; 1 ft83080 10
BRIZA (Quaking Grass) (hA). Well-known, graceful species; very fine for bouquets; 1 to 1½ ft.	GYMNOTHRIX. Curious and ornamental; single specimens are of striking effect; 3 ft. japonica (hA). Long, narrow leaves; bears Pkt. cylindrical spikes
geniculata82710 5	latifolia (hP). Very ornamental; bears nodding spikes83140 10
gracilis	*GYNERIUM (Pampas Grass) (hhP). Noblest of
BRIZOPYRUM silicum (hA). Dwarf species of Spike Grass; fine for edgings;	the tall-growing, ornamental Grasses. Bears magnificent plumes; needs protection in Winter; 4 to 6 ft.
10 in	argenteum. Long, silvery white plumes; Pkt. splendid 1/4 oz. 20c83160 10 "roseum. Rose-colored plumes.
brizæformis oz. 25c 82770 5	83170 10 jubatum. Silvery red plumes 83180 10
macrostachyusoz. 25c82780 5 madritensis. Very fine for dyeing. 82790 5	HORDEUM jubatum (Squirrel-tail Grass)
CHLORIS barbatus vera (hA). Very neat species; for groups, baskets or edgings;	(hA). Bushy panicles; very effective for bouquets; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
1 ft	JOB'S TEARS. See Coix Lacrymæ. LAGURUS ovatus (Hare's-tail Grass) (hA).
for edgings; silky plumes that become golden as they mature; 10 in82840 5	Small, silvery gray plumes; good in dried bouquets; 1 ftoz. 25c83270 5
COIX Lacrymæ (Job's Tears) (hA). Seed resembles a tear-drop; fine for massing; 2 to 3 ftoz. 15c., lb. 50c82860 5	LASIAGROSTIS argentea (hP). Beautiful, silvery white panicles; fine for Winter bouquets; 2 to 3 ft
ELEUSINE (Crab, or Yard Grass) (hA). Highly interesting species.	PANICUM sulcatum (hP). Very showy; palm-like in form; 4 ft83340 10 PENNISETUM (hA). Very ornamental; fine for
barcinonensis. 1 ft	groups and bouquets.
indica (Wire Grass). 2 to 3 ft82920 5	longistylum (villosum). Graceful, green- Pkt. ish white plumes; good in beds; 2 ft.
ELYMUS giganteus (hP). Splendid for	oz. 30c 83370 5
groups; 5 ft	Rueppellianum. Violet-purple plumes; fine for edging beds of tall plants like
foot or more high, and characterized by their	Cannas; 2 to 3 ft 1/4 oz. 20c83380 5 POA amabilis (hA). Very pretty, ornamental
beautiful dancing spikelets; all are handsome for bouquets. Pkt.	Grass for edgings and bouquet-work; 2 ft. 83400 5
abyssinica. 2 to 3 ft82960 5	*STIPA (hP). Popular and graceful species;
amabilis. 1 ft	splendid for bouquets; 2 ft. Pkt.
maxima. 2 ft	elegantissima. Very pretty plumes. 83460 10 pennata (Feather Grass). Delicate, sil-
†*ERIANTHUS Ravennæ (Plume Grass) (hP). Very stately and ornamental, fine, silvery plumes, splendid in lawn groups.	very white, feathery plumes; a favorite sort
Resembles closely the Pampas Grass; 6 to 8 ft	very pretty species; particularly good in dried bouquet work; 2 to 3 ft83500 5

GLADIOLI

ALL EXTRA-SELECTED, LARGE BULBS, NO SECOND SIZE If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates—10, 1 lb.; 100, 8 lbs.

Gladioli are very easily grown. Any good soil suits them. Plant the bulbs as soon as all danger from frost is past, about 3 inches deep and 7 or 8 inches apart. By planting at intervals up to the first of July, these fine flowers can be had in bloom all through the Summer and Fall—the later flowers being the best. About the end of October, when the leaves begin to wither, the bulbs should be taken up, dried in the open air, and then stored in a dry place, free from frost, for planting next Spring. It is a mistake to plant Gladioli without some suitable subject to hide the surrounding soil; to do this we suggest planting lower growing plants such as Saponaria calabrica, Nigella Miss Jekyll, Violas and Dwarf Godetias. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are used extensively for forcing.

DWARF GLADIOLI

Early flowering type of most exquisite tin shades; fine for bedding.	ts and	*Cardinalis Queen of Holland. White with carmine 10	100
*Cardinalis Ackermanni. Salmon-		blotch\$0 35	\$3 00
orange with white 10 blotch \$0 35	\$3.00	". Mixed	2 00
" Blushing Bride. Beau-	ΨΟ ΟΟ	*Colvillei rubra	3 00
tiful ivory-white, with crimson flakes 30	2 50	" alba, "THE BRIDE." White 30	2 50
" Crimson Queen. Deep crimson	2 50	*Ramosus, Ne Plus Ultra. Crimson and white blotch 60	5 00
tiful rose 30	2 50	" in Mixture 35	3 00

THORBURN'S EXTRA-FINE MIXED HYBRIDS

(From our Trial Grounds)

Containing only finest named sorts in a wide range of colors and markings. 65 cts. per 10, \$4.50 per 100, \$40 per 1000.

PRIMULINUS Hybrids. Hybrids of a South African species, with many related species and choice garden varieties. Extremely vigorous and healthy growers, blooming in July and August. Grow 3 to 5 feet high, with long spikes or richly colored blooms, varying in color from clear yellow to crimson, the latter with large, soft orange or golden throats. 50 cts. per 10, \$4 per 100.

PRIMULINUS Type. 15 cts. each, \$1.40 per 10.

VARIOUS MIXED GLADIOLI

25 at 100 rate, 250 at 1000 rate.

Mixed Varieties of Red and Scarlet.

A splendid assortment of fine quality; large 10 100

flowers.......\$0 25 \$2 00 \$18 00 White Grounds,

Extra. All extra large blooms... 35 3 00 28 00

Striped and Variegated. Pleasing to the

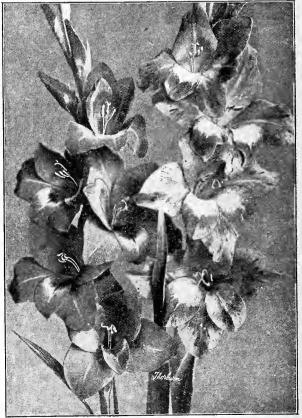
eye in the broadest sense.
A charming lot. 35 3 00 28 00

Pink and Rose.
Colors vary
from the most
delicate pink to
gaudy rose,
Every one a
vigorous grow-

er, . . . , , , , . . . ,

25 2 00 18 00

1000



Thorburn's Extra-Fine Mixed Hybrid Gladioli

VARIO	US MIXED GLADIOLI-	-Con	tinued	
Mixed	Yellow and Orange. No color shows up more charmingly, either singly or in contrast with the more vivid shades\$(10 0 50		1000 \$36 00
46	Gandavensis. Extra fine bulbs from the best varieties. A superb mixture of the various colors, in which no one color plays the predominating part. Very fine quality	20	1 50	12 00
	Goff's Hybrid Seed- lings. This mixture is the well-known and distinct race resem- bling the Lemoine Hy- brids, but showing greater diversity of colors in the flowers.	25	2 00	18 00
44	Lemoine's. Their remarkably bright, rich colors and odd orchidlike markings account, in a way, for their being popularly known as the Butterfly Gladiloi. A most desirable sort	25	2 00	18 00
"	Childsii. Grand flowers of large size, and beautifully colored	30	2 50	20 00
44	Excelsior. Selected strain of Gandavensis seedlings, mostly light shades			20 00
16	Nanceianus. Large, open-spreading flow- ers. Extra fine mix-			
	ture	25	$2\ 25$	20 00

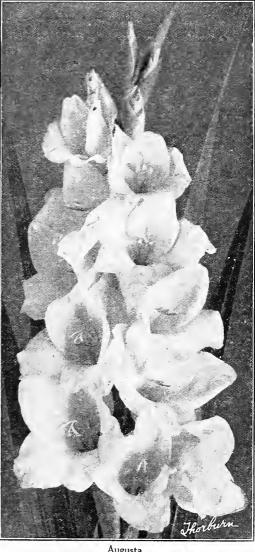
FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI

Not less than 10 of a kind, 25 at 100 rate except where quoted otherwise

Albion. A beautiful white variety, with a tinge of carmine deep in the center		100 \$4 00
*America. A beautiful flesh pink, tinged with lavender. Very vigorous with large, spreading blossoms on spikes 2 to 3 feet long	30	2 50
Attraction. A deep, rich crimson, with a center that shows prominent above all	40	3 50
*Augusta. Pure white, with a laven- der-tinted throat. A splendid sort Baron Hulot. (Lemoine.) Without a	30	2 50
doubt the finest blue Gladiolus. It is a rich, deep color of an indigo	90	0.50
*Brenchleyensis. A fine old vermilion scarlet variety	30	2 50
Canary-Bird. Finest yellow. 20c. each 1	50	12 00

FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI-Continued

Capt. C. B. Tanner. Extra large and fine. Brilliant crimson and	
white, freely mottled and inter- 10	100
mixed15c. each \$1 00	\$9 00
*Ceres. Pure white, spotted with	2 50
purplish rose40	3 50
Columbia. Light orange scarlet, freely blotched and penciled with bluish purple. Throat freely mot-	
tled 50	4 50
Dawn. Rose pink; large flowers, tall	
spike20c. each 1 75	15 0 0
Electra. Bright scarlet, shaded rich rose pink with a light cream band and a central scarlet blotch on inner	
petal	8 00



Augusta

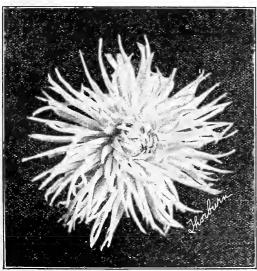
FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI—Continued

Emma Thursby. White, striped and 10 blotched \$0.75	\$6 00	Mrs. Frank Pendleton. (Kunderdi.) Very large, graceful blossoms of lovely, bright pink, with rich car-		
Empress of India. Deep, velvety maroon	3 00	mine blotches on the lower petals;	10	100
Eugene Scribe. Very large and wide; tender rose, blazed carmine red. Ex- ceptionally fine for florists' use		very beautiful20c. each \$ Nezinscott. Bright blood scarlet, with deep velvety crimson blotches		
15c. each 1 00	8 00	and white mottlings	75	7 00
Faust. Deep purplish carmine, with white markings on lower petals 40	3 50	ly tinged with rose pink in throat Octoroon. A beautiful salmon pink	75	6 00
F. L. Oakley. Bright scarlet-tinted salmon, with pure white center.		20c. each Panama. Beautiful, deep rose self;	1 75	16 00
A very fine show variety	7 00	large flowers, fine spike Peace. Large flower, white, with	40	3 50
yellow, spotted purple15c. each 1 00 Glory of Brightwood. Scarlet, with	8 00	lilac blotch on lower petal	75	6 00
lemon throat	7 00	*Pink Beauty. Bright carmine rose, with darker blotch on lower petals; early; fine cut-flower	40	3 50
Glory of Holland. Very fine white, tinted rose	3 50	Pink Perfection. Soft, rosy pink, with white stripe in center of each	10	0 00
Golden West. Orange red, overlaid with gold; yellow blotch with red	c 00	petal; very beautiful Portland. Rosy red, penciled dark-	75	6 00
spots on lower petals; fine 75 Halley. Large flowers of a lovely sal-	6 00	er; mottled throat15c. each	1 00	8 00
mon pink, lower segments blotched yellow, with carmine markings. An	0.50	Princeps. Glowing crimson, with white flakes on lower petals	30	2 50
excellent variety; early	2 50	Red Emperor. Enormous flowers, glowing orange scarlet red, tinted carmine30c. each	2 50	22 00
blotch on lower petals 40	3 50	Rosella. (Lemoine.) Large, well- opened flowers of light rose, stained		
Hollandia. Rosy nankeen; late 40 *Isaac Buchanan. Very fine yel-	3 50	purple and white20c. each Rosy Spray. White, beautifully	1 50	12 00
low; large flowers15c. each 1 00 Jessie. (Lemoine.) Fine velvety red;	8 00	sprayed rose; large and fine	75	6 00
long spike of flowers	. 3 50	Salem. Fine salmon pink, with maroon blotches	75	7 00
blotched throat	6 00	Scarsdale. (Lemoine.) Large, pink- lavender flowers shaded to dark	75	7 00
Klondyke. Light yellow, maroon blotches in throat 40	3 50	Schwaben. Light yellow, deep red blotch.	60	
Kunderdi "Glory." Each lower petal is exquisitely ruffled and fluted. Stalks grow 4 to 5 feet tall, and		Scribe. An enormous spike; flower tinted white, freely striped carmine.		
produce from eight to twelve beau- tiful flowers, which expand wide open and are delicate cream pink with a		*Shakespeare. White, suffused with carmine rose; large, rosy		
neat crimson stripe through the center of each lower petal. 15c. each 1 00	8 00	Spot. White, freely spotted and	75	
Lamarck. (Lemoine.) Salmon, with crimson and yellow spots. 15c. each 1 00	9 00	mottled rose	1 00	8 00
L'Immaculee. Fine, pure white, slightly lilac-tinged center; very	0.00	canary-yellow throat, mottled velvety maroon	75	7 00
fine	8 00	Superb. Enormous flower and spike, one of the very largest; pink, flaked	75	7 00
frilled edge, slightly tinted rose; large flower	4 00	and striped with salmon pink Taconic. Bright, lively pink, flecked and striped with shades of the same	10	, , 00
Loveliness. Apricot and primrose throat	7 50	color	75	7 00
Madame Lemoiner. (Lemoine.)		large, open flower	50	4 50
White, tinted lemon; large crimson blotch	6 00	black	50	4 50
*Madame Moneret. Delicate rose; fine large spike	6 00	jon) (Radium); excellent, pure white for cutting; very slightly tinted		
*May. A lovely, pure white, finely flaked rosy crimson	5 50	throat	35	3 00
Mrs. Francis King. Light scarlet; very large flowers on a long spike 40	3 50	cream, with large carmine red	40	3 50

DAHLIAS, Double 5 of a kind at 10 rate

If ordered to be sent by parcel post, add postage at zone rates. Weight per 10–6 lbs. (including packing), for largest-size roots as offered below. Postage on single roots 5 cts. each.

CACTUS DAHLIAS			
T C D 1 N D 11 U	ach		10
T. G. Baker. New. Bright yellow; very			
large, finely formed flowers held on long, stiff stems	20	Q 1	80
Comrade. Fawn color at base, gradual-	20	ФΤ	30
ly shading to pink at tips	20	1	80
Exquisite. Shades of gold and amber		1	
Floradora. Beautiful, pure garnet;		-	00
splendid form and a free bloomer	20	1	80
	_		
General Buller. Rich velvety maroon tipped white. Sometimes called the			
Cactus "Frank Smith "	20	1	80
Harbor Light. Immense size, with long,			
incurved petals, deep yellow, mar-			
gined crimson; very effective	20	1	80
H. Shoesmith. Brilliant vermilion scar-			
let; long, slender, quilled petals. The	20		
best bright red Cactus Dahlia	20	1	80
Juliet. Rosy pink; very large, with long	00		00
incurved petals	20		80
Libelle. Dark purple, profuse bloomer	20	1	80
Marjorie Castleton. Rosy pink, tinted lighter toward center and tips.	20	1	80
Miss D. Oliver. Soft primrose, shading	20	1	00
to light yellow; daintily formed, and			
profuse bloomer	20	1	80
Perle Hilde. A delicate shell-pink sort		-	00
of Kriemhilde	20	1	80
Pius X. A superb snow white; a strong			
grower and free bloomer	20	1	80
Standard Bearer. Bright, clear scarlet;			
very profuse	20	1	80
Sequoia. Large, golden bronze; fine	200	0	-0
form on long, stiff stems Striped Kriemhilde. A striped sport	30	2	50
of Kriemhilde; white, very prettily			
strined nink	25	9	25
striped pink	20		20
terra cotta	20	1	80
		_	



Cactus Dahlia

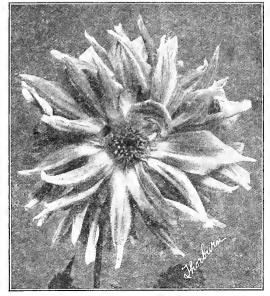


Decorative Dahlia

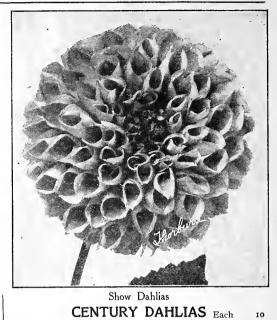
DECORATIVE DAHLIAS			
Crimson Giant. Richest glowing crim-	ach	10	
son\$0	25	\$2 25	ó
Delice. Bright rose pink; entirely distinct; very beautiful in form	25	2 25	5
Jacque Rose. The best crimson for garden or cutting	15	1 25	
	10	1 20	,
Lyndhurst. Brightest vermilion. An early, free and continuous bloomer, with long, straight stems	15	1 25	í
Minnie McCullough. Soft, golden			
yellow, tipped bronze red. Especially effective under artificial light. Perfect			
form, on long, erect stems	20	1.80)
Mrs. Charles Turner. Very large,			
clear canary yellow	20	1 80)
Orange King. Richest shade of orange;			
very profuse bloomer	20	1 80	j
Professor Mansfield. A giant Decorative of the most unique coloring—a pleasing combination of yellow, red			
and white	20	1 80)
Sylvia. Deep pink, tinting to flesh pink at the center. Long, stiff stems; large and perfect in form. Fine for cutting			
or garden	15	1 25	i

DAHLIAS-Continued

DANLIAS—Continued			
SHOW AND FANCY DAHLI			
A. D. Livoni. Clear, bright pink, quilled	.cn		10
petals. The best Show Dahlia\$0 Arabella. Soft primrose, shaded and	20	\$1	80
Arabella. Soft primrose, shaded and			0.5
tipped rose. One of the loveliest Emily May. Yellow, blotched bronzy	15	1	25
red	20	1	80
Penelope. White, flaked rosy lake;			
beautiful and chaste			80
Queen Victoria. Rich golden yellow	15	1	25
Red Hussar. Dazzling cardinal red;			
strong, vigorous grower and free bloomer, on long stems. Best red Show			
Dahlia for cutting	15	1	25
POMPON DAHLIAS Ea			
Ea	ch		10
Allie Mourey. Light pink, tipped deep	00	ФI	00
pink	20	ÐΙ	80
cotta: very profuse	20	1	80
cotta; very profuse			-
pon	20	1	80
Sunshine. Richest vermilion scarlet.	90	1	80
Splendid little flowers on long stems	20	1	00
DAFONNEL OWEDED DALIE	T A (-	,
PAEONY-FLOWERED DAHL	IA:	>	
	ch		10
Big Chief. Enormous size; rich crimson, margined maroon. A very strong,			
vigorous plant, with fern-like foliage\$0	20	\$ 1	80
Canary. Fine canary vellow: very large.			
on long, graceful stems; early	30	2	50
Geisha. The most striking color com-			
bination; golden yellow, changing to			
bright scarlet at the center of the petals and back to gold at the tips. Giant			
flowers on long, wiry stems	50	4	50
Mrs. Carter Lewis. Pale lilac, suf-			
fused with rose	30	2	50



Peony Flowered Dahlia



	acıı	10
Cardinal Century. Very large; rich cardinal red. The best deep red\$0 Eckford Century. Probably the largest	20	\$ 1 8 0
single Dahlia. Immense flowers of pure		
white, spotted pink and penciled crimson; produced on long, stiff stems	20	1 00
Fringed 20th Century. The first of a	20	1 00
new race, with cleft or serrated petals.		
A bright, rosy crimson, with lighter	20	1 80
markings Gigantea alba, Century. Snow white;	<i>2</i> 0	1 30
of immense size and beautiful form.		
Produced in almost endless profusion	20	2 50
on long, graceful stems	30	2 30
best deep pink. Enormous flowers on		
long, 3-ft. stems. A sure and continu-	15	1 05
ous bloomer; vigorous plant	19	1 25
Wildfire Century. Century size, with the brilliant, rich scarlet of the old		
Wildfire. Acknowledged the best com-	00	1 00
mercial scarlet COLLARETTE DAHLIAS	20	1 80
Burg Siefurch. Large, dark velvety red,		
Burg Siefurch. Large, dark velvety red, tipped violet. Comte Nodler. Purple, with purple	30	2 50
and white collar; very large	30	2 50
Madame Viger. Richest garnet. Col-	00	2 00
lar petals white, faintly suffused car-	00	0.50
mine. Mons. L. Ferard. Rich rosy crimson,	30	2 50
edged and marked white; very large		
collar of same color	30	2 50
SINGLE DAHLIAS Edith Lemon. Lemon yellow, reflex		
amber; distinct and pleasing	20	1 80
Gaillardia. Golden yellow, with a broad		
band of red around the yellow center Praxitelles. Deep velvety maroon, each	20	1 80
petal tipped white. The plants are		
dwarf, branching and profuse bloomers.		
The colors distinct and striking. This is undoubtedly the richest and most		
effective of all fancy single Dahlias	45	4 00
St. George. The best clear canary vel-		4 00
low single Dahlias	45	4 00

10

CANNAS, Dwarf, Large-Flowering French

Not less than 5 of a kind at 10 rate, 25 at 100 rate. If wanted by mail, add 15 cts. per 10 for postage.

Cannas do well in almost any kind of soil, but they well repay liberal treatment. For the best results they should be planted in good loam that has been well mixed with an abundant supply of well-rotted stable or other manure. The beds should be spaded 2 feet deep, or more, and the soil well pulverized. Water should be applied abundantly at all times, but good drainage is essential.

Cannas are most effective when planted in masses, either alone or in combination with Salvia (Scarlet Sage) and bordered with Coleus or other dwarf-growing bedding plants. They are also frequently used with some of the tall-growing ornamental grasses, with which striking combinations can often be secured. They

do best in sunny situations, and should be set out about 2 feet apart each way.

ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE DORMANT ROOTS

GREEN-FOLIAGED CANNAS PINK-FLOWERING

Annie Laurie. 3 ft. Clear, silvery pink, with cream throat. \$0 Louise. 5 ft. Soft rose pink, delicately dappled with red. Martha Washington. 3 ft. Bright rose pink. A splendid sort for massing. Mlle. Berat. 4 ft. Deep rose pink. Venus. 4 ft. This is one of the prettiest Cannas in existence. The flowers are a gay rosy pink, with a well defined border of creamy yellow; blooms all the time.	10 10 10 10 10		90 90 90 90 90	\$8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00	0 0 0 0
RED-FLOWERING					
Alphonse Bouvier. 5ft. Clear crimson flowers borne in large clusters	10 10 15 10	1	80 90 00 90	7 00 8 00 9 00 8 00	0
Jean Tissot. 5 ft. Brilliant vermilion, bright orange shadings. Louisiana. A bright crimson scarlet of the orchid-flowered type; grows 5 to 6 feet high, with immense spikes of bloom. Individual flower 5 inches across with correspondingly broad petals. Very showy in beds or as a center for more dwarfer varieties. Paul Marquant. 3½ ft. Salmon-red flowers in large clusters. Pennsylvania. 5 to 6 ft. Large, orchid-flowered scarlet, overlaid with orange. Tarrytown. 3½ ft. Grand crimson variety.				8 00 8 00 8 00 9 00	0 0 0 0 0
YELLOW-FLOWERING					
Austria. 4 ft. Bright yellow, with crimson in the throat; orchid-flowered Burbank. 4½ ft. Canary yellow, with throat spotted crimson Florence Vaughan. 4 ft. Yellow, with bright red spots Indiana. 6 ft. Orchid-flowered sorts, with rich, golden orange flowers, often 7 inches			90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00	0
across	10 15	1		8 00 10 00	
VARIEGATED-FLOWERING					
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated	10 15 10 10	1	90 00 90 90	8 00 9 00 8 00 8 00	0 0
BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS					
RED- AND YELLOW-FLOWERING					
Brandywine. 3½ ft. Flowers red. Splendid for mass planting	10		90	8 00	
crimson spots Evolution. 4 ft. Rich pink, with a golden tint	10 10 10		90 80 90	8 00 7 00 8 00	Ō
crimson, in gigantic trusses. A massive, sturdy grower, of stately habit Mount Etna. 3 ft. Leaves of rich bronze; large, crimson flowers Shenandoah. 4 ft. Flowers beautiful, rosy pink, borne in large clusters. The foliage			90	10 00 8 00	0
is very beautiful, being veined and tinted, having a tropical appearance	10		90 80	8 00 7 00	

PAEONIES

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

Double Pæonies are too well known to require description. Their present popularity is due to the great improvement in them in recent years, their easy culture, the handsome appearance of the plant, and the brilliant and striking effect of their massive, finely formed and richly colored flowers. The attention given to them in Europe and in America has resulted in the production of many notably fine new varieties. Among hardy, herbaceous perennials, the Chinese Pæonies rank about first for lawn or flower-border, or shrubbery decoration.

Our assortment includes some of the best and most distinct sorts, new and old. There are many kinds, including varieties showing but trifling variations, which we omit.

HERBACEOUS CHINESE PAEONIES

Mailing rate 1 lb. each

Agida. Violet rosy, half double flow-	Cach	I	0
ers\$0	35	\$3	00
Alba plena. Pure white; fragrant	35	3	00
Beaute Française. Rose and car-			
mine	50	4	50
Boule de Neige. Sulphury white:			
center petals with rosy borders	50	4	50
Charlemagne. Creamy white, cen-			
ter lilac and chamois	50	4	50
Comte de Niepperg. Bright car-			
mine; early	60	5	50
Cytherie. (Calot.) Flesh color, near-			
ly white, carmine-spotted	50	4	50
, ,	30		



Paeony Chinensis

e i ib. each			
Delachei. Amaranth purple red;	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{ach}$		10
fragrant\$0	50	\$4	50
Edulis superba. Bright rosy pink	50	4	50
Faust. Light rose	50	4	50
Festiva maxima. White	50	4	50
Humei carnea. Rose, passing to			
white	50	4	50
Jeanne d'Arc. Rose, sulphur and			
rosy white center	50	4	50
Jules Calot. Pink, center rose	50	4	50
Louis Van Houtte. Cherry color,			
with purplish reflection	50	4	50
Madame de Verneville. Silvery			
white; extra fine	50	4	50
Magnifica. Tender rosy, center			
creamy white	50	4	50
Meissonier. Purplish red	50	4	50
Modeste Guerin. Very bright pink.	50	4	50
Monsieur Krelage. Wine color	60	5	50
President Roosevelt. Carmine	60	5	50
Queen Perfection. Yellowish white,			
center yellow	50	4	50
Oueen Victoria. Rose; dark rose			
center	50	4	50
Rubra Triumphans. Carmine	50	4	50
Double, Mixed, White	20	1	80
" Crimson	20	1	80
" Rose	20	1	80
" " Pink	20		80
" Carmine	20	1	80

Japanese Tree Paeonies

(Pæonia arborea)

Mailing rate 2 lbs. each

These are very beautiful and free flowering, and bloom two or three weeks earlier than the herbaceous sorts. We are importing an assortment of eight fine named varieties. State color wanted and we will make fine selection. Each \$1.50.

Paeonia Officinalis Mailing rate 2 lbs. each

Anemonæflora. Large; crimson; E	ach	10)
single Anemone-flower shape\$0	50	\$4	50
Atro-rubra plena. Dark red	20	1	80
Mutabilis plena. Tender rose; pass-			
ing to white; double	30	2	50
Rosea plena. Pink	50	4	50
Tenuifolia, Single-flowering. Rich			
crimson; narrow leaved, feathery			
foliage	35	3	00
Single-flowering. Mixed	60	5	50

LILIES

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

Lilies are easily grown and require little care. They do best in a light, well drained soil. Some peat or leafmold may be used to advantage. They also prefer partial shade, and the taller sorts must have protection from high winds. L. auratum cannot bear manure, but thrives in ordinary light soil.

LILIUM HARRISII

(Bermuda Easter Lily)

5 to 7 in. circum\$0	10	\$0	75	\$6	00
7 to 9 in. circum	20	1	50	12	00
9 to 11 in. circum	35	3	00	25	00

LILIUM LONGIFLORUM

(White Trumpet Lily)

This is among the most beautiful and valuable of garden Lilies. It grows from 1 to 4 feet high, and bears many trumpet-shaped, sweetly scented, waxy white flowers. A well-drained, light loam enriched with leafmold suits it best. Each 10 100

with leafmold suits it best.	Cach.	10	100
7 to 9 in. circum, 3 lbs.			
10\$0	10	\$0 75	\$6 00
9 to 10 in. circum., 4 lbs.	15	1 25	10 00
Formosum. Very large,	15	1 20	10 00
white flowers. Grows $2\frac{1}{2}$			
to 4 ft. high.			
7 to 9 in. circum., 3 lbs.			
10	15	1 25	10 00
9 to 11 in. circum., 5 lbs.			45.00
10	20	1 75	15 00
Multiflorum.			
7 to 9 in. circum., 3 lbs.	15	1 95	10 00
10 4 lbs	15	1 25	10 00
9 to 10 in. circum., 4 lbs.	20	1 75	15 00
Multiflorum giganteum.	20	1.0	10 00
6 to 8 in. circum., 2 lbs.			
10	10	75	6 00
7 to 9 in. circum., 3 lbs.			
10	15	1 25	10 00
9 to 10 in. circum., 4 lbs.	~=	2.00	15.00
10	25	2 00	15 00

BEAUTIFUL JAPAN LILIES

We import our supply direct from Japan every year. Every garden should have some of them.

Auratum (Gold-banded Lily).			
The grandest of all hardy			
Lilies; 3 to 6 feet high; flow-			
ers white, spotted maroon,			
having a bright yellow band			
through the center of each			
	ach	10	100
8 to 9 in. circum. Mail-			
ing rate 3 lbs. 10\$0	15	\$1 00	\$8 00
9 to 11 in. circum., 5 lbs.			
10	20	1 50	12 .00
11 to 13 in. circum.			
Mailing rate 8 lbs. 10	35	3 00	25 00
13 to 15 in. circum	50	4 50	35 00
Auratum pictum. Flowers			
beautifully spotted crimson.	30	$2\ 50$	$20 \ 00$
• •			

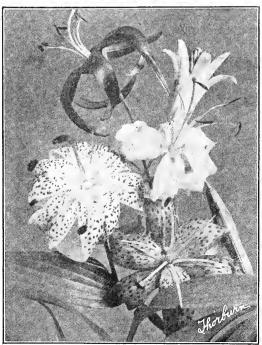
BEAUTIFUL JAPAN LILIES-Continued

	00110	mucu	
Auratum rubro-vittatum. Enormous flowers, white, beautifully spotted, with a deep crimson stripe through each petal; very fragrant. 4 lbs. 10		10 \$3 50	100 \$30 00
Auratum platyphyllum (Improved Auratum). Flowers are similar in color to the Auratum, with much broader petals, spots more heavily marked and very beautiful	30	2 50	
Speciosum album Kræt- zeri. Pure white, large flow- ers; 2 to 4 ft. high. 7 to 9 in. circum., 4 lbs.			
	20	1 50	12 00
10			
8 to 9 in. circum 9 to 11 in. circum., 5 lbs.	25 30	2 00	18 00 20 00
Speciosum rubrum. White, shaded rose, and spotted red.	ου	∠ 30	20 00
7 to 9 in. circum., 4 lbs.	15	1 00	8 00
9 to 11 in. circum., 5 lbs. 10	25	2 00	18 00
Speciosum rubrum Mel- pomene. Dark crimson spotted flowers; 2 to 4 feet high, and blooms profusely. 11 to 13 in. circum., 7 lbs.	20	9, 50	20.00
10	30	2 50	$20 \ 00$



Lilium auratum

BEAUTIFUL JAPAN LILIES—Conting Batemanni. Unspotted, bright apri-	ued	
cot flowers; beautiful variety. 3 to	Each	ro
4 feet high. 1 lb. 10\$ Elegans Incomparable. Deep red,	0 20	\$1 50
spotted black	20	1 50
spotted black		1 00
red	30	$2 \ 50$
red Leichtlinii. Canary yellow, with crimson spots. 2 to 3 feet high	30	2 50
VARIOUS LILIES		
Bloomerianum. Orange, spotted		
dark maroon, spots circled with	40	0.50
crimson. 1 lb. 10	40	3 50
flowers, dotted with purple. Grows		
flowers, dotted with purple. Grows 1 to 3 feet high. Rare. 1 lb. 10	60	5 50
Brownii. Flowers of immense size;		
inside creamy white, outside shaded	40	3 50
chocolate purple. 2 lbs. 10 Canadense (Meadow Lily). Droop-	40	5 50
ing, yellow flowers, spotted red;		
1½ to 3 ft	15	1 00
	15	1 00
Colchicum (<i>Monadelphum</i>). Citron, black spots; a splendid Lily; 2 feet		
high. 1 lb. 10	40	3 50
Columbianum (Oregon Lily). Or-		
ange flowers, dotted maroon; fra-	.~	4 00
grant. 1 lb. 10	45	4 00
Croceum. Orange, with purple spots; upright flowers. 2 lbs. 10	25	2 00
Excelsum (<i>Testaceum</i>). Lovely cream		_ 00
colored flowers, tinged with apricot;		
very fragrant; 5 feet high. 3 lbs. 10.	60	5 50
Giganteum. Grows 6 to 10 feet high, bearing many large, funnel-shaped		
flowers 5 to 6 inches long; white,		
with purple throat. Extra large		
bulbs. 2 lbs. 10	3 00	
the state of the second state of the second		



Lilium Speciosum, Superbum and Tigrinum

VARIOUS LILIES—Continued		
Henryi (Orange Yellow Speciosum).		
Very tall growing variety; deep orange-yellow flowers. 3 lbs. 10\$	Each	10
Kelloggii. Slender stems with from	0 50	\$4 50
3 to 15 flowers with pink revolute		
petals; fragrant; 5 to 4 feet. 8 oz.		
10	60	5 50
Magnificum (Humboldtii). Bright		
orange red, with dark spots. 1 lb.	60	5 50
Martagon. Purple; 2 to 3 feet. 8 oz.	00	9 90
10	25	2 00
Parryi. Large, handsome, pale yel-		
low flowers; very rare. 8 oz. 10	75	7 00
Pardalinum. Large, showy flowers; richly colored and spotted. 1 lb.		-
10	25	2 00
Parviflorum. Small flowers; bright		_ 00
orange, spotted with purplish dots	35	3 00
Parvum. Orange yellow, spotted pur-		
ple	50	4 50
ers	45	4 00
Philadelphicum. Bright orange red,	10	1 00
with black spots; 2 feet high. 8 oz.		
10 Superbum (Turk's Cap Lily). Orange	15	1 00
Superbum (Turk's Cap Lily). Orange		
red, spotted; 4 feet	15	1 00
Tenuifolium (Siberian Coral Lily). Rich scarlet; 1½ feet. 8 oz. 10	20	1 50
Thompsonianum. Rose	40	3 50
Thunbergianum biligulatum	$\frac{10}{20}$	1 50
" Kikak. Apricot	_	
vellow, spotted		
black	20	1 50
" Prince of Orange. Orange yellow; 1		
foot	25	2 00
" Van Houttei	$\frac{1}{40}$	3 50
Tigrinum splendens (Tiger Lily).		
Rich scarlet, black spots. 2 lbs. 10.	1	1 00
Per 100, \$8 Tigrinum fl. pl. (Double Tiger Lily).	15	1 00
Orange red, black spots. 2 lbs. 10.		
Per 100, \$9	15	1 00
Umbellatum erectum. Red and		
orange. 4 lbs. 10	20	1 50
grandinorum. Or-	00	1 50
ange. 3 lbs. 10 Mixed. 3 lbs. 10	$\frac{20}{15}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 00 \end{array}$
Wallacei. Orange red, maroon spots;	19	1 00
late. 8 oz. 10	30	2 50
Washingtonianum. Stately habit;		
large trumpet-shaped flowers, pure		
white, tinged purple; fragrant; 4 to	00	F 00
7 ft. 2 lbs. 10	60	5 00

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates.

Clumps. Fine, large clumps, with many flowering pips on each. Fine for planting outside in shaded positions and for naturalizing by the side of streams or wooded walks. 3 lbs. each, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 per 10, \$20 per 100.

Pips for Forcing. \$1.00 per bundle of 25, \$3.00 per 100, \$25.00 per 1,000. 2 lbs. each bundle of 25.

Berlin and Hamburg Cold-Storage Pips. From cold storage; the very highest quality. Price on application.

JAPAN IRIS (Iris Kaempferi)

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

SUPERB COLLECTION OF LARGE-FLOWERED SORTS

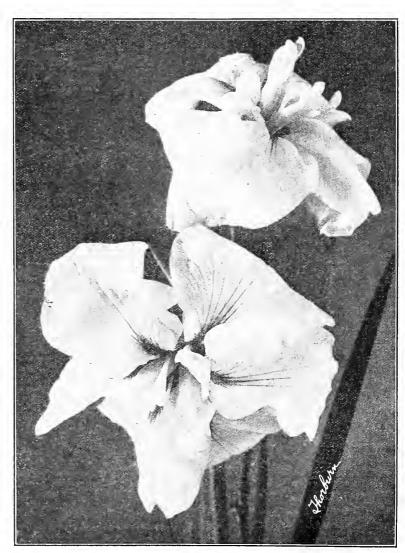
We are importing from Japan a large supply of the following twenty of the best of these magnificent Irises, which are remarkable for the beauty of their colorings and stateliness of habit. Some of them send up ten to twelve spikes, 3 feet high, each bearing two to four enormous blossoms, 8 to 10 inches across. are most valuable for cut-flowers and table decoration—as handsome as Orchids. Supply water liberally when growing. Cut in the early morning or after sunset. The descriptions given are those furnished us by the growers in Japan.

30 cts. each, \$2.50 per 10, \$20 per 100. The following may be ordered by number; mailing rate 1 lb. each

- 13 Boteki-no-Koe. Pure white, heavily veined lavender, with pale primrose blotches; standard lavender, with paie primitose scenarios wine color. Three large petals. Striking.
- **26 Date-dogu.** Claret red, yellow blotches. netals.
- 89 Fuyoho. Large; pure white, yellow blotches.
- 31 Gei-Sho-Ui. Claret red, veined white; standards shaded lavender, darker edges, yellow blotches.
- 4 Но-о-јо (Ho-o-castle). Ruby crimson, primrose blotches; standards white and lavender.
- 37 Katsuraotoko. White, veined lavender; standards white, suffused with lavender, darker edges. Six petals.
- 15 Momiji-no-Taki. Ruby red, yellow blotches; standards white, spotted toward edges pale wine color. Six petals.
- 30 Noboro-Ryu. Intense Tyrian blue, with yellow blotches; standards white, edged violet.
- 9 Ran. Royal purple, edged lavender, with large primrose blotches; standards wine-red, white at base. large petals.
- 34 Sassa-no-Koe. White, veined wine red and blotched yellow; stan-dards lavender. Three petals.
- 20 Senjo-To. Light wine color, spotted and shaded to dark red, suffused with white, yellow blotches.
- 40 Shiguremoniji. Blush pink, darker toward edges, splashed wine red; primrose blotches. Three petals.
- 21 Shikainami. blue, to dark blue edges, white veined, yellow blotches. Very handsome. Six petals.

- 6 Shippo (Cloisonné). Rich Tyrian blue, edged
- purple and veined white, yellow blotches.

 14 Shiraga. Deep purple, heavily veined white; standards lavender, yellow blotches. Six large petals.



Japan Iris

M. THORBURN & CO., 53 BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK

JAPAN IRIS—Continued

140

- 17 Suibijin. Claret red, darker toward edges; standards white veined, and stigmas wine color. Three petals.
- 44 Uiigawa. Rich, vinous purple; standards blush pink; stigmas lavender, canary-yellow blotches. Three immense petals.
- 50 Ushio-no-Iro. Violet, veined white; standards white, edged sky blue, yellow blotches. Seven or eight petals.
- 7 Yamato-Nishiki. Pale lavender, blotched and flaked dark purple, large primrose blotches. Three petals.
- 8 Yodokuruma. Pale wine color, veined darker; large orange blotches; standards very erect. Three petals.

GERMAN IRIS (Iris Germanica)

Will thrive in almost any good garden soil, except one that is wet.

Fine Mixed. 75 cts. per 10, \$6 per 100. Mailing rate, 6 oz. 10, 3 lbs. 100.

VARIOUS IRIS

Alata (The Scorpion Iris). Sweet-		
scented, sky-blue flowers; also fine	10	100
for pots\$0	75	\$6 00
Cristata. A native species 3 inches		
high; amethyst blue	40	3 00
Florentina alba. Beautiful, satiny		
white flowers	40	3 00

AMARYLLIS

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

The Amaryllis produces, under the simplest conditions, one to three spikes 2 or more feet high, crowned with from two to six large and beautiful, trumpet-shaped blooms lasting long in good condition. They should be planted as soon as received, in pots an inch or so larger than the diameter of the bulb.

The most suitable soil is good loam, with one-fourth part of leafmold or pulverized manure, and some sand. Good drainage is very important. The growing season is from early Spring until September. Manurewater during this time is essential.

Belladonna major. Violet and	liant scarlet with white stripes; Each 10	
white; in large um-	large flowers. 4 lbs. 10\$0 75 \$7 0	0
bels; fragrant. 4 lbs. Each 10 10\$0 25 \$2 00	Johnsoni (Spice Lily). Large flowers; crimson, striped white. Large bulbs.	
" speciosa purpurea 75 7 00	6 lbs. 10 50 4 5	0
Empress of India Seedlings. Bril-	Vallota purpurea	0

ANEMONE, or WINDFLOWER

Very ornamental, hardy perennials, producing beautifully colored flowers in Spring and Summer. They do best in rich soil and in a sheltered and well drained position.

Mailing rate 6 oz. 10, 3 lbs. 100

CORONARIA or POPPY-FLOWERED ANEMONE

Caen, Mixed (Giant French or Poppy- 10	100	IC	•	100
flowered Anemone). Finest colors. \$0 25	\$2 00	King of the Scarlets. Double\$0 3	5 \$3	3 00
Chrysanthemiflora Perle Ange-		Scarlet, Feu Superbe. Bright scar-		
vine. Pure white; very beautiful,			5	3 00
full double white flowers of Chrys-		Scarlet, Double, Mixed	0	$2\ 50$
anthemum type15c. each 1 00	8 00	" Single, Mixed 2	5	2 00
Blue, Double, Mixed	2 50	St. Brigid. Semi-double; gracefully		
" Single, Mixed	2 00	incurved flowers	5	3 00
His Excellency. A beautiful, large-		White, Ceres. Double; tinted rose 3	0 :	$2 \ 50$
flowering Poppy Anemone; a deep		" The Bride. Single; pure		
scarlet shade, thick, strong petals	1	white 2	5	2 00
and long stems	7 00	Double. Mixed colors	5	2 00
King of the Blues. Double 35	3 00		0	1 50

ANEMONE SPECIES

Less quantities than quoted, 10 cts. each

Apennina, Blue. Early. Charming, clear blue, star-shaped flowers; fine for naturalizing \$0 30	$$2^{100}$
" White 30	2 50
Fulgens. Single, scarlet flowers very early in Spring	4 00
Japonica alba. Large, pure white; invaluable for cutting	4 00
" Queen Charlotte. Semi-double; pink	7 00
" rosea. Large; rosy carmine	4 00
" rubra. Rosy crimson	7 00
"Whirlwind. Large, semi-double, pure white. Splendid for cut-flowers 75	7 00
Sylvestris (Snowdrop Windflower). Beautiful, pure white	7 00

BEGONIAS

Tuberous-Rooted

Five of a kind at 10 rate, 25 of a kind at 100 rate

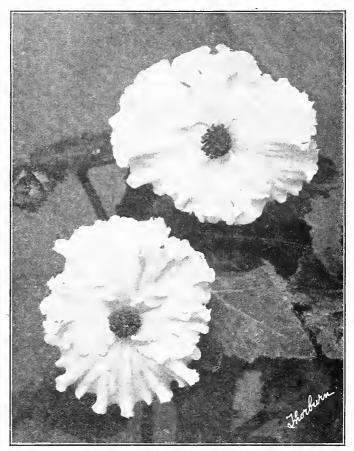
Mailing rate 1 lb. 10, 7 lbs. 100

Splendid pot plants for the house or for bedding. For bedding they should be started in hotbed in March and April. The hollow end of the bulb should be uppermost and but slightly covered. Water sparingly until the plants are growing.

****8*		10	100
Single,	Scarlet \$0	75	\$7 00
"	Rose	75	7 00
"	White	75	7 00
"	Yellow	75	7 00
Double	, White 1	00	8 00
66	Yellow 1	00	8 00
66	Rose 1	00	8 00
66	Crimson 1	00	8 00
	,	11	1

Double and Single, all colors mixed, 10c. each, 90c. per 10.

BEGONIA CRISPA (Single Fringed Begonias). These comparatively new Begonias have beautifully shaped, gracefully frilled and crested flowers, borne above the foliage on long and erect stems. An exceedingly fine strain. RED per 100.



Begonia Crispa

exceedingly fine strain. RED, ROSE, WHITE, YELLOW and SALMON. \$1.25 per 10, \$10

CRINUMS

The most suitable soil is a compost of turfy loam, cow manure and sand. They should be grown in large pots or tubs, about three-fourths of the bulbs being out of the soil. In late Fall remove to a cool house and allow to rest till new leaves begin to appear in February. If placed outside when warm weather begins, they will flower through the Summer, making splendid lawn or veranda plants.

Amabile, Giant Pink. Extra large; bright pink, with white stripe; splendid flower. Each Enormous bulb. Mailing rate 11 lbs.....\$4 00 Kirki. Large umbels of beautiful, pure white flowers, with purple stripe in center of each petal; very fine. Mailing rate 1 lb. \$2 for 10... 25

GLOXINIAS

Mailing rate 1 lb. 10, 7 lbs. 100

Beautiful greenhouse plants, remarkable for the intensity and variety of their colorings, and the exquisite manner in which they are often blotched, mottled, penciled and blended. They thrive best in a soil composed of leaf-mold and peat, in equal parts, with a little sand added. When growing give plenty of water, but it should always be tepid.

Crassifolia erecta, Red....\$0 15 \$1 25 \$10 00 Crassifolia erecta, White...\$0 15 \$1 25 \$10 00 " " Blue.... 15 1 25 10 00

MONTBRETIAS

Treat same as Gladioli Mailing rate 6 oz. 10, 2 lbs. 100

Summer-flowering, bulbous plants that are becoming more popular every year. They should be planted in groups. Ordinary garden soil and a sunny position suit them.

			-
Crocosmæflora	(type). Fine scarlet and yellow\$0	10 20	\$1 50
u	aurantiaca. Deep golden yellow; fine spike	35	2 00
u	Bouquet Parfait. Large, bright vermilion flowers, with deep yellow centers	25	2 00
-	Etoile de Feu. Bright vermilion, with deep yellow center; large flow- ers	25	2 00
11	Germania. Large, orange scarlet; very beautiful	50	4 00
"	Golden Sheaf. Bright yellow	25	2 00
"	Meteor. Yellow inside, deep red outside	25	2 00
"	Pluie d'Or. Golden yellow; extra	25	2 00
44	Talisman. Purple vermilion	25	2 00
	verminom,		2 00 1

	γj
9)	

Tigridia Pavonia conchiflora

Crocosmæflora	speciosa. Copper,	10	π	00
	with yellow disc in			
	the center\$	0.25	\$2	00
"	Tigridie. Orange-			
	yellow throat, mac-			
	ulated brown	25	2	00
"	Mixed. All sorts	20	1	50
TICDI	DIAC O			

TIGRIDIAS (Ready in March)

Add 5 cts. per 10. for postage

These very handsome, Summer-flowering bulbs should be planted in the Spring. They will flower profusely all Summer. The plants grow about 2 feet high, with large and finely colored flowers.

Pavonia alba immaculata. Pure 10 100

	white, unspotted\$0	50	\$4	00
"	canariensis. Very hand- some; light yellow, with brown spots	35	3	00
"	conchiflora. Bright yellow	50	4	00
"	lutea immaculata. Pure yellow; handsome and striking	50	4	00
**	Red. Distinct from Pa- vonia speciosa	35	3	00
"	speciosa. Scarlet	40	3	50

HARDY PHLOX

(Decussata)

(Decussata)			
Mailing rate 4 lbs. 10.			
A flower of more than usual beauty succeed in almost any kind of soil or clim be planted in the Spring or Fall.	y tha nate. Cach	\mathbf{N}	will Iay 10
Astier Rehn. Purple, white center \$0	25	\$2	00
Aquillon, Carmine	25	2	00
Boule de Feu. Dark carmine; extra fine	25	2	00
Coquelicot. Bright, fiery red, with a center of beautiful rose	25	2	00
Eclaireur. Beautiful rose color, with a band a shade lighter running around the eye	25	2	00
Falcon De Neige. Pure white	25	2	00
Flambeau. Brilliant red, with eye of still darker color	25 25		00
Pantheon. A delightful salmon rose,	20		00
with a pale border running around the eye	25	2	00
Pecheur d'Island. Fiery red, with white center	25	2	00
Suffruticosa, Snowdown. Everblooming; beautiful, white form; dwarf-growing	25	2	00

Each sort, \$18 per 100

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS AND ROOTS

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates according to weight indicated

ACHIMENES, Mixed. Lovely		100	CROCOSMIA aurea (Tri- Each	. 1	100
greenhouse pot-plants		\$4 00	tonia). Beautiful; half-		
ALSTRŒMERIA aurea (auranti-			hardy; orange flowers. 1		
aca). Orange yellow, spotted black.		0.00	lb. 10\$0 25	5 \$2	00
2 lbs. 10		3 00	CYCAS revoluta Stems		
brasiliensis. Deep red, with black		5 00	(Sago Palm). In various		
spots. 2 lbs. 10		5 00	sizes. 15 cts. per lb.		
ANOMATHECA cruenta. Crimson flowers; dwarf habit; fine for Win-			CYCLAMEN, Coum. Crim-		
dow garden. 2 lbs. 100		1 25.	son, round leaved 40) 3	50
ANTHERICUM liliago. 1 lb. 10		5 00	Europæum roseum. Very		
liliastrum major	50	4 00	showy, rosy red, hardy 20) 2	00
Antholyza, Mixed. Like Gladioli.		1 00	Persicum giganteum.		00
Take up in Fall		4 50	Rose 20		00
APIOS tuberosa. Hardy climber,			Dark Crimson 20) 4	00
with clusters of fragrant purple flow-			" "White, "Mont Blanc" 23	5 2	00
ers. 1 lb. 10	40	3 00	" "Mixed 20		00
ARUM Dracunculus. 5 lbs. Each			Hederæfolium Album	, 2	00
10\$0 15	1 00		(Neapolitanum). Ivy-		
cornutum (Red Calla). 5	1 50		leaved Cyclamen; quite		
lbs. 10	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$		hardy in sheltered situa-		
italicum (Dragon Flower).	<i>≈</i> 00		tions 26) 2	00
Creamy white. 1 lb. 10 20	1 50		Repandum. Rosy red,		00
maculatum. 1 lb. 10 15	1 00		purple eye) 2	00
palæstinum sanctum			DARLINGTONIA (Pitcher		00
(Black Calla). 2 lbs. 10 30	$2\ 50$		Plant). 2 lbs. 10 50) 4	00
BRODIÆA. See our Bulb			DICENTRA spectabilis		
Catalogue for various			(Bleeding Heart). Hardy		
sorts			perennial; also forcer. 1 lb. each, 8 lbs. 10 30	9	00 \$15 00
CALADIUM esculentum.				, 4	00 \$15 00
Average mailing rate 2 lbs.			ERANTHIS hyemalis (Win- ter Aconite). Flowers yel-		
9 to 11 in. circum 20	1 50	10 00	low, hardy, perennial. 1		
11 to 12 in. circum 25	1 75	15 00	lb. 100		30 2 00
12 in. circum. and up-			EREMURUS himalaicus.		
wards	3 00	25 00	White 1 25	j	
CALLA Æthiopica (White			robustus. Rose. 1 lb. each 1 25		
Calla, or Lily-of-the-Nile).			ERYTHRONIUM. See our		
Large, white, trumpet-			Bulb Catalogue.		
shaped flowers.			EUCHARIS amazonica.		
1st size. Mailing rate 4 lbs. 10 35	3 00	28 00	Fine, white-flowered		
4 lbs. 10	3 00	20 00	greenhouse plant. Mag-		00
3 lbs. 10 30	2 50	20 00	nificent. 2 lbs. 10 35	5 3	00
Elliottiana, Yellow; Spot-	_ 00	_0 00	FRITILLARIA Meleagris		
ted Leaf. Dark green			alba (Guinea fowl flow-		20 1 50
leaves, spotted silvery			er). White		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
white. 2 lbs. 10 30	2 75		Meleagris. Mixed colors		10 1 20
CALOCHORTUS (Mariposa			FUNKIA alba marginata. Green foliage, margined		
Lily). See our Bulb Cata-			white. 1 lb. each 25	5 2	00
logue for full list.			GERANIUM sanguineum.		
CAMASSIA Cusickii. Very			Hardy perennial. Crim-		
large leaves and lovely, pale sky-blue flowers, pro-			son-purple flowers. 1 lb.		
duced in racemes 2 to 3			10 25	5 - 2	00
feet long 15	1 00		HÆMANTHUS albifolia.		
esculenta. Pretty violet-			White 50)	
blue flowers. Fine for cut-			coccineus. Scarlet 1 00		
ting. 3 lbs. 100	20	1 50	puniceus. Orange red 1 00)	
CINNAMON VINE. First-			HELLEBORUS Niger		
size roots	1 00	7 00	(Christmas Rose). Pure	1	00
CLEMATIS coccinea.			white) 4	00
Hardy, flowers rich scar-	1.05	0.00	HEMEROCALLIS, Apricot.		
let. 1 lb. 10	1 25	9 00	Distinct, rich apricot. 5	5 1	00
(Evening Star). White.			lbs. 10		75
2 lbs. 100	35	2 50	fulva. Coppery orange 20		50
pedunculata. White, fra-	33		Kwanso fl. pl. Coppery		
grant	35	2 50	orange; double 20) 1	50

Miscellaneous Bulbs and Roots-Continued

HEMEROCALLIS, Sieboldi. Handsome reddish orange \$6		\$0 75	100	SPIRÆA hybrida, Wash- ington. Extra large flow- ers; fine forcer\$(Each		10	100 \$10 00
HYACINTHUS candicans. 5 lbs. doz		35	\$3 00	japonica. Pure white flow- ers	15		25	8 00
INCARVILLEA Delavayi. Large; rosy purple; splen-				japonica compacta mul- tiflora. Neat and com-				
did, hardy perennial, with handsome foliage. 6 lbs.				pact. Pure white flowers. TRICYRTIS hirta. Beauti-	15	1	25	8 00
MADEIRA VINE. Roots	15	1 00	3 50	ful; Fall flowering; hardy. 3 lbs. 100 TRILLIUM Erectum. Dark	15	1	50	10 00
NERINE Sarniensis (True			7.	purple; erect habit grandiflora (Giant Ameri-	10		60	5 00
Guernsey Lily). Flowers brilliant crimson, in large clusters	20	1 50		can Wood Lily, or "Wake Robin.") Large, white flow-				
ORNITHOGALUM arabicum. White, with black				ers and easily grown in shaded position sessile californicum. A	10		60	5 00
center pyramidale. Showy spikes		35	3 00	strong plant 1 foot high, with the separate leaves				
of white flowers umbellatum (Star of Beth-	10	7 5		$5\frac{1}{2}$ inches long by $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide and the petals $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. Flowers				
lehem). Outside green and white, inside satiny white.		15	1 00	pure white, with purple center; very fragrant	20	1	50	10 00
OXALIS Bowei. Crimson. Lasiandra. Violet purple,		25	2 00	sessile rubra. Same as californica, with narrow petals; deep maroon purple				
large flower		20 25 25	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ \end{array}$	to reddish purple sessile, Snow Queen.	20	1	50	10 00
Mixed		15	1 00	Flowers pure white, with creamy centers and with broad petals	20	1	50	10 00
PANCRATIUM calathinum (Basket Flower). 2 lbs. 10	15	1 00		TRITOMA Pfitzeri. Large spikes of flame-colored	20	-	00	10 00
maritimum (Sea Daffo- dil). Delightfully fragrant				flowers. 2 lbs. 10 MacOwani. Dwarf variety;	35		00	
white	20	1 50		bright orange red uvaria grandiflora (Red- Hot-Poker Plant). Half-	20	1	50	
ter two days before pla nt- ing.				hardy Summer	20	1	50	12 00
Persian Mixed Turban Mixed		15 15	1 00 1 00	flowering. To be handled like Gladioli TROLLIUS europæus. Yel-			35	3 00
SPIRÆA America. Rosy lilac	20	1 50		low. 5 lbs. 10	25	2	00	
Astilbe Arendsi, Ceres. Bright, rosy lilac. 2 lbs.	20	1 00		lar, golden yellow flowers. 5 lbs. 10	30	2	50	
each	20	1 50		TROPÆOLUM tricolor (Jarrattii). Fine green- house climber; for pots	25	2	00	
pink flowers. Early bloomer; fine forcer	35	3 00		speciosum. Brilliant scar- let	15		00	
astilboides floribunda. Very large, pure white				TUBEROSES, Dwarf Double Pearl. Mailing rate 2 lbs.			30	2 50
plumes. Neat habit; abundant bloomer	15	1 25		Albino. Pure white; single Variegated Leaf			50 50	4 50 4 50
Large plumes of purest white	30	2 50		TYDÆA, Mixed. Very showy, golden scarlet and	15	1	00	
hybrida, W. E. Gladstone. Snow-white plumes, long stems; fragrant. Fine for-				spotted	10	1	00	
cerhybrida, Queen Alexan-	20	1 50	10 00	blooms over 3 inches in diameter. Fine forcer or				
dra, Pink. A pink variety, in habit similar to Glad-				for planting outdoors in Spring. 2 lbs. 10 ZEPHYRANTHES candida.	20	1	50	12 00
stone, but flowering three weeks later. Beautiful	20 _	1 50	10 00	White, greenish base	10		40	3 00

Insecticides and Remedies for Plant Diseases

ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE WITHOUT NOTICE Postage, Express or Freight charges to be paid by purchaser

ANT-DESTROYER. Will positively destroy ants.	"ELECTRIC" WORM ERAD
½-lb. tins. .\$0 15 1-lb. tins. .\$0 45 ½-lb. tins. .25 5-lb. tins. .200	ing all grubs, insects and v
ANTIPEST. A sure destroyer of all insect pests Qt. \$0.50 1 gal. \$1.65 ½ gal. 90 5 gals. 7.00	and infest lawns, golf-coursepests, four ounces to each for cutworms, four ounces to
APHINE. Has no equal for the destruction of green, black or white fly, thrips, red spider, mealy bug, etc. Use one part to forty of water. Does not injure the most tender plants. 14 pt\$0 25 Pt\$0 65 15 pt	4-oz. bottle
ARSENATE OF LEAD. Adheres well to foliage and does not readily wash off. It remains well suspended in solution, insuring even distribution. It is white, and shows just where it has been applied. It does not injure tender foliage. Lb\$0 25 5 lbs\$1 10	FIR-TREE-OIL SOAP. Mix ounce to a gallon of water, a lows or syringe. 1/2-lb. tin\$0 25 2-1
BORDEAUX MIXTURE, or FUNGIROID. For all fungous diseases. Dry— Per Lb. Per Lb. 1-lb. can\$0 40 5 lbs. cans and over 30 50 lbs and over	FISH-OIL SOAP. (Formerl Soap.) For washing trees insects on the bark. 1 lb\$0 20 10 5 lbs 80 10 FUNGINE. For mildew, rust, does not stain foliage.
BUG DEATH. This is a fungicide, insecticide and plant food combined, and contains neither Paris Green nor Arsenic. 1 lb. \$0 20 5 lbs. \$0 75 3 lbs. 50 12½ lbs. 1 50 100-lb. keg 8 50	Pt\$0 65 Qt 1 gal
COPPER SOLUTION, Ammoniated. Prevents black and brown rot, mildew and other grape diseases, Pear and Apple scab, leaf blight, Tomato rot, Potato blight, Melon blight, etc. Dilute one part to 100 parts of water; spray lightly. Qt	HELLEBORE. Apply dry or ounce to three gallons. 1 lb
cutworm food. Kills the worms; simple and easy to use; specially prepared for bringing young plants through the critical period. 1-lb. pkg	scale on trees, caterpillars, M etc. Dilute 25 to 50 parts. Qt\$0 40 1 g 1/2 gal70 5 g KILM WEED ERADICATOR
CUTWORM PREVENTIVE. Of inestimable value. Cutworms will not infest soil mixed with this preparation. 5-lb. can\$0 50 10-lb. can\$0 90	containing a powerful weed minate Dandelion from law Each 50 cts. Extra tubes of ing, 25 cts. each.

ANT-DESTROYER. Will positively destroy ants.	"ELECTRIC" WORM ERADICATOR. For kill-
1/4-lb. tins. \$0 15 1-lb. tins. \$0 45 1/2-lb. tins. 25 5-lb. tins. 200	ing all grubs, insects and worms that do their destructive work at the roots of plants and trees,
ANTIPEST. A sure destroyer of all insect pests Qt	and infest lawns, golf-courses, etc. For most pests, four ounces to each four gallons of water; for cutworms, four ounces to two gallons of water.
APHINE. Has no equal for the destruction of green, black or white fly, thrips, red spider, mealy bug, etc. Use one part to forty of water. Does not	4-oz. bottle \$0 25 1 gal \$4 00 8-oz. bottle 50 5 gals 17 50 24-oz. bottle 1 00 10 gals 34 00

FIR-TREE OIL. Dilute one pint to twe	enty gal-
lons of water. Apply with vaporizer or	syringe.
½ pt\$0 55 Qt	\$1 75
Pt 1 00 ½ gal	3 00
Gal	5 50

ix at the rate of one and apply with a bel-

½-lb. tin \$0 25 2	!-lb. tin	\$0.75	5
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rly called Whale-Oil and destroying all

1 lb\$0	20	10 lbs \$1	50
5 lbs	80	100 lbs 14	00

, and all other blights,

Pt	. \$0	65	$Qt\dots$	\$1	00
1 gal				3	50

. For the prevention es, Gooseberries, etc.

5 lbs\$0	60	10 lbs	\$1	00
100 lbs			8	00

r mix in water-one

lbs.....\$1 00

For Cabbage worms, Melon lice, Rose bugs,

Qt			
½ gal	70 5 gals.	4	50

R. A patented tube l killer. Will exterwns. Easy to use. powder for re-charg-

INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES-Continued

MODELICIDES AND REMEDIES :	OR I LANT DISLASES Continued
LAWN COMPOUND, Sterlingworth. A non-poisonous powder to destroy Plantain, Dandelions, Chickweed, and most other weeds having a broad, hairy surface, without killing the grass. Five pounds will dress 500 to 1,000 square feet, according to condition of the lawn. 5-lb. can	SLUG-SHOT, Hammond's. Excellent for destroying Cabbage, Turnip and Beet flies, Potato bugs, Currant worms, etc. Lb\$0 15 10 lbs\$0 70 5 lbs\$0 40 100 lbs\$6 50 SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. Dissolve in proportion of two contents and the office of the contents and the contents
LEMON OIL. For destroying scale, caterpillar, mealy bug, etc. Directions on can. ½ pt	tion of two ounces to a gallon of water, and apply with a syringe or atomizer. It will destroy Rose slugs, aphides, green fly, bark lice, etc. 3-oz. box\$0 10 8-oz. box\$0 20 Cartons, large size (8 to 10 lbs.)3 00
LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION, California Wash. For San José scale. One gallon makes fifteen by adding water. Ot \$0 40 5 gals \$3 25 Gal 75 10 gals 4 50	SULPHUR, POWDERED. Valuable for protecting against mildew on Grapes, Roses, etc. Lb
NICO-FUME LIQUID. For fumigating or spraying. Effective against green fly, mealy bug, etc. Does not stain or injure blooms, and leaves no disagreeable odor. For spraying, one to two teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water. Lamps, 60 cts. each. 1/4 lb	Regular Kind. Highest grade for dusting. Lb
ing. Does not injure blooms. In tins. 24 sheets\$0 85 144 sheets\$4 00 288 sheets	TOBACCO STEMS. For fumigating. In bales of about 100 lbs., at \$1 50 per 100 lbs.
NICOTICIDE. For fumigating or spraying. Effective against green fly, mealy bug, etc. Does not damage foliage or flowers. Sold in cans as follows: ½-pt. can, for 8,000 cubic feet of space \$0 60 ½-pt. can, for 16,000 cubic feet of space 1 00 1-pt. can, for 32,000 cubic feet of space 2 00 1-qt. can 4 00 ½-gal. can 7 75 1-gal. can 14 50 Fumigators, 60 cts. each.	TREE TANGLEFOOT. A sticky substance applied directly to the bark to protect trees against climbing insect pests. One application remains sticky, fully exposed to weather, three months. One pound will make a band 7 to 8 feet long and about 6 inches wide. 1-lb. tin\$0 35 10-lb. tin\$3 00 3-lb. tin\$5 50
PARIS GREEN. Mix at rate of one pound to two hundred gallons of water. Effective against all chewing insects. 1/4-lb. can\$0 15 1/2-lb. can\$0 25 1-lb. can(All subject to change)\$45	VERMINE. A soil sterilizer and germicide for all soil vermin, such as cut, eel, wire and grub worms, slugs, maggots, ants, etc. ½ pt. \$0 25 Pt. \$0 65 \$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
PYROX. The best and safest all-round spray for all insects, blights and fungus troubles. Kills Potato bugs. Sticks like paint. 1 lb\$0 30 10 lbs\$1 85 5 lbs\$1 00 25 lbs\$4 50	WEED-KILLER, Pino-Lyptol. This fluid absolutely destroys all the weeds and other growth wherever applied. Mix one part Pino-Lyptol with ten to fifteen parts water.
READE'S EARTHWORM KILLER. For destroying earthworms on golf-greens, tennis-courts, lawns and bowling-greens. A safe, non-poisonous to animals, powder, which acts also as a fertilizer to the grass. Twenty-five pounds will cover 450 square feet. 25-lb. bag. \$2.00 50-lb. bag. \$3.75 100-lb. bag. 6.00	1 gal\$1 50 5 gals\$6 00 10-gals
SCALECIDE. For San José scale. Petroleum oil that mixes at once with cold water and stays mixed. No hot water necessary. Add one gallon for every fifteen to twenty gallons of water. Qt\$0 40 Gal\$1 00 5 gals	X-L-ALL LIQUID INSECTICIDE. An efficient preparation for spraying. Purely nicotine; harmless to very delicate plants; kills mealy bugs, red spider and all insect pests. Pt

High-Grade Fertilizers

ALL NET CASH-PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

COMPLETE MANURE

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 2 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 9 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. Adapted for use on all crops, such as Corn, Tomatoes, Peas, etc., and is especially suited for grain crops. Use 1,200 to 1,500 pounds to the acre.

In	167-lb.	bags,	per	ton\$	40 00	Bag of 100 lbs\$2	75
44	**	**	11	half-ton	21 00	50 lbs 1	65
4.6	44	44	1.4	quarter-ton	11 00	25 lbs 1	00
Sir	igle bag	of 16	7 lt	os	4 00	10 lbs	50

Lawn Fertilizer

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 5 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, all soluble, 8 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; lime, sulphate of magnesia, soda, sulphuric acid, etc. Specially prepared for lawns and meadows as a top-dressing. Apply broadcast at rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. to the acre. In 167-lb. bags, per ton. \$50 00 " " " half-ton. 27 00 " " quarter-ton. 15 00 Single bag of 167-lbs. 5 50 Bag of 100 lbs. 3 75 50 lbs. 2 00 25 lbs. 1 25 10 lbs. 60

Potato Manure

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 4 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 9 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. This manure is for special use on the Potato crop, and is also adapted to Sweet Potatoes, Vines, Fruit Trees, etc. Use broadcast, about 1,500 lbs. to the acre.

In 167-lb. baş	gs, per	ton		 \$4	6 00
		half-ton		 2	5 00
	1 11	quarter-	ton	 1	4 00
Single bags o	f 167 l	bs		 	5 00
Bag of 100 lb	s			 	3 00
50 lbs					
25 lbs		:		 	1 00
10 lbs				 	50

Agricultural Salt

For asparagus beds, etc. In bags of about 200 lbs.

Bag.....\$1 50 | Ton, about....\$12 00

Not less than one bag sold.

Mak-Gro

A concentrated, odorless plant food for in and out-door plants. The best dressing for potted plants and out-of-door plants of all kinds.

1 11				00 OF
1-lb. can.	 	 	 	\$0 25

Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers

Excellent for use on house plants, being entirely odorless.

Small package.....\$0 15 | Large package...\$0 25

Canada Hardwood Ashes

Highest grade unleached. For top-dressing lawns, especially if the soil is stiff or sour, one and one-half to two tons to the acre.

Bag of 100 lbs\$1	75	½ ton	.\$14 00)
Ton			26 00	0

Clay's Celebrated Fertilizer

One of the best manures for all horticultural purposes, either in greenhouse or garden. Splendid for mixing with potting soil and as a top-dressing. Notwithstanding its apparently high price, it is quite economical.

PRICES IN BAGS

½ cwt. (14 lbs.)\$2	50
½ cwt. (28 lbs.)	
½ cwt. (56 lbs.)	
1 cwt (112 lbs.)	

HIGH-GRADE FERTILIZERS-Continued

Thomson's Vine Manure

Unrivaled for Vines, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Fruit Trees and all foliage, flowering and fruit-bearing plants, also for vegetables and outdoor plants of every description. The result of many years' practical experience.

½ cwt. (56 lbs.)....\$4 00 | Cwt. (112 lbs.)...\$7 00

Thomson's Special Chrysanthemum Manure

½ cwt.(56 lbs.)	 \$8 00
/2 CW C. (OC 100.)	

Pulverized Sheep Manure

(Sheepshead Brand)

A rich, pure, natural manure. Excellent as a topdressing for lawns. Its effect is immediate and lasting. Apply at the rate of 1,500 lbs. per acre. There is nothing better for mixing with the soil for greenhouse plants—one part manure to six parts soil. It is recommended for the vegetable-garden, promoting a steady and rapid growth. It makes a rich and safe liquid manure—one pound to five gallons of water.

1-lb. pkg\$0	10	100 lbs \$2	50
5-lb. pkg	35	$\frac{1}{4}$ ton	00
25 lbs 1	00	$\frac{1}{2}$ ton20	00
50 lbs 1	60	Ton36	00

Pulverized Limestone

A product that has an exceedingly wide sale among intelligent agriculturists, with the best of results. As a crop-producer we hardly believe it has an equal. It is made from the purest crystalline white limestone obtainable, and analyzes about 97 per cent. carbonate.

Bag of 100 lbs\$0	75	$\frac{1}{2}$ ton\$7	00
Ton			00

Bone Fertilizers, Etc.

Prices subject to change
Pure Ground Bone Meal No. 1. Finely pulverized; excellent for Rose-culture. It decomposes very rapidly, and is more quickly effective than the coarser grades. It is excellent for mixing with the soil for potting.

5 lbe \$0.40 \, 100 lbs \$2.50

the son for potting.	
5 lbs \$0 40	100 lbs \$3 50
10 lbs	½ ton14 00
25 lbs 1 25	½ ton
50 lbs 2 00	Ton

Ground Bone, No. 2. Coarser than the above; for top-dressing for lawns, and for garden and field crops.

crops.			
100 lbs	25	1 ½ ton\$28	50
$\frac{1}{4}$ ton 14	50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00
/4 (011	90	1011	00

 Ground Bone, No. 3. A little coarser than No. 2.

 100 lbs.
 \$4 25 | ½ ton.
 \$30 00

 ½ ton.
 16 00 | Ton.
 58 00

Thorburn's Special Raw Bone

This is composed of medium, fine and coarse bone, good for general crops, the finer portion acting at once, while the coarse bone keeps up the supply of food for the plant for a long time. Contains 4 per cent. ammonia, 3.30 per cent. nitrogen.

cent. ammonia, 3.30 per cent. nitrogen.

100-lb. bag.....\$3 25 | ½ ton.....\$26 00

¼ ton......14 00 | Ton.......47 00

Leaf-Mold. Indispensable for Azaleas, Rhododendrons, etc. Bbl. \$2.

Moss, Sphagnum. For filling Orchid baskets, etc., and for mixing with potting soil to conserve moisture. Bale of about 50 lbs., \$3.50.

Peat, Orchid. For potting Orchids, etc. Barrel of about 50 lbs., \$2.

Peat, Rotted. Fine for mixing with soil for potted plants such as Azaleas, Palms, etc. Barrel of about 140 lbs, \$2.

Other Fertilizers

Prices subject to change

ACID PHOSPHATE	1
TANKAGE (Blood and Bone Fertilizer)100-lb. bag, 200-lb. bag, ton	Prices on
IMPORTED SCOTCH SOOTBag of about 112 lbs.	}
NITRATE OF SODA.	application.
MURIATE OF POTASH.	,
FARMOGERM. See page 61. Price, garden size, 50 cts., 1-acre bottle, \$1.50; 5-acre	bottle, \$5.

Alphano Humus

A plant food and Nature's soil builder; suitable for the vegetable and flower garden, lawn, shrubbery, golf links, etc.; excellent used as a top dressing for all grass; being quite odorless, it forms an ideal mixture for the greenhouse—three parts soil to one of Humus. Guaranteed analysis: Nitrogen, 1.25 to 2.50 per cent.; ammonia, 1.50 to 3 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 0.50 per cent.; potash, 0.50 per cent.; balance humus vitalizers, lime and moisture. Price, \$1.50 per 100-lb. bag, \$15 per ton.

HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE



Acme. The most popular make. \$2.50.

ASPARAGUS KNIVES

English. (Saw Blade).

Granite State. 35 cts.

ATOMIZER. Large, \$2.75. Small, 2.25.





BELLOWS, Woodason's Double-Cone, Powder. \$4.00.



Single-Cone, Large. \$2.75.

Small, \$1.60.

JUMBO POWDER GUN. It is 4 inches in diameter, holds 4 ozs. of powder, and

serves its purpose well. 25 cts.

BILL AND BRUSH HOOKS. For heavy pruning.— English. S-handle. \$2.75. American. Long handle, \$1.00

BORDER SHEARS. See p. 152.



CARNATION SUP-PORTS. Made of light wire, galvanized.

2-Ring.

Per doz.....\$0.60 Per 100 4.50 Per 1,000 40.00

3-Ring.

Per 1,000.....45.00

ASPARAGUS CORN KNIFE. Worthington, No. 2 \$0.25

(See also Grass Hooks)

DIBBLES. All Iron. 35c. Wood Handle, brass point, 60 cts. Iron point, 35 cts.

DANDELION PULLER Hall's. 50 cts. each.

EDGING, KNIVES, Grass, English. Ea. 8-in....\$1.75 9-in 2.00 10-in.... 2.25 Without handle. Handles, 25c. extra.

FLOWER-POTS. See page 154.

FORKS, Digging or Spading. Best quality, spear point, diamond-back tines. Strapped handle, Long or D. 4-tine.....\$1.50 5-tine 1.60

Hay, or Stable. Firstquality oval tines. Extra-long strapped handle. 2-tine..... 3-tine..... 1.00

Manure, Long or Shorthandled. Strapped handle.



Ladies' Weeding Fork. American short handle. .30 Boys' Spading. 4-tine75 FRUIT-PICKERS, Handy Andy. A simple device of two wire jaws bound in the form of a square cage with burlap. The jaws open and close with a

spring on the end of the pole. A cloth tube is affixed to the pole, the end of which can be held in a box or barrel or other receptacle to catch the fruit, as it runs down. \$1.50.

Perfect. Galvanized steel wire, attaches to pole of any length. Price, without pole, 40 cts. Poles, for above, 30 cts. each.

FUMIGATING LAMP, "Defiance." For all vaporizing liquids. No glass. Burns kerosene. 60 cts.

FUMIGATOR, "Eureka." For fumigating 🦃 with tobacco stems. Very best quality, heavy galvanized tin. Each

No. 1 holds ½ pk .\$1.50 No. 2 holds 1 pk. . 2.25 No. 3 holds ½ bus. 2.75

ARDEN LINES, Fig. Braided. 100 feet, 75 cts. GARDEN Finest

GARDEN REELS. For garden lines. Wrought-iron. Holds 100 feet, 65 cts.; larger size, \$1.10.

GARDEN TOOLS for Ladies. Set of 3 pieces (spade, hoe and rake), \$1.25.

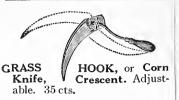


GLAZING POINTS, The Tiger. 60 cts. per 1,000. Pincers, for above. 55 cts.

GLASS CUTTER, "Red Devil." Hand-honed wheels. Standard of the world. 10, 15, 25 and 50 cts. each.

GLOVES, Gardeners', Goat-skin. For men only. \$2.

GRAFTING	WAX.	The b	est
grade.			
¼-lb. pkg.		\$0	15
½-lb. pkg.			20
1-lb, nkg			30



GRASS HOOKS, English Riveted Back. Thin, sharp blades, strengthened by a riveted back; light and rapidly handled. 60 cts.

With Trowel Shank. The handle is raised from the blade, making it possible to cut close without bruising the knuckles. 50 cts.

HOES, Garden— Draw, or Corn. 5-in. 60 cts., 6-in. 70 cts., 7-in. 80 cts.

English Scuffle. Finest-quality steel.
5-in......\$0 60
6-in......65
7-in.....70
8-in.....75
9-in.....80
10-in....85
Handles 30 cts. each extra.

"Baby" Warren. 40 cts. each.

Warren. Solid steel socket, used in drilling seed. 95 cts. and \$1.10 each, with handle.



HOSE, Rubber. ¾-in. Electric. In 25-ft. and 50-ft. lengths, 22 cts. per ft.

Thorburn Standard.
X, 6-ply, 14 cts. per ft.
XXX. Best red, 7-ply, 18
cts. per ft.

Our hose is carefully selected, made of first-class material and coupled at both ends. In 25- or 50-ft. lengths.

HOSE END, No. 1. For connecting hose with ordinary faucets. 50 cts. each.

HOSE COUPLERS, Siamese.
With these several sprinklers
can be used at the same
time. 3/4-inch, 75 cts. each.

 HOSE COUPLINGS—

 ½-in
 \$0 20

 ¾-in
 25

 1-in
 40

HOSE NOZZLES, Graduating Lawn Hoze Nozzle. Will throw coarse or fine spray, or solid stream. 34-in., 50 cts. each.

Boston Hose Nozzle. For ³/₄-in. hose. 75 cts.

Fountain Brass Hose Nozzle. 25 cts.

"Bordeaux" Spraying Nozzle. For 1/4-in. pipe, \$1 each.



Shower Spray Nozzle. A perfect spray nozzle

made of brass; non-corrosive—will not clog. Has both fine and coarse sprays. \$1.25 each.

Stott Spray Nozzle.

Gives an exception-land ally fine spray. Impossible for it to get out of order. Single Spray, for 34-in. connection. \$1.50 each. Double Spray. \$2 each.

Vermorel Spray Nozzle. 85

HOSE BANDS, for couplings.
To fit ½-in. hose, 75c. per doz.
To fit ¾-in. hose, 85c. per doz.
To fit 1-in. hose, \$2 per doz.

HOSE MENDERS, Cooper's.

Brass; will not rust or wear.

No fastening required. For hose with ½-in. bore, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

For hose with ¾-in. bore, 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

HOSE REELS, Tubular Iron.

Never break or wear out.

No. 10 will hold 100 ft. of 3/4-in. hose, \$4. No. 20 will hold 150 ft. of 3/4-in. hose, \$5. No. 30 will hold 500 ft. of 3/4-in. hose, \$6.

HOTBED SASH. Best quality. Packing at cost.

Unglazed. 3x6 ft. for 10x12 glass. \$1.50 each, \$17.50 per doz.

Glazed and Painted. 3x6 ft., 10x12 glass. \$5 each, \$50 per doz.

Glazed and Painted. 3x6 ft., 10x12, extra-heavy glass. \$5.75 each, \$60 per doz.

HOTBED MATS for Covering Sash es Made of



Sash e s
Made of
j u t e
, stitched
through;
a n d
hemmed,

thickly padded; size, 76 in. by 76 in.; one mat covers two sashes.

No. 1. Burlap both sides. \$3 each, \$30 per doz.

KNIVES, Saynor's Celebrated English. Best make.



No. 938 No. 196 No. 187 No. 312 No. 80 \$2,00 \$2.50 \$1.75 \$1.75

No. 400 \$2.25. No. 401, \$2.10

Saynor's No. 343. Budding. 2 blades. \$2.25.

Saynor's No. 403. Budding. Long-handled. \$2.25

Wostenholm's Pruner only, \$1.

H. & B. Budders, 2 blades. \$1.25.

LABELS, Wooden, Pot and Garden—

Plain Painted 100 1000 100 1000 3½-in...\$0 15 \$0 65 4-in... 15 80 \$0 15 \$1 05

3/2-III DU	10	ΦU	00					
4-in	15		80	\$0	15	\$1	05	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ -in	15		90		20	1	15	
5-in	20	1	00		25	1	25	
6-in	25	1	10		30	1	50	
8-in	50	3	75		55	4	25	
12-in	75	6	00		90	7	50	
24-in 2	50							

LABELS, continued Wooden, Notched Tree-Painted Plain 100 1000 100 1000

3½-in. cop. wire\$0 20 \$1 40 \$0 25 \$1 70 $3\frac{1}{2}$ -in. 10 70 15 no wire ... 6-in. 30 2 60 40 3 00 no wire.



MASTICA GLAZING \$1.45. MACHINE.

MASTICA. For use in the above machine.

Qt. 40c., gal. \$1.40. MOLE TRAPS, Olmsted's Improved. A short trap, suitable for lawns or coldframes. Made from good-quality steel. Practically in-



\$1.50 each. The Reddick. A powerful trap used principally on lawns, easily set. Made of galvanized iron. It will catch moles when they are quite deep in the ground. As the points

of the

pin are con-

stantly

destructible.

in the ground, they cannot injure chickens or domestic animals. \$1 each, \$9.50 per doz.

PENCILS. For writing garden labels.

Black, 5 cts. ea., 50 cts. per doz. Wolf's Indelible. Imported from England. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

PLANT DUSTER, Norton's. \$1.

PLANT STAKES, Round, Painted Green.-100

	DUE.	100
2 feet	§0 40	\$2 50
3 feet	70	4 90
4 feet	1 20	7 50
5 feet		8 75
5 feet, extra heavy	1 75	12 00
6 feet, extra heavy	$2\ 00$	14 00

Heavy, Square, Tapering,

Painted Green.—					
Doz.	100				
2 feet \$0 30	\$2 00				
3 feet 65	475				
4 feet 90	6 50				
5 feet 1 25	8 50				
6 feet 1 50	10 50				
D. Li's D.L.s Dainted Croom					

Dahlia Poles, Painted Green, White Tops.-Doz 100

		100
2 feet	.\$0 55	\$4 00
3 feet	. 75	6 00
4 feet	. 1 10	8 00
5 feet	. 1 30	$10 \ 00$
6 feet	. 1 50	$11 \ 00$

Plant Stakes, Galvanized Wire, for Roses, etc .--

			ĺ					10	
2 feet.	 					80	30	\$2	00
3 feet.	 						40	2	25
4 feet.								2	
5 feet.							60	2	75

Japanese Bamboo. Bundles of 100 only. 6 ft., \$1.25.

PRUNERS, Waters' Long-handled Tree.

E		Ľа	ach	
4 feet\$	0 75	8 feet\$	1	00
4 feet\$ 6 feet	85	10 feet	1	15
12 feet				
Extra Bl	ades			25

PRUNING KNIFE

Automatic, strong, Kansas. durable and a good timesaver. Has compound leverage, which greatly increases the power. \$3 each.

GLAZING, PUTTY FOR Twemlow's Old English. Can be used with machine or bulb. \$2 per gal.; 5- and 10gal. buckets at \$1.75 per gal.



RAFFIA, for tying. Per lb. 30 cts.

RAKES, English or Daisy. 16 teeth, \$3.



18 teeth, \$3.25. 20 teeth, \$3.50. Each

Hay Rake, 3-bow. Wood \$0 50 The "Lawn" King Rake. Wood. Teeth very close. Will not tear sod. 50 26-teeth size.....

60 38-teeth size. Automatic Self-Cleaning Lawn Rake. Backward motion clears the teeth. 75

Steel Garden Rake.-Each Each 10-teeth....\$0 60 | 14-teeth... 12-teeth.... 70 | 16-teeth. 14-teeth. \$0 80 90 1 00 18-teeth.... Wire Lawn Rakes. Will not

scratch the lawn. With 60 handle.... Wooden Lawn Rake. 3-60 bow.....



SAWS.

Little Giant Saw and Pruner The knife is Combined. operated with a cord, and is thrown back automatically with a spring. Without pole. \$2.

"One-Edge" Pruning. Saws, Narrow blade, gets among close branches; upper edge smooth, does not cut the upper limb.





Adjustable-Blade Pruning. Can be adjusted and used at any angle; cuts cleanly and rapidly; light and strong. **\$1.85**.



Lightning Pruning	ble-Edge
	Each
16-in	
18-in	 1 10
20-in	 1 25
Saynor's	

Saw. 18-in....\$1 75



SAUCERS, Flower-Pot, Indurated Wood-Fiber. Light and durable. Not porous; will protect tables on which plants stand.

	Łacn	Doz.
6-in	#U IU	\$1 80
8-in		
10-in	90	3 00
12-in	35	3 50
14-in	40	4 50

SEEDERS, Cahoon. With practically a minimum of labor will sow all kinds of grass and grain seeds. Will throw heavy seeds 20 feet each side of operator. \$3.50 ea.

Little Giant. THE LITTLE GIANT A smooth-SEEDER running, well- made machine, \$1.

SCYTHES .--

English Lawn, Riveted Back. Light and thin, broad blades. 32-in., \$1.50; 36-in., \$1.75; 34-in., 1.60; 38-in., 1.85.

SCYTHE-SNATH, or Handle. Patent Loop Heel. \$1.

SCYTHE STONES .--

Round Dressed Talacre.

Ea	ich
Doz. \$2\$0	20
Norton's Emery	15



SCISSORS,

Grape-Thinning, English.

6-in								\$1	25
7-in					·			1	50
8-in								1	75

SCISSORS, continued English Flowergathering. Will cut and hold the flower. Each ..\$2 00 7-in.... SHEARS.

Pruning. Watch-Spring. Imported \$1.75.

Pruning. Each No. 1, 6½ in ... \$2 00 No. 2, 7½ in ... 2 25 No. 3, 8½ in ... 2 50 No. 4, $9\frac{1}{2}$ in..... 3 25

Perfection

Wiss Solid Steel Pruning. Best

_
h
0
5
5
5

DI: NAI Hedge. Plain Notch 9-in.... 10-in.... 2 50 Ladies'. Nickel-plated,

Pruning. 75 cts. each. English Border. For trimming grass around edges of paths, etc. Blades made of very high-quality steel. Handles 3 feet long.

					Ea	ich
	8-in.				\$2	50
	9-in.				3	00
_	10-in.				3	50
-					4	



"Trowel-Shank." Grass, American, full-polished, ex-Trowel-like cellent steel. handles keep your knuckles out of the dirt. 90 cts. each.



English Lopping. For lopping off limbs and branches of trees, not over 11/4 inches in diameter. Each No. 4. 4 50 Double Cut Tree Trimmer (Swedish) 23-in.....\$2 25 30-in 2 50



SHOVELS-Square Point. -- -Each No. 2. Regulation long or 90 Boy's. D handle.....

Round Point. No. 2. Long or D handle 1 00 Ames No. 2. Long or D handle...... 1 50



SPADES. Square Point No. Regulation long or D Each handle.....\$1 00 Ames No. 2. Long or D handle Boy's Spade. D handle. 90



SCOOP, Vegetable. The best shovel for handling Potatoes, apples, etc. Will not cut; dirt sifts out. Light weight. \$2.

SPRAY PUMPS. See p. 155.





Each Straightneck. 6-oz....\$0 60 10-oz..... Angleneck. 6-oz..... 10-oz..... 1 00 Peck's Improved Lawn Sprink-

May be attached to the hose and placed anywhere on the lawn. Stands 4 feet high and distributes water over an area from 60 to 100

4-arm, \$3.50 each; 8feet. arm, \$3.75 each.

SPRINKLERS, continued The "New" Comet. An ad-An justable revolving Sprin-kler. Will sprinkle from 5 to 30 feet. Easily moved.

The two arms may be set upright or at any angle. Weight, $4\frac{1}{2}$ lbs \$3.50 each.

Water Witch No. 3.

Scatters the water in fine drops and evenly over a circular area of from 25 to 40 feet. 40 cts. each.

Water Witch No. Similar 4. No. 3, but having a stand instead of spike for holding it upright. 90c.



Ring Sprinkler. Has no revolving parts. The simplest Lawn Sprinkler. Made of good-quality brass. 80c. ea.

> Automatic Lawn or Garden Sprinkler. Nickel - plated, on 4-ft. stand. Sharpened iron bottom for sticking into soil, and hose connections complete. \$3.50 each.



runners. Will cover an area 30 feet in diameter. \$1.25 each.

SPRINKLERS, continued

Hotchkiss Lawn Sprinkler No. 65. This combination Sprinkler and fountain is beautiful as well as useful. Brass and nickelwith plated, malleable iron

Will cover an area runners. 40 feet in diameter. \$1.90 each.



Shower Sprinkler. Mounted on holder forsprinkling lawns or can be attached directly to garden hose for washsidewalks. ing etc. Cannot clog or get out of or-

der; will not Standard ¾-in. hose tion. 10 in. high. rust. connection. Holder and nozzle complete. \$2.25.

SYRINGES. See pages 154, 155.



TROWELS, Solid Steel. Cheapest trowel in the long run; light, strong, durable and perfect "hang," handle cannot come off. Each 5-in. blade......\$0 45 6-in. blade..... 50 60



Transplanting. A perfect trowel for transplanting and putting in bulbs; solid steel. 6-in. 15 cts.; 7-in., 20 cts.



THERMOMETERS.-Oxidized Metal Scale, Polished Back. A thermometer for house use, durable and well made. Tube magnifies and is easy to read.

		Ea	ach
8-in		\$0	75
10-in		1	00
12-in		1	25

THERMOMETERS, continued



Self-Registering, Polished Back. For indoor use; will register extremes of heat and cold; made of hard wood. A magnet is used to draw back the indicating points.

Each 10-in....\$2 00 12-in.... 2 50



Self-Registering, Japanned Case. The same as preceding with tin case for outside use. Enameled case and porcelain

scare.							_	Jacii
8-in							.\$2	75
10-in							. 3	3 25
12-in							. 3	3 75



Japanned Tin Case. A cheap thermometer for greenhouse use; all metal. 10-in., 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Mercury Bath, or Hotbed. New. Quick-acting; all of metal. Cannot rust or break.

Hotbed and Mushroom Bed. Brass-tipped point incloses the temperature bulb; it is simply thrust into the soil or bed. Best grade (made of boxwood), \$1.75.

Standard Grade (made of soft wood), \$1.25.

TOMATO SUPPORTS. Made of heavy wire, galvanized. 25c. each, \$2.25 per doz.



36 in. Wood. high, 16 in. wide. Solidly made of clear, straight wood. Can be taken apart and stored when not in use. Will last for years. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

TORCH, Asbestos. Very useful and simple. The only sure way to get rid of caterpillar nests on trees. Large size, 40 cts. each.

TREE BRUSH, Small Size. Fine wire bris-





Tree Brush, Wire. For older trees; can be used with long handle. Complete, \$2.

TREE SCRAPER. For scraping diseased bark from trees, removing insect eggs, etc. 50 cts. each.

TREE-TUBS, New York Style. Made of cedar timber, painted green.



No.	Diam.	Height	Each
1.		105% in	
$\overline{2}$.		123/4 in.	
3.		1434 in.	
$3\frac{1}{2}$		$\dots 15 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}}$ in.	
4.		$\dots 16 \frac{5}{8}$ in.	
5.	$22\frac{1}{2}$ in	$\dots 18 \frac{1}{2}$ in.	. 3 70

TWINE, Green Smilax. In 2-oz. balls, 75 cts. per lb.
Florists' Linen (Silkaline)—
Green or Gray. In 2-oz. reels, \$2.00 per lb.

> VASES, Flower. Indurated wood fiber; for cut flowers. Diam. Depth No. In. In. Each Doz. 3..4 6..\$0 60 \$6 00 $\frac{3..4}{2..4}$ 9.. 65 7 00 $1..5\frac{1}{2}$ 10... 758 00 0..813.. 85 9 00

For receptacles for holding above, see Saucers, p. 152.

WATERING POT, French Model. Long spout, with brass joints, fitted with, Model. coarse and fine nozzles. Made of heavy galvanized iron reinforced with steel rim.

Each	
6-qt\$2 50	
8-qt 2 75	RECHECK CORNECTED AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON
10-qt 3 00	
12-qt 3 25	Salpanes manager

WATERING POT, The "Phila-delphia." With brass joints and two copperfaced roses. Each 6-qt.....\$2 25 8-qt..... 2 50 10-qt..... 2 75 12-qt..... 3 00

WHEELBARROW, Thorburn's Garden. None better made. Iron braced and bolted. Finished in natural wood, red or green. Steel wheel, if desired, 50 cts. extra. Each

 No. 2, Small
 \$3 50

 No. 4, Medium
 4 50

 No. 5, Large
 5 50



Excelsior Finger. Useful for loosening and pulverizing the soil. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Lang's Hand. A strap over the finger keeps the tool in the hand while operator's fingers are left free. 20 cts. each, \$2.25 per doz.

Eureka Hand. The prongs of solid forged steel are thin and long; fine for loosening soil. Short handle. 40 cts. each, \$4.25 per doz. /



Magic. Combined Weeder and hoe. Fingers of tempered steel. hoe is useful in loosening hard ground. 40 cts. each, \$4.25 per doz.

Norcross Adjustable Cultivator. Made of first-class ma-A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR terial, teeth forged from solid steel. Can be entirely taken piece being apart, apart, every piece being detachable. Works between

Flower-Pots

85 cts. each.

the rows, or center tooth can

be removed to straddle row.



Best make. sizes 2 to 3 in. we do not sell less than 100; of larger sizes not less than a dozen. We pack carefully in the best manner, but will not be responsible for breakage in transit.

Size,	L	oz.				
2 in			\$0	90	\$7	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ in			1	25	10	00
3 in			1	50	13	00
4 in	\$0	40	2	40	20	00
5 in		60	4	00	36	00
6 in		80	6	00	54	00
7 in	1	50	10	00		
8 in		00				
9 in	3	00	20	00		
10 in	3	75	27	00		
11 in	5	25	40	00		
12 in	7	00	55	00		
BULB PANS.					D	oz.

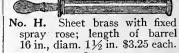
12 in 7 00 55 00	
BULB PANS. D	oz.
6 in\$0	80
8 in 2	00
10 in 3	75
12 in 7	00
All prices subject to change	

Syringes

No. A. One spray rose and one jet. Length of barrel 12 in., diam. 1 in. \$2.75 each.



No. G. One spray rose and one stream jet, side attachment and elbow-joint for sprinkling under foliage. Length of barrel 16 in., diam. 1½ in. \$5.25 each.





No. 2. One coarse and one fine spray rose, and one jet, side attachment. \$4.75 each.

SYRINGES, continued



No. 3. Large size. Has one stream and two spray roses, with side pieces on barrel. Length of barrel, 18 in., diam. 1½ in. \$7 each.

No. 4. Large size. Has jet and three rose sprays, two of which are kept in the handle. Length of barrel, 18 in., diam. 1½ in. \$7.50 each.

No. 6. Large size. Has one spray rose and goose-

neck
angle
joint,
turning in all directions for washing the
under surface of the leaves of plants and
flowers, cleansing them from insects, etc. Length

of barrel, 18 in., diam. 11/2 in. \$8.50 each.

Spray Pump, Bucket

Being made of brass, it is not affected by the arsenites used for spraying. Easily operated; throws a solid stream 50 feet. It is provided with a combination nozzle, and also with a sprinkler for flowers. For spraying large trees, an 8-foot pipe extension is supplied for 60 cts. extra. This pump is also valuable for washing windows. \$4.



Operates on the compressed air principle and throws a continuous spray. Interchangeable brass nozzle—one to throw the spray straight ahead, and one to spray up or down. Capacity, one quart.

"Pomona" Spray Pump

Of large capacity and exceptionally powerful. It is easily operated by one person when necessary, but is especially built for spraying with two leads of hose. The airchamber is rather large, and enough air is stored up for a continuous spray for some time. Plunger, valves and all working parts are made of very

"POMONA" SPRAY PUMP, continued

good quality brass. It can be quickly inserted or removed from the barrel. Its paddle agitator is far superior to the old return-discharge method of stirring. Adjustable to different-sized barrels. Pump only with agitator, \$16.50.

Outfit C. Pump, agitator, 15 feet of discharge hose and spray nozzle, \$20.00; fitted to barrel, \$23.50

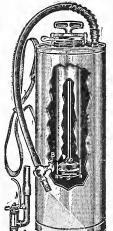
Outfit D. Pump, agitator, two leads of discharge hose and two spray nozzles, \$23.00; fitted to barrel, \$26.50.

"Fruitall" Spray Pump

Same as Pomona, but smaller. Pump with agitator and one lead of 15 feet of ½-in. discharge hose, with spray nozzle, \$13.75; fitted to barrel, \$18.25.

Vaporizing Spray Pump, Hand

A very useful sprayer for a small garden. Simple and effective; no valves to get out of order. Made of tin or brass.



"Auto-Spray" Spray Pump

A self-operating Sprayer of simple construction, durable, easy to carry and to work. Made of galvanized iron or solid brass, with 4-ply rubber hose. For spraying trees, cleaning windows, etc. A perfect pump.

With brass tank and stop-cock nozzle, hose and fittings, \$8.

With galvanized iron tank and stop-cock nozzle, hose and fittings, \$5.

Either kind of tank fitted with Auto-Pop nozzle, in-

stead of stop-cock nozzle, 50 cts. extra.
Brass extension pipes, 2 feet long, 60 cts.
Auto-Pop nozzle, if sold alone, \$1.50.

Knapsack Spray Pump FOR VINEYARD, ORCHARD AND FIELD SERVICE

Made entirely of brass and copper, with ball valves and metal plunger all easily accessible. The

discharge is at the bottom, and the pump can be entirely drained of the liquid. It should be carried on the back with the straps crossed in front. The reservoir is made of heavy copper and will hold about five gallons. Complete with $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet of $\frac{3}{6}$ -inch discharge hose, Vermorel nozzle and lance for degorger, \$18.





Water-Barrel, Truck and Barrel

CAN BE MADE INTO SPRINKLER, LEAF-RACK AND HAND-CART

The barrel is easily disconnected from the truck, either while full or empty. The following extra attachments can be furnished if required: (1) Box with trunnions and spring

catch, forming a dumping hand-cart. (2) Sprinkler for watering walks and lawns. (3) Leaf-rack.



Used	as	a	Leaf	-R	ack



Truck and barrel, wooden wheels, 3-in. tires. \$12 75
Truck and barrel, steel wheels, 3-in. tires. 16 00
Sprinkler attachment, extra 5 00
Hand-cart box, extra 4 50
Leaf-rack, extra 6 50
Extra trunnions, per pair. 50
Truck and trunnions, wooden wheels, without barrel 9 75
Truck and trunnions, steel wheels, without barrel 12 75

The "Velvetlawn" Grass Seeder

18 inches wide

The use of a machine in the seeding of new lawns or grass plots, the re-seeding of old lawns, the drilling of grass seeds into putting-greens, and the renewing of grass plots every month or so has proved a decided success wherever it has been tried. The machine to do this work is the "Velvetlawn" Grass Seeder.

Price \$20 net cash.

The Thorburn Century Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower

Thorburn's Century Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower is a marvel of simplicity, as one screw adjusts both bearings. It has a simple, self-adjusting device, which keeps the bearing properly adjusted for a long time, and a double interchangeable ratchet. By shifting handle bails from the front to the rear lugs on the side frame, the Mower can be made to cut terraces and steep banks.

While cheaper mowers are sold all over, they will be found far dearer in the end. It pays to get a good mower.

NET PRICES	Eac	ch
14-in. cut	\$10 8	50
16-in. cut	11 8	50
18-in. cut	12 5	50
20-in. cut	13 5	50



Lawn Trimmer

Chain Roller or Golf Mower

This mower is made to meet the demand for a machine that will more perfectly cut borders, verges, etc., and yet retain all the other features necessary in a mower for general work. Its great advantage is the substitution of a bicycle chain for the gears generally used in this style of mower. This reduces

the friction to a minimum. The machine with six blades is highly recommended for work on putting-greens.

Net Prices

4 blades 6 blades

The Best for Putting-Greens

Net Prices	$4 \ \mathrm{blades} \ 6 \ \mathrm{blades}$
12-in. cut	\$13 00 \$14 00
14-in. cut	14 00 15 00
16-in. cut	
18-in. cut	17 00 18 00

Grass-Catcher

14-in\$1 85	18-inch\$2 15
16-in	20-inch

Improved Horse Lawn Mower

This well-known standard mower has side draft attachment, to enable the horse to walk on the cut grass only, and caster-rollers which will not mark the lawn. Eveness of cut is assured by an adjustment which raises or lowers the two sides at the same time by means of a simple lever movement; the same lever serves the purpose of raising the knives from the ground when driving over gravel walks or roads.

NET PRICES, free on board, New York

0.5	1			Eac	h
25-in. cut,	no shafts,	4 blades	 	. \$53	00
30-in. cut,	complete.				
35-in. cut,		4.			
		4.			
40-in. cut,	complete,	••	 	. 128	00



Coldwell's Combination Roller and Motor Lawn Mower

This machine cuts a swath 40 inches wide, is equipped with a two-horse-power motor capable of propelling the mower through almost any height of lawn grass, and up grades as steep as 25 per cent. Price \$475.

Horse Boots

Prevent Cutting up the Turf

Made of very strong, heavy leather, closely riveted. Price per set of four, \$12.00

Water-Ballast Roller

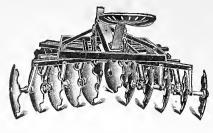
Roller-Bearing. Can Be Filled without Turning on End, with Either Water or Sand (Patented)

Suitable for Lawns, Tennis-Courts and Putting-Greens, Seams are Electric-welded, not Riveted

One- or two-section "Water Weight" Rollers without counter-balancing handle-weights.

Weight Weight Weight

	Diam.	Length	Sec-	empty	filled with	filled with sand, 50% heavier	
No.	in.	in.	tions	lbs.	water, lbs	sand, 50 % heavier	Price
WB3	14	20	1	60	175		\$11 00
WB5	18	24	1	85	300	64	13 00
WB7	24	24	1	110	500	"	17 00
WB11	18	24	2	100	300	44	
		32	2	150	600	"	24 00
		If handle	-weight is	desired add	\$1.50 to abo	ve prices.	



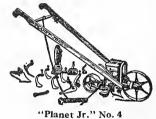
Clark's A5 Double-Action Cutaway Harrow

This Harrow will cut and reduce the toughest sod to plant-food without the aid of a plow. It will cut from 28 to 30 acres or will double-cut 15 acres in a day. It can be set so as to move the earth but little, or at so great an angle as to move all the earth one foot. It keeps the surface true and the machine runs true in line of draft. Price, \$45 net, f. o. b. factory (Conn.).

Cutaway Grading or Smoothing and Leveling Harrow

With this tool any field can be made smooth and the soil pulverized fine enough for a flower-bed. Will smooth an acre in twenty minutes. It is adjustable with a lever, by which the entire action is controlled by the driver, and he can remove at will all the earth possible for the team to haul, taking it from hills or uneven places and putting it into hollows, to level up field. No. 6, for one horse (6 feet wide), \$19.50. No. 8, for two horses (8 feet wide), \$22, f. o. b. factory (Conn.).





2 6-inch Hoes

2 6-inch Hoss

3 Cultivator Teeth

"Planet Jr." Farm and Garden Tools

Illustrated catalogue describing fully many other "Planet Jr." tools mailed on application. Prices are quoted net F. O. B. New York.



"Planet Jr." No. 16

"Planet Jr." No. 16 Single-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow

This Single-Wheel hoe has a very full set of tools, several of them being of new design, such as have been found to work in the very best manner. It has 11-inch wheel, with broad face; is very light, strong and easy running. It has adjustable handles and quick-change frame.

EQUIPMENT

1 7-inch Rake 1 4-inch Rake 1 Large Garden Plow 1 Leaf Guard

1 Leaf Lifter

Weight, 27 lbs. Price, \$7.25

"Planet Jr." No. 17 Single-Wheel Hoe

3 Steel Cultivator Teeth

2 0-inch moes	on the		. Lear Litter	
weight,	22 lbs.	Price, \$6.25		D 1
	. 5.40			Each
"Planet Jr." No. 3. Hill and Drill Se				
"Planet Jr." No. 4. Seeder, Wheel Ho	oe, Cultivator	and Plow.	Complete	13 25
As a seeder only				10 75
"Planet Jr." No. 8. Horse Hoe and (Cultivator			11 50
"Planet Jr." No. 11. Double-Wheel H				
small crops				
"Planet Jr." No. 12. Double-Wheel H	loe Cultivator	and Plow. I	dentical with No. 11 eyes	nt II oo
fewer attachments				
"Planet Jr." No. 13. Double-Wheel H				
44Dland In 22 No. 10 Charles III	Danie as I	11 Haza - 1	e omy	4 50
"Planet Jr." No. 18. Single-Wheel Ho	be. Equipped v	vith noes only	V	4 50
"Planet Jr." No. 25. Combined Hill				
and Plow. Large enough for fie				
"Planet Jr." Twelve-Tooth Harrow, C	ultivator and I	Pulverizer.	Complete	11 50
With Lever Wheel only				9 50
Without Wheel or Pulverizer				7 75
"Planet Jr." No. 31. Combined Drill	Seeder and Sin	gle Wheel Ho	c. Complete	8 50
"Planet Jr." No. 33. Single Wheel He	e (without seed	ler).	Complete viviania	3 75
	• (wremout beed	,		
-				
Stevens Hand Fertilizer Sower				10 00
Champion Root Cutter No. 1				

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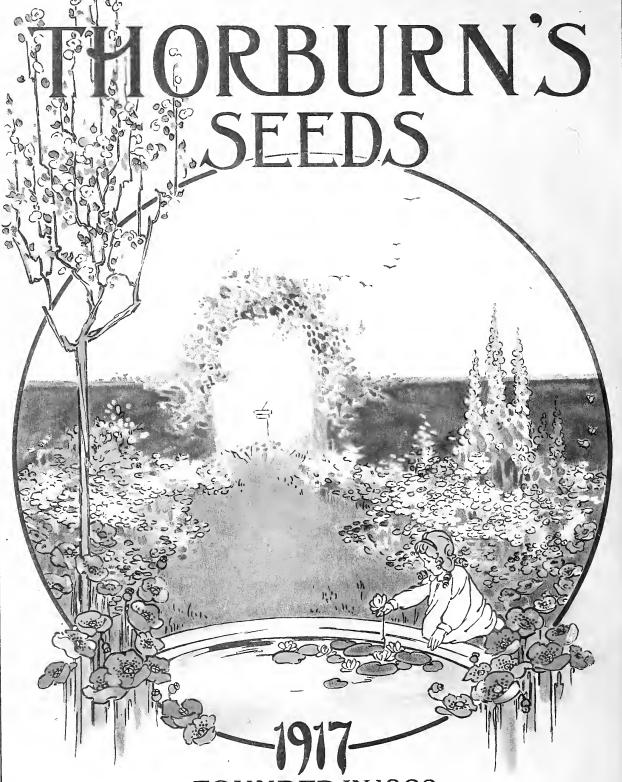
Thorburn's List of Vegetable Seeds

That May Be Sown in Each Month from February to September in the Climate of New York

SEPTEMBER	Z Ü	coldframes Corn Salad Cress Siberian Kale Lettuce	Mustard Winter Radish Spinach Turnip Sweet Peas		THORBURN'S Improved	Big Boston LETTUCE
AUGUST	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Bush Corn Salad Cucumber	Endive Lettuce Welsh Onion Early Peas Radish	Spinach Turnip	THORBURN'S	Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt	CAULIFLOWER
JULY	IN OPEN GROUND Beans Beets Carrot	Sweet Corn Corn Salad Cress Cucumber Endive	Cherkin Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Nasturtium	Okra Early Peas Pumpkin Radish	Squash White Turnip Rutabaga	THORBURN'S CAULIFLOWER Noroton Beauty Potato
JUNE	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Lima and all other sorts Reets	Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower	Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Endive Kale	Kohlrabi Lettuce Melon Nasturtium	Okra Early Peas Potatoes Pumpkin	
MAY	IN OPEN GROUND Artichoke Asparagus Beans, Bush and	Running Beets Brussels Sprouts Carrot Cauliflower	Celery Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Kohlrabi	Leek Lettuce Melon Onion	Farsley Parsnip Peas Potatoes	Adulsii Salsify Spinach Early Turnip All Herbs
APRIL	SOW IN HOTBED Cucumber Eggplant Melon	Pepper Tomato IN OPEN GROUND Asparagus	English Beans Beets Brussels Sprouts Early Cabbage Carrot	Cauliflower Celery Cress Kohlrabi	Lettuce Onion Parsley Parsnip	reas Radish Spinach Early Turnip
MARCH	SOW IN HOTBED Early Beans Early Beets Brussels Sprouts	Early Cabbage Forcing Carrot Cauliflower Celery Eggplant	Aonicadi Lettuce Parsley Pepper Radish	I omato IN OPEN GROUND Beans, B. Wind-	Beets Carrot Leek Onion	Potatoes Radish Spinach Early Turnip
FEBRUARY	SOW IN HOTBED Early Beans Broccoli Early Cabbage	Forcing Carrot Early Celery Cucumber Egghant Early Lettuce	Farstey Pepper Radish Tomato	THORBURN'S		Green Pod BEANS

M. THORBURN & CO., SEEDSMEN, NEW YORK

53 BARCLAY STREET THROUGH TO 54 PARK PLACE



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